St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXXI. | ST. LOUIS, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1882. | NO. 90.

AN EARLY FALL CATCH!

OF

SUPERB BARGAINS

Bought in Large Job Lots at both Private and Auction Sales by

D. CRAWFORD & CO

THE PIONEERS AND ONLY EXPONENTS OF

Low Prices for Dry Goods in the West!

Who have during the past few days opened up the Most Wonderful Bargains in

SILKS, VELVETS, PLUSHES, SATINS, DRESS GOODS, RIBBONS, HOSIERY, PRINTS,

FLANNELS, LINENS, SHOES, etc., etc., which it has ever been their good fortune to show in this city!

Note a Few Only of the Offerings for This Week!

NEW FALL DRESS GOODS.

All Below Mill Prices or Cost of Importation.

75 pcs brown and gray Mohair Melange, with borders all-wool fillings, 10c, worth 20c.
100 pcs Brocades, in new fall shades, 15c, worth 20c.
... pcs Brocades, in all the new fall shades, with plain material to match, 20c, worth 35c
... pcs Illuminated serge Brocades, with plain material to match, 25c, well worth 35c.
... pcs Pin Checks all-wool fillings, 15c, worth 25c.
100 pcs double warp English serge, in all colors, 25c, worth 30c
... pcs Illuminated Flannel Suitings, 25c, well worth ...
... pcs Camels' Hair Linen Checks, 35c, worth 50c
... pcs double-width English Cashmeres, in fall shades, 22½c, worth 35c.
... pcs ... Armure, 30c, worth 50c.
... pcs 36-inch Foule, in Cadet Blues, 50c, worth $1.
... pcs Billiard Cloth, suitable for Pelisse and Redingote, 75c, worth $1 25.
... pcs Scotch Tweeds suitable for walking suits, warranted all-wool, 75c, worth $1 25.
... pcs 40 inch French Tricot Suitings, 50c, worth $1.
... pcs 44-inch all-wool subdued Pin Checks, in all shades, warranted all-wool, 90c, worth $1 25.
... embroidered Dress Patterns worked on the finest French Cashmere, $25 50, worth $30
... French Novelties, suitable for combination suits, ranging in price from 75c to $4 per yard.
Ladies who wish exclusive styles should inspect ... as many of the goods exhibited can not be duplicated.

DIRECT IMPORTATION OF BLACK GOODS.

All Now Offered at Prices Much Below Prices Asked by Jobbers.

NOTE THE PRICES:

10 pcs Black Brocades, 15c, worth 20c.
... pcs 36-inch Black English Cashmere, 22½c, worth ...
... pcs 36 inch Black English Cashmere, double warp, 35c, worth 50c
... pcs ...-inch double warp Black English Cashmere, ..., worth 50c.
... pcs Black French Chuddah warranted all-wool, ..., worth 75c.
... pcs all-wool Black Ottoman Cloth, 50c, worth 75c
... pcs double-width all-wool Black Crepe Cloth, extra heavy, 35c, worth 50c.
... pcs Black Polka Dot Camels' Hair Cloth, 48 inches wide, $1, worth $1 50.
... pcs all-wool Black Ottoman Cloth, 75c, worth $1.
... pcs all-wool Black Tamise Cloth, 75c, worth $1.
... pcs 44-inch all-wool Black Serge Imperial, 50c, worth 75c.
... pcs 45-inch Black Drap Egyptian, pure silk and wool, $1 25, worth $2
... pcs 45-inch Black Drap d'Alma, pure silk and wool, $1 25, worth $1 75.
... pcs 45-inch double warp Black Drap d'Ete, pure silk and wool, $1 50, worth $2 25.
... pcs 44-inch Lupin's all-wool double warp Black French Cashmere, 50c, worth 75c
... pcs 44-inch Lupin's all wool double warp Black French Cashmere, 65c, worth 85c.
... pcs 44-inch Lupin's all-wool double warp Black French Cashmere, 75c, worth $1.
... pcs 44 inch Lupin's all-wool double warp Black French Cashmere, 85c, worth $1 15
... pcs 48 inch Lupin's all-wool double warp Black French Cashmere, $1, worth $1 50.

The Only House in the City at which

TO BUY SILKS

In Order to Get Your Money Back. Largest Stock to Choose From. Only a Bare Commission Charged as the Profit on Silks. Below All Competition!!

7 pieces Black Gros-grain Trimming Silk at 63c; worth 80c.
8 pieces Black Gros-grain Trimming Silk at 67½c; worth 82½c.
5 pieces Black Gros-grain Trimming Silk at 70c; worth 85c.
6 pieces Black Gros-grain Trimming Silk at 75c; worth 90c.
10 pieces heavy Black Gros-grain Silk at 90c; worth $1 10.
25 pieces 22 inch Black Gros-grain Dress Silk—ask for D. C. & Co.'s Black Bonanza at $1; would be a bargain at $1 25. Nothing to equal it in any market.
9 pieces Black Gros-grain Silk at $1 15; extra heavy, and worth $1 25.
8 pieces extra heavy Black Gros-grain Silk at $1 25; worth $1 40. This silk makes up a beautiful dress for little money
... pieces rich Black Gros-grain Silk at $1 40; would be a bargain at $1 65.
... pieces Bellon's rich and very pure Black Gros grain Silk at $1 75, $1 90, $2 25, $2 75, $3, worth $2, $2 25, $2 50, $3, $3 50. This silk drapes beautifully, and makes up a gorgeous dress.
The 25-inch Black Cashmire Gros Grain Silk, Veni, Vidi, Vici, used for cloaking, is a beauty at $4 50.
Ladies in quest of Black Cloaking Silks ought to see D. C. & Co.'s 60-inch Black Rhadamas at $5 per yard; richly worth $6 50; requires only two yards to make the garments.
The 60-inch Black Silk Ottoman, for Cloaking, at $6, is the latest and most desirable silk, used for the Cloaks, and requires only two yards to make the garment.
The rich Lyons Black Brocades, for Cloaking, are great beauties, at $3 50 and $5 75. These silks would be cheap at $5 and $8 per yard. No such values have ever been shown.
950 lengths of Black Gros Grain Silks from the first manufacturers such as Bonnet, Guinet, Bellon, etc., etc. This lot includes all Silk Surahs, Rhadamas, Satin de Lyons, etc., etc.; lengths from 5 yards to 22 yards, and will be closed at 50 cents on the dollar.
Now is the time to pick your

PLUMS!!

Black Corded Ottomans, heavy, for Cloaking, at $1, $1 65, $1 75.

THE BLACK SATIN STOCK

Is Now Replete in Trimming and Skirting Goods

8 pcs 18-in. Black Trimming Satin at 65c; worth 80c.
... pcs 18 in. Black Trimming Satin at 75c; worth 90c.
... pcs 18-in. Black Trimming Satin at 85c; worth $1.
... pcs 18-in Black Trimming Satin at $1; worth $1 16
... pcs 19 in. Black Trimming Satin at $1 10; worth $1 25.
... pcs 22-in. Black Trimmign Satin at $1 25; worth $1 50
... pcs 22-inch Heavy Skirting Satin at $1 35; would be cheap at $1 60.

10 pcs 22-in. Rich Black Skirting Satin at $1 75; would be rare value at $2
38 pcs All-Silk Surah at $1 25; would be cheap at $1 50. Colors run garnet, bronze, seal, wine, sapphire, navy, new green, myrtle, terra-cotta, etc., etc., etc. This is a beautiful silk, and is entirely free from leading
23 pcs 22 in. Lyons Ottoman Silk at $2 50; would be a great bargain at $2 85 per yard. Colors run new green, new brown, navy brown, dahlia, garnet, etc., etc.
19 pcs Lyons Rhadames at $2; same goods sold elsewhere at $2 25. Colors run garnet, bronze, navy, new green, brown, etc., etc.
55 pcs Colored Trimming Silks at 85c; would be good value at 95c. Colors run navy, garnet, brown, wine, prune, royal blue, etc., etc.
47 pcs 22 in. Colored Gros Grain at $1 35; worth $1 50. This is a very fine, clear silk, which will wear well. They are selling fast. Colors run in garnet, navy, seal, wine, prune, bronze, etc., etc.

D. C. & Co.'s

STANDARD LINE OF SATINS

Is Replete in All Colors.

385 pcs included in three prices, 85c, $1 and $1 25; all beautiful Satins. Colors run pink, cream, sky, cherry, mauve, royal blue, gendarme, navy, seal, bronze, garnet, wine, cadet, etc., etc., etc. D. C. & Co. are showing a beautiful line of Colored Brocaded Moire Satins at $1. This is a novelty and would be a bargain at $1 35. Colors run in navy, garnet, seal, myrtle, sapphire, sky, white, etc., etc. Every lady ought to see this article.

Plushes and Velvets for the Million.

30 pcs Colored Silk Plushes at $1 25; rare value and worth $1 50; colors run garnet, wine, prune, navy, myrtle, seal, sapphire, bronze, etc., etc.
27 pcs colored Silk Plushes at $2; all rare value; colors run garnet, navy, wine, prune, seal, pink, sapphire, cadet, etc., etc
22 pcs colored Silk Plushes at $3; worth $3 50; colors run garnet, wine, prune, navy, green, myrtle, seal, etc., etc
A thousand and one Novelties, too numerous to mention, are to be found on the counters of the ever Popular and Progressive House of D. C. & Co.

LADIES' SUITS!

New Arrivals!

Magnificent Values! Choice Assortments!

All Bought for Prompt Cash!

Ahead of All Competition!

50 colored Cashmere Suits, neatly made plain or satin trimmings, from $6 50 to $10; worth from $9 to $13 50
75 colored Shudah Cloth Suits, latest styles, from $12 50 to $20; worth from $15 to $30.
65 colored Cloth and Flannel Suits from $10 to $25; worth from $15 to $30
75 black Cashmere Shudah and Serge Suits from $3 50 to $25 worth from $12 to $35.
35 colored Silk Suits $17 50; worth $25.
50 handsome colored Surah Satin and Silk Suits in combinations of Plush Velvet, Satin or Brocade from $30 to $50; worth from $37 50 to $65.
65 plain black Silk Suits from $17 50 to $30; worth from $22 50 to $45.
25 handsome black Surah Rhadame Satin and Gros-grain Silk Suits from $45 to $100; worth from $55 to $150.

Fall Wraps and Jackets!

150 Fall English Walking Jackets $5; worth $7 50.
125 Fall Ulsterettes, from $3 50 to $15; worth from $10 to $20.
200 Colored and Black Ulsters, Jackets Dolmans and Paletots from $7 50 to $20; worth from $10 to $30
50 Silk Surah, Rhadames and Satin Wraps, elegantly trimmed with Passementerie and Lace, from $15 to $35; worth from $20 to $50.
25 Imported Surah Satin and Rhadame Garments, latest styles, from $25 to $75; worth from $35 to $100.

Direct Importation Purchases in

LINEN GOODS,

All at Retail,

Far Below Jobbers' Prices.

3 cases Turkey Red Table Damask at 55c; worth 70c.
75 pcs Turkey Red Table Damask at 65c; worth 80c
50 pcs extra wide Turkey Red Table Damask at 75c; worth 90c
25 pcs 62-inch bleached Table Damask at 45c; worth 60c
35 pcs 64-inch bleached Table Damask at 55c; worth 75c.
30 pcs 64-inch bleached Table Damask at 65c; worth 90c.
20 pcs 64-inch Barnsley Double Damask at 75c; worth $1
300 dozen Loom Damask Towels at 12½c; worth 17½c.
175 doz Checked Gloss Towels at 8½c; worth 12½c.
200 doz Loom Huck Towels at 17½c each; worth 22½c
250 doz Loom Damask Towels at 20c; worth 30c.
500 doz extra size Loom Damask Towels at 25c; worth 35c.
300 doz red bordered Loom Damask Napkins at $1 25 per dozen; worth $1 75
100 doz White Napkins at 75c; worth $1.
4 cases 11-4 white Toilet Quilts at 95c; worth $1 15.
3 cases 11-4 white Crochet Quilts at $1 10; worth $1 35.
3 cases 11-4 white Crochet Quilts at $1 25; worth $1 50.
1,000 Window Shades, with fixtures complete, at 50c; worth 75c.
2,500 Window Shades, assorted styles, with fixtures complete, at 65c; worth 90c.
3 cases 11-4 colored Crochet Quilts, extra heavy, at $1 25; worth $1 75.
1,000 yds checked Linen Gloss Toweling at 8½c; worth 12½c.
75 doz 25x54 inch striped Turkish Bath Towels at 40c; worth 65c
2 doz 6-4 Embroidered Table Covers at $1 75; worth $2 25.
16 doz 6-4 Embroidered and Scalloped Table Covers at $2; worth $2 75.
100 doz Cream Doylies (cut and combed) at 70c per doz; worth $1 15.
1,000 yds French Cretonne, 31-inch wide, at 20c; worth 35c.
2 cases 11-4 white Marseilles Quilts, fine and heavy, at $2 25; worth $3.
4 cases 11-4 extra heavy white Marseilles Quilts at $3; worth $3 75.

New Fall Arrivals in

BOYS' READY-MADE SUITS!

All Much Below Prices at Regular Clothing Stores. Second Floor, take Elevators or Stairways.

75 Boys' Cassimere Pant Suits, from 5 to 12 years, $3 50; worth $5 50.
50 Boys' Cassimere Pant Suits, from 5 to 12 years, $4; worth $5.
65 Boys' Heavy Cloth Pant Suits, from 5 to 12 years, $5; worth $7 50
85 Boys' Tweed Pant Suits, from 5 to 12 years, $6; worth $9.
75 Boys' Imported Cloth Pant Suits, from 5 to 12 years, $7 50; worth $10.
50 Boys' Cassimere Suits, from 9 to 14 years, $5; worth $7 50.
95 Boys' Cassimere Suits from 9 to 14 years, $6 50; worth $9 50.
75 Boys' Heavy Cloth Suits, from 9 to 14 years, $7 50; worth $10.
55 Boys' extra heavy All-Wool Cloth Suits, from 9 to 14 years, $8 50; worth $12.
50 Boys' extra heavy Cassimere Suits, from 9 to 14 years $10; worth $12 50.
75 Boys' Kilt Suits, from 2 to 5 years, $3; worth $4 50.
50 Boys' Kilt Suits, from 2½ to 5 years, $4; worth $6.
65 Boys' Kilt Suits, from 2½ to 5 years, $5; worth $7.
50 Boys' Navy Blue Cloth Suits, from 2½ to 5 years, $6; worth $9.
75 Boys' extra fine Navy Blue Cloth Suits, from 2½ to 5 years, $7 50; worth $10.
55 Boys' extra fine Cassimere Kilt Suits, from 2½ to 5 years, $8 50; worth $12.
50 Boys' extra heavy Cloth Kilt Suits, from 2½ to 5 years, $9 50; worth $12 50.
500 Boys' Gossamer Coats, all sizes, $2; well worth $2 75.

PRINTS, SATTEENS, GINGHAMS, FOULARDS, ETC.

The Print Department is now replete with all the latest novelties in Satteens, Foulards, Momie Cloths and Dress Ginghams, forming by far the largest and handsomest line of such goods ever shown in this city. D. C. & Co., would call special attention to their beautiful and extensive line of Flowered Satteens and Foulards, which for style and variety surpass anything of the kind ever exhibited in this market.

NOTE THE FOLLOWING PRICES.

450 pcs good desirable Calico, in dark colors, at 4c; sold elsewhere at 6¼c.
242 pcs dark dress Calico, good styles and fast colors, at 5c a yard; sold elsewhere at 7½c.
553 pcs Shirting Calico, new and desirable patterns, at 5c a yard; sold all over town at 7½c.
475 pcs Manchester Calico, good dress styles, at 6½c a yard; regular price 8½c.
385 pcs Oil Calico at 6½c a yard; regular price 10c.
623 pcs Standard Calico at 7½; regular price 8½c.
500 pcs Shirting percale at 5c a yard; regular price 10c.
450 remnants, full yard wide Indigo Blue Calico, at 10c a yard; regular price 15c.
438 pcs dark Dress Ginghams at 7½c a yard; worth 12½c.
540 pcs Domestic Gingham, small checks, at 6½c a yard; sold elsewhere at 8½c a yard.
342 pcs Shirting Cheviot at 7½c a yard; sold elsewhere at 10c.
278 pcs Shirting Cheviot at 10c a yard; sold elsewhere at 12½c.

ANOTHER CAR-LOAD OF DOMESTICS

Cheaper Than the Last!

2 cases 10-4 fine Unbleached Sheeting, 18½c; sold elsewhere 22½c.
3 cases 10-4 fine and heavy Unbleached Sheeting, 20c; sold elsewhere 25c.
5 cases 10-4 extra fine Unbleached Sheeting, 25c; sold elsewhere 30c.
3 cases 10-4 Bleached Sheeting, 20c; sold elsewhere 25c.
2 cases 10-4 heavy Bleached Sheeting, 22½c; sold elsewhere 27½c.
3 cases 10-4 extra Bleached Sheeting, 30c; sold elsewhere 35c.
3 cases 4-4 fine soft-finished Bleached Muslin, 7½c; sold elsewhere 9c.
5 cases 4-4 heavy soft-finished Bleached Muslin, 8½c; sold elsewhere 10c.
5 bales 4-4 fine Unbleached Muslin, 6½c; sold elsewhere 7½c.
5 bales 4-4 extra fine Unbleached Muslin, 7½c; sold elsewhere 9c.
5 bales 4-4 extra fine and heavy Unbleached Muslin, 8½c; sold elsewhere 10
5 cases short lengths of Pepperell 9-4 Unbleached Sheetings, 5 to 15 yards in each piece, at 20c; worth 27½c.
5 cases short lengths of Pepperell 8-4 Unbleached Sheetings, 5 to 15 yards in each piece, at 17½c; worth 22½c.
3 bales 7-8 fine Unbleached Muslin, short lengths, 5 to 20 yards in each piece, at 4c; worth 6½c.
3 cases 4-4 fine bleached Muslin, short lengths, 2 to 6 yards in each piece, at 7½c and 8½c; worth 10 and 11c.
2 cases 4-4 extra fine Cambric Muslin, short lengths, 2 to 5 yards, at 10c; worth 13½c.

SHOE DEPARTMENT.

ALL NEW GOODS!

Prices Away Below All Competition! The Finest Shoe Stock in the City!

Infants' Kid and Goat Button Boots, 50c, 75c, $1 and $1 25
Misses' Goat Button Boots, $1 25, $1 50, $1 75 and $2; sizes 11 to 2.
Misses' fine Kid Button Boots, worked holes, $2; worth $2 50; sizes 11 to 2.
Ladies' Kid Button Boots, worked holes, $2; sold elsewhere at $2 50.
Ladies' Grain Button Boots, warranted solid, $1 35; worth $1 75.
Ladies' fine Kid Button Boots, plain and box toe, latest style $2 50; sold elsewhere at $3.
Ladies' fine Oil Goat Button Boots, plain and box toe, Spanish arch in-step, $2 50; worth $3.
Ladies' Kid and Goat Common-sense Button Boots, CUSTOM-MADE, $2 50; reduced from $3.
Ladies' Gypsy Seamless Kid Button Boots, extra fine quality, $3 50; widths, B. C. D. E.
Ladies' extra fine Glove Kid-top, cur kid foxing, $3.
Ladies' Kid Slippers, good quality, $1, $1 25, $1 50, $1 75 and $2.
Ladies' Kid and Goat Newport Button, $1 25; reduced from $1 75.
Ladies' extra fine Cloth-top Kid-foxed Button Boots, $2 50; reduced from $3 50; widths, B., C. D. E.
Ladies' Glove Kid front and side-laced Boots, $2 85 and $2 50.

Before buying a single thing in the line of DRY GOODS, the Ladies of St. Louis and Visitors to the city should first visit the

POPULAR AND PROGRESSIVE ONE-PRICE CASH HOUSE OF

D. CRAWFORD & CO.,

Fifth Street and Franklin Avenue.

BE ON HAND THIS WEEK

AT

L-E-U-B-R-I-E-S-.

$75,000 in Dry Goods, Blankets, Comforts, Flannels, Cassimeres, Ladies' Suits, Cloaks, Dolmans, Circulars, etc., being the combined purchase from A. T. STEWART & CO., retiring, and FULTON, ADAMS & CO., bankrupts. More goods for ONE DOLLAR than ELSEWHERE for TWO. A FEW PRICES from our THOUSANDS of BARgains:

Dress Goods Department.

The rush for dress goods for the past week has convinced us that the public are aware and appreciate the inducements we have offered in this department.
103 pcs Alpaca Dusters 10c, well worth 12½c.
97 pcs English Serge, 12½c; well worth 15c.
143 pcs Pacific Brocades 15c; wholesale price 17½c.
27 pcs Momie Brocades 17½c; wholesale price 19c.
45 pcs Mixed Suiting 20c; cheap at 25c.
71 pcs Checked Suitings 25c; wholesale cost 27½c.
109 pcs Camel's Hair Suitings 30c; cheap at 37½c.
21 pcs Flannel Suitings 35c; cheap at 42c.
27 pcs French Cashmere 65c; wholesale price 67½c.
89 pcs French Camelette 80c; worth 95c.

Black Goods Department.

This department is booming, from the fact that the public know where to go to get a serviceable and cheap dress
11 pcs Plain Alpacas, 10c.
85 pcs English Coburg 12½c.
20 pcs Momie Cloth, 15c; cheap at 20c.
17 pcs English Serge, 20c.
38 pcs English Cashmere, 36-inch, 24c; cheap at 30c
9 pcs Nuns' Serge, 30c; cheap at 40c.
109 pcs All wool French Cashmere, 30c; cheap at 45c.
101 pcs Jersey Suitings, 50c; cheap at 60c.
13 pcs French Cashmere, 60c; cheap at 70c.
11 pcs Striped Cashmere, 65c; cheap at 75c.
49 pcs French Cashmere; 75c; cheap at 90c.
A full line of Courtauld's black English Crapes.

Silks, Satins, Plushes and Velvets.

Colossal drive in silks from A. T. S.'s retirement sale.
10 pcs Black Silk, A. T. S. sold for 65c; Leubries' 49c.
8 pcs Black Gros-grain Silk, sold for $1; Leubries' 70c
9 pcs Black Gros grain Silk, sold at A. T. S.'s for $1 55; Leubries' $1 15
14 pcs Black Gros-grain Cashmere, Egyptain, A. T. S. for $2; Leubries' $1 50.
Black Surah Silk, A. T. S. sold for $1 50; Leubries' $1 10
Black Surah Silk, A. T. S. sold at $2; Leubries' $1 48.
Black Merveilleux sold at A. T. S.'s for $1 65; Leubries' $1
Black Merveilleux sold at A.T. S.'s for $1 95; Leubries' $1 35.
Black Brocade from A. T. S. sold there for $1 25; Leubries 90c.
Black Brocade, A. T. S. sold for $1 75; Leubries, $1.
Black Satin, A. T. S. sold for 65c; Leubries', 48c.
Black Satin, A. T. S. sold for $1; Leubries', 65c.
Black Satin, A. T. S. sold for $1 40; Leubries', 75c.
9 pieces Colored Brocade, latest shades, sold at A. T. S.'s for $1 50; Leubries', 81½c.
7 pieces Colored Brocade, worth $1 50; Leubres', 95c
43 pieces Colored Satins, in all imaginable shades, fully worth $1; at Leubries', 66c.
Black silk Velvets from A. T. S.'s, worth $1 75; Leubries', $1 10.
Black Silk Velvets, sold at A. T. S.'s for $2; Leubries', $1 35.
Colored Silk Velvets, all shades, sold at $2 25; Leubries', $1 55.
Plushes, in the very latest shades, sold at $2 50; Leubries', $1 60.
19 pieces of Plain and Brocade Velveteen, to match in all the late shades.
1,200 yards of short lengths from A. T. Stewart's manufacturing department, 35c on the dollar

Special Bargains in Our Flannel Department for this Week.

A good quality ¾ White Flannel at 17½c; worth 25c.
A fine, firm article at 27c.
Unshrinkable Flannel at 30c.
The Polar, a good quality of Red Flannel, at 20c; worth 27½c.
Red Twilled Flannel the "Rheumatic's Joy," at 27½c.
Gray Twilled Flannel at 20c.
We have in stock an elegant assortment of Sacking Flannels in many designs, extra heavy all-wool twilled goods at 65c.
Matelasse and Opera Flannels in many handsome shades, 25 per cent less than market price.
The Flat Rock Jeans, a good quality, at 8c; worth 12½c.
Highland Cottonades at 12c.
Good heavy Cassimere at 55c.
We carry a full assortment in Beavers, Cassimeres, Worsted, Cashmerettes, Cottonades, Jeans, in all grades and styles at very low prices.

Linens! Linens! Linens!

Bleached table Linens.
Unbleached table Linens.
Turkey red table Linens.
Bordered table Linens, single and in sets.
Linens in piece, remnants of Linens.
Damask, huck, barnsley Towels, in white, bordered, embroidered and brocade.
Russian crash, Stevens' crash, Irish crash.
Diaper Linen, Napkins, Doylies, Tea Cloths.
Stand Covers, in white, red, blue and straw.

ALSO,

An immense stock of Bedspreads, in Bates, Derby, Marseilles, in white and colored.
Piano Covers, all shades, from $3 up.
All these goods are of the stock remaining from the great house of A. T. Stewart & Co., of New York, now closing up business, and we shall offer them for sale on our counters on Monday, September 18, at 50c on the dollar.

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Men's Heavy Weight Merino Shirts, from 40c to 75c.
Men's Scarlet Merino Suits, at $2 50.
A large assortment of men's Scarlet Merino Medicated suits, at $2 50; worth $5.
Canton Flannel underwear at reduced prices.
Suspenders from 20c up, in good quality and quantity.
Neckwear, 50c on the dollar.

Hosiery! Hosiery!

We will place on our counters to-morrow, Monday, September 18th:
1 lot of 85 dozen Misses' full regular made hose, among which are Fancy French Ribbed, plain French Ribbed, plain and fancy Striped Hose, sizes 5 to 8½c—new and desirable goods—at the uniform price of 25c, formerly sold at 40c and 50c.
1 lot of (125 dozen) Misses' Fancy Striped Hose, bright and fast colors, sizes 5 to 8½, which we will sell at 15c; formerly sold at 35c.
1 lot of 90 dozen Boys' and Misses' grey ribbed shore hose, size 7 to 8½, which will sell now 3 pair for 25c; former price 25c.
1 lot of 50 dozen C. & G. Hose, our own importation, each pair stamped, double heel and toes, which will sell from Monday at 35c per pair, or 3 pair for $1.
Our endless variety of Ladies' Fancy Hose in all the latest fall designs, will also be sold from Monday at a great reduction.
1 lot of 220 dozen Gents' French brown mixed half Hose, C. & G., each pair stamped and warranted to be the best, will sell for 25c; formerly sold at 40c.
1 lot of 70 dozen Gents' Real British fancy half Hose, in 15 different designs, to be sold at 25c per pair; formerly sold and considered cheap at 40c.

Laces.

Torchon Laces, from 2½c to 65c per yard.
Imitation of Val. Lace, from 3c to 75c per yard, and 12½c to $1 35 per dozen yards.
Breton Lace, from 10c to $1 per yard.
Spanish Lace, from 15c to $1 25 per yard.
French Lace, from 5c to 85c per yard
Black and Cream Spanish Fichus and Ties from 20c to $3 50
Plain, Polka-dotted and Flowered Mull Fichus, from 17½c to $6 65.
All the novelties in Ladies' Fine Neckwear, at greatly reduced prices.

Embroideries.

Hamburg Edging and Insertings from 3c to $1 75.
Nainsook Edgings and Insertings from 7½c to $1 75.
Swiss Edgings and Insertings from 5c to $1 95.
Ecru Swiss Edgings and Insertings from 9c to $2.
Coll Embroideries from 4c to 30c.
Coll. Linen Embroidery, in all colors, for 12½c per yard.
Nottingham Tidies from 6c to 75c.
Russia Tidies from 15c to $1.
Everlasting and Linen Trimmings from 2c to 20c per yard, and from 25c to $1 50 per dozen yards.

Glove Department.

10-button length Mousquetaire in terra cotta, formerly sold at $2; selling now at $1 25.
8-button lengths Mousquetaire, in terra cotta, formerly sold at $1 25; selling now at 85c.
8-button length in all new shades, both dressed and undressed kid, best quality, formerly sold at $2 50; now selling at $2.
6-button Jouvin, in all shades, formerly sold at $1 50; now selling at $1.
6-hook Alexandre, in all shades, formerly sold at $1 50; now selling at 75c.
Cashmere Jersey Gloves, formerly sold at $1; now selling at 70c.
One lot of lined Berlin Gloves from 10c to 65c; formerly sold from 30c to $1.
A vast assortment of gents' Gloves, to numerous to mention, all at half value.

Corsets. Corsets. Corsets.

Call and examine our elegant line of ladies' and misses' corsets, in which we are offering special bargains.
Among the many different styles are the Flyer 50c, worth 65c; Dragon 55c, worth 75c; Marion 75c, worth $1; Eclipse 85c, worth $1 25, and the double-hip Ironside, the best corset made for $1, former price $1 50.
We also have a complete stock of satin corsets from $1 65 up.

Calicoes.

Just arrived four cases of standard fall prints, which will be put on sale Monday at 4½c. Some of the choicest styles in America at 6½c. Cheviots for 5c, worth 9c; the bargains in Ginghams and Tickings are too numerous to mention. Also, the heavy stock of remnants that have accumulated during our great bankrupt sale will be put on sale Monday. Don't miss this grand inducement.

Notions.

125 doz Ladies' Printed Hemstitched Handkerchiefs at 17½c, worth 25c.
95 doz Ladies' Printed Hemstitched Handkerchiefs 20c, worth 30c.
150 doz Ladies' Printed Hemstitched Handkerchiefs at 25c, worth 40c.
110 doz Ladies' Printed Hemstitched Handkerchiefs at 30c, worth 45c
140 doz Gent's White All-Linen Handkerchiefs at 15c, worth 25c.
65 doz Gent's White All-Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs at 23c, worth 50c.
90 doz Gents' Printed All-Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs at 25c, worth 37½c.
120 doz Gents' Printed All-Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs at 30c, worth 45c.
4,000 gross Fancy Buttons, all at 5c a dozen, worth 20 and 25c.
600 gross Fancy Metal Buttons, all the latest shades, at 10c a dozen, worth 20c.
300 gross Fancy Metal Buttons, all the latest shades, at 12½c and 15c a dozen, worth 30c and 35c.
100 gross Fancy Metal Buttons, all the latest shades, at 20c and 25c, worth 40c and 50c.
20 pcs Black Silk Fringe at 30c, worth 45c.
22 pcs Black Silk Fringe at 35c, worth 50c.
16 pcs Black Silk and Jet Fringe at 47c, worth 65c.
19 pcs Black Silk and Jet Fringe at 50c, worth 75c.
12 pcs Black Silk and Jet Fringe at 60c, worth 90c.
25 pcs Black Silk and Jet Passementeries at 15c, worth 30c.
20 pcs Black Silk and Jet Passementeries at 25c; worth 30c.
15 pcs Black and Jet Passementeries at 40c, worth 60c.
30 pcs Black Silk and Jet Passementeries at 50c, worth 75c.
12 pcs Black Silk and Jet Passementeries at 65c, worth 90c.

Ladies' and Children's Merino Underwear.

Ladies' suits, uniform knit, well made, nicely finished, 90c; vests, 45c; pants, 45c.
Another lot $1 10 per suit; pants and vests each 55c.
Another lot $1 30 per suit; pants and vest each 65c.
Extra bargains in Scarlet Merino Underwear.
Ladies' Medicated Suits, $2 70; very fine for little money.
Children's Merino Suits in great variety at low prices.

Millinery Department.

Hats, Flowers, Feathers, Wings, Birds, etc. In these departments we intend to excel our immense display of last season, and shall maintain our reputation of being the Arbiters of Fashion, authority in styles, prices, designs, as well as carrying the largest variety in this city, direct from New York manufacturers, retailed at wholesale prices.
Fine Straw Hats, new fall shapes, 25c; worth 50c.
Fine Black Plumes, real ostrich, 90c; worth $2.
Real Ostrich Tips, three to a bunch, 85c; worth $1 50.
French Flowers, for corsage and dress wear, 25c; worth $1.
Felt Hats for children and misses, at from 50c upwards.
School Hats in endless variety.
Ladies' Fine Felt and Fur Beavers, less than other houses.
Trimmed Hats and Bonnets for early fall wear, now ready for inspection prior to our regular opening.
Millinery Department second floor, accessible by elevator.

Cloak Department.

This room has been enlarged to three times its former size, and we are prepared now to wait on everybody. We are showing newer styles and better made dresses than any other establishment of the kind, and charge less for either a ready-made garment or cashmeres made to order. We extend a cordial invitation to everybody to come and see our styles and prices. As a specialty we mention
28 Worsted Suits, all shades, $6 75; worth $10.
42 Worsted Suits, all shades, $8 50; worth $12.
45 Black Cashmere Suits, $7 50; worth $11 50
55 All-wool Black Cashmere Suits, $10, $12 50, $15; worth from $15 to $22.
22 Different styles of Redingotes, with or without skirt, made of all-wool material, from $8 50 to $15.
Large variety in black and colored Silk and Satin Dresses, all new and elegantly made, prices at cost of material.
Sacks, Cloaks, Dolmans, Circulars, etc.
550 fall and winter Shawls, at summer prices.

DRESSMAKING A SPECIALTY.

Lace Curtains.

We shall open by Monday morning the balance of Curtains and Nettings purchased from A. T. Stewart & Co. Ladies should not fail to come and get our prices.

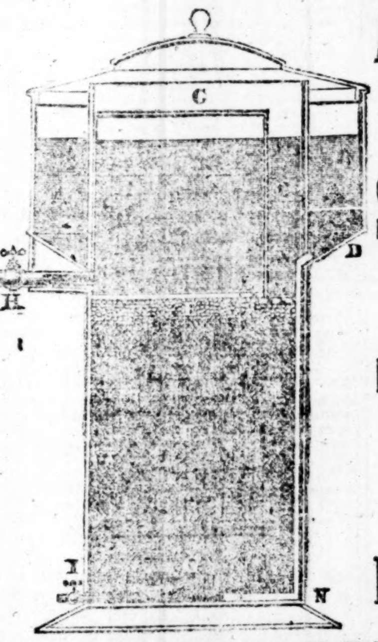
Blankets and Comforts.

We offer balance of A. T. Stewart's stock at the following prices:
258 pairs of white blankets, $1 95, worth $2 50.
180 pairs of white blankets, $1, worth $3 75.
240 pairs of white blankets, $3 50, worth $4 50.
150 pairs of white blankets, $3 50, worth $5 75.
400 comforts, 75c, worth $1 15.
300 comforts, $1, worth $1 40.
270 comforts, $1 40, worth $1 85.
160 comforts, $1 95, worth $2 75.

THESE AND MUCH MORE CAN BE PURCHASED AT EQUALLY LOW PRICES AT

LEUBRIES'- 705, 707, 709, 711 AND 713 FRANKLIN AVENUE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC—See that the name of "LEUBRIES" is over each door before entering the store.



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Stevens' Upward Filter

Also Large Stock

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RETAIL DEPARTMENT.

Prescriptions Carefully Prepared by Graduates in Pharmacy. | Fancy Goods, Toilet Articles, Soaps, Sponges, Etc.

FINE OLD WHISKIES AND CHOICE WINES AND BRANDIES OF OUR OWN IMPORTATION FOR FAMILY USE.

709 AND 711 WASHINGTON AVE.

FOR RENT.

Ground Floor, 102 NORTH FOURTH STREET, for Railroad or Coal Offices. Terms reasonable.

CHAS. H. TURNER & CO.,

706 Pine Street.

JOHN MAGUIRE,

Real Estate and House Agent, Conveyanc and Notary Public.

Houses, lots and storesfor rent, lease, sale or exchange in different parts of the city. Money loaned on real estate

519 Walnut st. Office bet. 5th and 6th.

FUCHS' FRENCH MILLINERY COMPANY,

508 FRANKLIN AVENUE.

New Store. New Goods. Complete Assortment Fall & Winter Goods.

OPENING

TUESDAY, SEPT., 19, &

WEDNESDAY, 20.

The most elegant display of the Season in FRENCH PATTERN HATS and BONNETS and all Millinery Novelties. VELVETS, RIBBONS and SATINS in Terra Cotta, Cadet Blue and all the latest shades and designs.

Our stock in OSTRICH FEATHERS and TIPS is simply immense. FANCY AND COQUES FEATHERS in every imaginable style.

Our prices are the most popular in the city, and they really will astonish the public.

The location of the store the most frequented in the city.

FUCHS' FRENCH MILLINERY COMPANY,

508 FRANKLIN AVENUE.

Last Edition.

FROM EGYPT.

Coercion to be Applied to the Governor of Damietta.

The Anglo-Turkish Military Convention Proves a Fizzle—Further Evidence That Abdul Has Encouraged Arabi.

CAIRO, September 18.—The Italian Naval Lieutenant, Paoinoci, who was placed under arrest by Gen. Wood, states that he joined Arabi Pasha in a moment of folly, but has been in the hospital all the time since entering Arabi's service.

CRAFTINESS OF THE CALIPH.

ALEXANDRIA, September 18.—It is known that the Sultan has quite recently been in communication with Arabi through Damietta, and there can be no doubt that the resistance of the commander of that place originates from Stamboul.

DAMIETTA STILL DEFIANT.

PORT SAID, September 18.—The commander at Damietta also holds Forts Dibha and Ghemileh. The Governor of Port Said sent an Arab to the rebel commander on Friday, but the messenger has not returned.

PUT OFF HIS GUARD.

ALEXANDRIA, September 18.—One of the Egyptian officers who surrendered explains that Arabi left his best soldiers at Kafr-el-Dwar because he thought the move on Ismailia was a ruse and that the real attack of the British would be on Kafr-el-Dwar.

TANTAH TAKEN.

ALEXANDRIA, September 18.—The British have occupied Tantah.

PAYING THE PIPER.

CALCUTTA, September 18.—The Indian Government announces the issue of a loan of 25,000,000 rupees to meet the expenses of the Indian contingent in Egypt.

A MURDERER HANGED.

ALEXANDRIA, September 18.—One of the participators in the June massacre was hanged to-day.

COERCION FOR ABDALLAH.

It is reported that gunboats and troops have been ordered to operate against Abdallah Pasha, who is still holding Damietta.

RAILROADING RESUMED.

The train service for the railroad between Cairo and Alexandria has been resumed. All the stations will be occupied by the English.

ANOTHER FIZZLE.

Constantinople, Sept. 18.—It is believed the Anglo-Turkish military convention has been abandoned.

The Morning Budget.

LONDON, September 18.—The latest news from Egypt show that Fort Aslam has surrendered. The officers were told that if they made their men assist in repairing the railway Gen. Wood would intercede for them. They all complied. The Italian naval lieutenant, Paoinoci, was placed under arrest. It is believed that Arabi Pasha will be sent to England. The forts at Kafr el Dwar were abandoned when the British reached there, although the arms and accoutrements were all in good order and in charge of a small squad. A council of ministers is now discussing plans for disbanding the army. The ringleaders of the rebellion will be tried by court-martial, and the staunch adherents of the Khedive insist that capital punishment be meted out. Arabi Pasha says that he was forced to fight, and he considers that De Lesseps betrayed the party, who depended upon his assurances that he would prevent any landing of troops or war material by way of the canal. It transpires that the Egyptians had a complete system of spies in Alexandria and Ismailia. The rebels expected an attack at midnight on the 12th and they remained in their trenches all night. News from the interior is favorable. It is expected that all towns will tender allegiance to the Khedive. The Household Cavalry will be the first to leave for home. There will be a military review at Cairo as soon as the Khedive arrives, after which the homeward movement will commence.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, September 18.—For Tennessee and Ohio Valley, fair weather, southwesterly winds, stationary or higher barometer and temperature. For Lower Lake Region, partly cloudy weather and local rains, westerly winds, stationary or higher barometer and temperature. For Upper Lake Region, partly cloudy weather, local rains, westerly winds, rising barometer, stationary or lower temperature. For Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri Valleys, fair weather, except in northern portions, variable winds, rising, preceded in southern portion former districts by falling barometer, stationary or lower temperature. The Ohio will probably fall at Cincinnati and Tennessee at Chattanooga. Cautionary signals continue at Oswego, Section 6. Rochester, Buffalo, Erie, Cleveland, section 5 and Sandusky.

A Big Blaze.

CHICAGO, September 18.—A Chippewa Falls, Wis., special says: The fire originating in and destroying the Central Hotel also burned two fine rows of business buildings on either side of the hotel. The total loss is over $40,000; insurance $18,000.

ANOTHER.

A St. Charles, Ill., special says: The Co-operative Creamery Company's factory was burned. Loss $20,000; insurance $10,000.

Yellow Fever in Boston.

BOSTON, September 18.—The bark Arthur C. Wade, from Cardenas, is quarantined with yellow fever. Capt. Sherman lost two of his children. His wife remains on board. Two seamen also died during the passage.

MORE BLACKJACK.

CAPE HENRY, September 18.—This morning the Italian bark Galileo S., from Pensacola, bound to Hampton Roads, passed here bound in with yellow fever on board. Four persons have died on the passage.

Chicago Exchange.

CHICAGO, September 18.—On 'Change to-day. Grain pretty steady, inclining however to weakness; receipts good except for oats. Weather fine. At 11 o'clock wheat ⅛ to ⅜ off. Corn about ⅛ off. Oats steady and lower. Pork excited great advance about 75c for October; 70c for November; 10 to 12½ for January; 25 to 27½ for year. Lard correspondingly strong, advanced 15 to 32½.

The Corn Crop.

CHICAGO, September 18.—Special reports of the corn crop in every direction show it to be wonderfully improved by the past two weeks of fine weather. In Southern Illinois it is believed the crop will be safe from frost by the close of this week. The crop will be a full three-quarter average. In Iowa it is thought the yield will be the largest and the best ever known in that State. The corn has hardened and is fast getting away from danger by frost. The hot weather which still holds good in Nebraska and parts of Kansas has done no harm, the crop being so forward as to be not affected.

FOREIGN.

England.

DEATH OF DEAN WELLESLEY.

LONDON, September 18.—Gerald Valerian Wellesley, Dean of Windsor and Domestic Chaplain to the Queen, is dead.

[Dean Wellesley was a grandson of the celebrated Duke of Wellington, and was a man of unusual attainments both as a scholar and a preacher. He was held in great esteem by the Queen, by whom he was appointed to the Deanery of Windsor many years since. He held moderate views, sympathizing with the Low Church section rather than with the Ritualists. His writings are few and unimportant.]

Italy.

LONDON, September 18.—Heavy floods have occurred in Lombardy, Venetia and the Tyrol. The city of Trent is submerged. Verona is also inundated. Several bridges have been demolished, but there has been no loss of life.

Ireland.

LONDONDERRY, September 18.—A woman has been shot by a process server near Ghenties, County Donegal, while resisting the seizure of her cattle. The process server was arrested

Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, September 18.—It is understood that a minor state of seige here and in a few other towns will be prolonged another year.

Be on Hand.

Mr. Lou Leubrie, senior of the firm of Leubrie Brothers, arrived home yesterday in time to supervise the grand $75,000 sale of A. T. Stewart & Co.'s stock and Fulton, Adams & Co.'s bankrupt goods. This is a good time to purchase goods at one-half value and to avail yourself of a chance in a lifetime. Call before it is too late. See our price list on first page.

LEUBRIES,
705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

THE BROOKLYN BRIDGE.

Denounced by the New York World as a Colossal Swindle.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, September 18.—The World this morning devotes two pages to the history of the expenditures already made on the Brooklyn Bridge. It says the building of the structure was conceived in iniquity and begun in fraud and has been continued in corruption. The World gives what it calls overwhelming proofs of the system of jobbery and official corruption that has prevailed. It says that Boss Tweed conceived the plan in 1861; that a $7,000,000 estimate has been swollen to $22,000,000, and only one-fifth of the bridge expenditures is accounted for in the materials. The World says in an editorial in regard to its story that what it shows is that the books and accounts of the Bridge Company are full of forgeries, misrepresentations and errors in calculations, and that they are confused and mixed in a manner which, in books of private concern, would excite suspicion and provoke legal inquiry. What it shows is from first to last that every important transaction connected with the outlay of money upon this great public work has been more or less tainted with suspicion. Consider the significance of the evidence which shows how Chief Engineer Roebling bought steel of the Roebling works, how President Murphy paid large fees for searching titles to Mr. Murphy, as also how Vice-President Kingsley not only bought granite to the extent of $1,000,000 from companies developed out of other companies founded by Kingsland, the dealer in the stone, but also bought sand and machinery from one of his own business partners.

ORDERS for Christian's Baking Powder, Jellies, Preserves, solicited at the old stand, 22 and 24 S. Tenth st. M. A. CHRISTIAN & SON.

AN OLD GRIEVANCE.

Cairo and the Wabash Railway Still at Loggerheads.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CAIRO, ILL., September 18.—Albert Smith, representing Samuel P. Wheeler, solicitor for the Wabash Railway Company, served notices on the city authorities to-day notifying them that an application for a writ of injunction in behalf of the company would be made to the Circuit Court on Wednesday next. At a recent session of the City Council the Wabash railroad within the corporate limits of Cairo was declared a nuisance, and an order was issued requiring the company to remove its tracks from Commercial avenue within five days. This is the latest phase of an old fight between the two corporations. It is currently reported that there is a secret organization now on foot which proposes to tear up the track by force in case the order of the Council is to be baffled by the court's delay.

Strike of Piano-Makers.

HUNTER'S POINT, L. I., September 18.—Four hundred employes of the Steinway piano works struck this morning on account of the unpopularity of Superintendent Sumner. The men will not return to work unless he is discharged. Should the demand not be acceded to, it is said the employes in New York, about one thousand, will also strike.

A Mill Destroyed.

DUBUQUE, September 18.—A fire broke out this morning in the building formerly used as a meal mill, and entirely consumed it. The property belonged to Christian Schloth, but was mortgaged to Charles Stafford for $40,000, who held insurance on it to that amount. The mill had not been used of late.

Another Train Overthrown.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., September 18.—The Western express on the Boston and Albany Railway was thrown from the track this morning and the engineer, fireman and brakeman were severely injured. The track is badly blocked. A rail had been placed across the track.

Bebel Not Dead.

CHICAGO, September 18.—August Spiess, editor of the Anzeiger, of this city received a cablegram yesterday denying that August Bebel, the eminent German Socialist, is dead, on the other hand he is said to be rapidly recovering.

Uxoricide and Suicide.

ALBANY, N. Y, September 18.—Alonzo Cash, aged 48, shot and mortally wounded his wife, Minnie, aged 17, near Dermansville, yesterday, and then killed himself.

A New General Manager.

CLEVELAND, O., September 18.—Samuel Briggs has been appointed general manager of the Connoton Valley Railway. He has resigned the superintendency of the Valley Railway.

MISCHIEF WITH THE MELVILLES.

The Arctic Hero Deserts His Wife and Family.

Mrs. Melville's Statement as to the Cause of the Trouble.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

PHILADELPHIA, September 18.—The Press this morning publishes the following: "Since Engineer George W. Melville's return from his perilous voyage to the Arctic seas there has been some comment upon the fact that he did not at once rush to the arms of his family the moment he reached the shores of his native country. He wanted to be feasted in New York, and tarried a day and night in Philadelphia, although his wife and family were waiting in their home, only six miles distant. Mrs. Melville has also been criticised for not leaving Sharon Hill to meet her husband, but this did not appear strange to some who are familiar with her slight eccentricities of character, as evidenced in the recent trouble she had with the United States Government in obtaining a larger allowance from her husband's salary. Now, after all the fine words that have been written about the emotional meeting between husband and wife, after such a long and cruel separation, the announcement comes that Engineer Melville has deserted his family.

Mrs. Melville was seen at Sharon Hill this evening and told the following story:

"My husband has left me; gone I know not where, never to return; gone without one word of explanation as to why he deserted me."

"Do I understand you to say, Mrs. Melville, that your husband has deliberately deserted you?"

"Yes, sir. He left this house last evening and refused to remain here and cursed me before he left. It is too terrible! It will kill me! It will kill me!"

"But I will tell you everything, though my heart is breaking and I feel I am going mad. When Mr. Melville had greeted his the children on Saturday night he came to me. I was waiting in the dining-room alone when he came in, and I said, 'Oh, George, I'm so glad to see you; are you not glad to get back to see me?' And then I kissed him, but he made no reply; his arms hung limp at his side. Then Meta caught him by the hand and said: 'Kiss me again, papa; I'm so glad to see you.' He then turned on her and said in an angry manner, 'Who taught you to say that?' I said, 'O George, don't talk so. Some one will hear you, for the house is full of your friends. Let us go out in the parlor and receive them.' 'They are no friends of mine; they are yours; not mine.' I answered and led him into the parlor, but one or two of the guests had heard his gruff greeting and were greatly astonished. Shortly afterwards he seized his hat and left the house, saying he would end the matter now and for all time. I called to him, but he was gone and I was left alone. It was too much for me to bear and I broke down completely. Just think of the disgrace. My children know my husband and their father has deserted me. He left us without a dollar in the house or food to eat. He left us without a thing—children and myself without one word of explanation, and I have not seen him since, nor do I know where he is. He left me in the most heartless manner."

"Can you account for his strange behavior, Mrs. Melville, or assign a cause?"

"Nothing further than I displeased him in regard to money matters, and there was always a scene on his return from a voyage. During his last trip he allowed me $90 a month. How could I keep his house and grounds, clothe myself and his children, send them to school and meet household expenses out of that? That is what displeased him. This thing has been pending for years, and now it is come, and it will kill me."

IN WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 18.—The telegram received by Acting Secretary of the Navy Walter yesterday from Engineer Melville simply asked for extension of leave on account of sickness in his family. The request was granted. None of the particulars of Melville's actions were then known at the Department. The reports of his having deserted his wife created quite a sensation this morning among the officials there.

POLITICAL.

Prohibition in Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, September 18.—A number of Prohibitionists of Pennsylvania assembled here this afternoon to take measures to strengthen the anti-liquor movement in the State. The expected outcome of the meeting will be a permanent organization for the promotion of constitutional prohibition in Pennsylvania,

Sergeant Mason's Case.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 18.—Bigelow, as counsel for Sergeant John A. Mason, now confined in the Albany Penitentiary for shooting at Guiteau, has prepared a petition of habeas corpus addressed to Judge Alfred C. Coxe, United States District Judge of the Northern District of New York.

Folger Still Sick.

NEW YORK, September 18.—Secretary Folger is at the Hoffman House and quite ill. The President leaves for Washington this afternoon.

Arthur to Visit Boston.

BOSTON, September 18.—President Arthur will be the guest of the Commonwealth and of the city the first four days in October.

Bulls and Bears Entertain Blaine.

CHICAGO, September 18.—Hon. James G Blaine, who arrived here esterday from Omaha, was on 'Change this afternoon and spoke briefly of the great growth of Chicago since the Chamber of Commerce was built ten years ago. Then it was criticized as too large, now the Board are building another hall which shall be large enough, He referred to his trip through five the great Northwestern States, to their attachment to Chicago, and the commanding market which this has become, a market from which the whole world gets its prices. The speech was in Mr. Blaine's happiest mood and elicited hearty applause. The Union League Club will receive the ex-secretary, this evening. One thousand invitations have been issued. The reception will be entirely informal, although a large number of eminent gentlemen will attend. No political significance attaches thereto.

A Lump for the League.

WATERTOWN, CONN., September 18.—Rev. Lawrence Walsh, treasurer of the Irish National Land League, will to-morrow cable Treasurer Egan, at Paris, a check for $20,000, covering contributions from May 1 to date.

Death by Misadventure.

EAST SAGINAW, MICH., September 18.—L. S. Wilson, teller of the Fourth National Bank of Columbus, Ohio, died at the Bancroft House last night from an overdose of chloral taken to alleviate sick headache.

Probable Murder.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, September 18.—Samuel Voght, a German laborer, was found yesterday in the river at Hamilton, Ohio, with a bullet hole in his head. He had not been seen since last Friday when he had $1,000 in his possession and was about to return to Germany. The money and watch were gone when he was found.

THE PASTORS AT PLATTSBURG.

End of the Church Congress—A Phenomenal Spell of Heat.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

PLATTSBURG, MO., September 18.—The Missouri Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church of the South, which has been in session in this city several days, Bishop Granberry, of Richmond, Va., presiding, will terminate its labors to-morrow. Chillicothe is selected as the next place of meeting. The three hundred strangers speak in unmeasured praise of the hospitality of Plattsburg, where all Protestant denominations have yielded their churches to the Conference and opened wide the doors of their residences for the entertainment of the preachers and their friends. The Methodist Episcopal Church is ably represented in its efforts to effect a reunion of the churches, which in the question of slavery in antibellum times was disrupted. The best of feeling prevails, now that the cause of the disagreement no longer exists.

The hot air of to-day is phenomenal. To keep cool one has to keep out of the wind, which comes from the south hot enough to roast an egg.

A Big Shortage.

PHILADELPHIA, September 18.—The officers of the Insurance Company of North America to-day announced that they had discovered discrepancies in their stock account to the extent of $25,000, the result of the frauds perpetrated by the transfer of clerk Alfred Rogers.

A Blaze by Burglars.

MARLSBORO, September 18.—The large brick shoe factory at Hudson, belonging to Capt. Francis Brigham & Sons burned this morning. Loss $65,000. The fire was caused by burglars who tried to rob the safe. One hundred and fifty hands are out of employment.

ENOS JAMESON.

Morphine Ends the Life of the Assistant Treasurer of the People's.

Enos Jameson, a clever young man who was studying law in James A. Robertson's office, until the People's Theater opened last September, when he went in the box office with Harry Noxon as assistant treasurer, is lying dead at his home on Pine street near Fifteenth. He was in good health and spirits last night and a POST-DISPATCH reporter saw him sitting in the dress circle enjoying the last act of Mr. Yost's play of "Brentwood." After the performance he went with some friends for a little jollification and did not return home until late this morning. He was at the box office at 9 a. m., feeling a little sick and nervous, and when Mr. Noxon came in he turned the keys over to him and said he was going home to take a little rest. He also remarked that he had taken a dose of morphine to quiet his nerves. At 11 o'clock Mr. Noxon received word that he was speechless. The physician pronounced his affection apoplexy of the heart. A short time afterwards information reached the theater that the young man was dead.

It is said that Jameson who was of an unusually nervous temperament, was in the habit of taking morphine whenever his system was any way excited, and his friends are unanimous in asserting that his death could have been the result of nothing more than an accident. He had a sweetheart but so far as could be learned there was not the slightest trouble between them. Those who knew the unfortunate young man say he was always light-hearted, and apparently contented with his lot. Last night when he left the theater he was feeling well and was in excellent spirits. His age is given as twenty-two years.

Fair Notes.

There appear to be an endless line of persons who desire to exhibit at the coming Fair. The space is all taken up in most of the departments, and still the demand comes for room, especially in the Mechanical Department, and it has been found necessary to crowd out a number of exhibitors. The association made an effort to encourage a drawing display from the Public Schools and also the low-grade private schools, and made a class especially for them. The children, however, did not come forward, and the class is open to all art students. The entries must be made by September 25. The following is the details of the class: The exhibitor are only allowed to bring one picture to compete in its respective class, which must have been made within the last two years.

Best fruit or flower painting in oil, first premium, $10; second premium, $5.

Best landscape painting in oil, first premium, $10; second premium, $5.

Best head painting in oil, first premium, $10; second premium $5.

Best crayon or pencil (fruits or flowers), first premium, $10; second premium, $5.

Best landscape (crayon or pencil), first premium, $10; second premium, $5.

Best head (crayon or pencil), first premium, $10; second premium, $5.

The Federal Court.

The September term of the United States Circuit Court opened this morning, with Judges McCrary and Treat on the bench. There was a full attendance of the bar practicing in the higher courts. No decisions were rendered and the business of the first day possessed little interest for the general public. There were arguments upon motions in various cases and some judgments were rendered in respect of Government collections. The present week will be devoted to the hearing of equity cases, and all motions requiring a full bench will likewise be heard. Matters of appeal, writs of error, etc., will be disposed of. On Tuesday, the 26th, the petit jury will be in attendance for trials. The United States District Attorney is still absent in Massachusetts. Judge McCrary will remain here for two or three weeks.

An Assignment.

A deed of assignment for the benefit of creditors was filed to-day by Roskilly & Warren, dealers in coffee, spices, etc., 211 Pine street. The deed is executed to John G. Priest. The debtors state that their assets are worth $18,000 and their liabilities amount to $22,073 84.

ABOUT TOWN.

THE Teachers' Committee of the Public Schools meets this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

THE proceeds of the sale of tickets for the Police Relief Fund were $10,000. Sergeant Clark sold over $1,000 worth.

MR. J. T. HARDY is building a $4,000 brick residence on the east side of Eighteenth street between St. Louis avenue and Hebert street.

HUMANE OFFICER HOLMES on Saturday last killed an old horse belonging to John Goodough, at the corner of Fifteenth and Austin streets, at the request of the owner.

THE postal authorities here have received no information giving any clew to the robbers of the Seleginan mail-stage. A special detective is engaged upon the work, but he has met with no success as yet.

A HORSE and buggy said to have been stolen by "General" Neff, the horse thief who was captured yesterday, and with the outfit in his possession, was to-day identified by a man named Damstater, from New Athens, as his property, stolen from him some time since.

THE case against Charles Turner, the colored politician charged with making a false affidavit implicating Peter P. Dailey in some questionable business, was called to-day in the Court of Criminal Correction and again continued on account of the absence of one of the attorneys.

ROBERT and Maud Gatewood are the names of two unfortunate children who were this morning committed to the House of Refuge by the Mayor. Robert is 8 and Maud 5 years of age. Their father, Isaac Gatewood, is a drunkard and their mother a notorious member of the fallen sisterhood. The children have no other friends or protectors.

LOCAL POLITICS.

Filley Talks About the Saturday Night Meeting.

Col. Claiborne Out of the Race—Armstrong Animadverts—Notes.

Anti-Filley Mass Meeting.

The mass meeting at Mercantile Library Hall on Saturday night was a great success in point of numbers. The attendance, too, was of the most respected classes, men who seldom mix in politics. Gov. Thos. C. Fletcher called the gathering to order at 8 p. m., and set forward the objects of the meeting. He then called on Mr. Geo. Bain to preside over the convention. Mr. Bain thanked the meeting for the honor which it had done him and said that he had never had the honor to face such a thoroughly representative body of men. Mr. Joseph A. Wherry was chosen permanent secretary and Frank J. Conway sergeant-at-arms.

The following vice-presidents were then chosen: Vice-President at Large, Isidor Busch. Vice-Presidents from Eighth Congressional District, John Wahl, Jos. W. Branch and J. C. H. D. Black; Ninth District, Adam Roth, James L. Hess and Wm. H. Scudder; Tenth District, James E. Cowan, John H. Fisse and Dr. H. M. Starkloff.

A committee consisting of one from each of the twenty-eight wards was next appointed, to which was delegated the duty of choosing the seventy delegates to represent the city of St. Louis at the Burch Convention at Jefferson City. While the committee was at work in an ante room, loud calls were made for Col. Pat. Dyer, and that gentleman came forward. He made an eloquent speech in which he claimed that no man, or set of men had a right to dictate to the Republicans of the State or city, whether they should meet in State Convention and express their sentiments, and this had been attempted, but as a result the people had met in mass meeting to put down Bossism in all its forms. He hoped that the meeting would select such representatives as would do honor to the cause. Col. Dyer referred briefly to his race for Governor, and said there were thousands throughout Missouri who were very sorry that they had not voted for him instead of Crittenden. At the close of Col. Dyer's speech, the committee returned and reported the names of twenty delegates, the selections being adopted unanimously. After a series of resolutions had been adopted and J. Milton Turner had delivered himself of a few remarks the meeting adjourned.

Filley Talks.

Mr. Chauncey I. Filley was met this morning and asked what he thought of the meeting.

"Well," said he, "the so-called mass-meeting was most remarkable for the long list of speakers who were announced and who failed to put in an appearance. The speaking was confined to Railroad Tom Fletcher, the immaculate Rodmanized Dyer, pure Milton Turner, and John D. Stevenson. I see the resolutions were ready by Goody Goody Orrick, of school law notoriety. The City Directory had been ransacked by the standing committee, who selected and furnished beforehand an array of names of invited guests, the majority of whom were conspicuous by their absence. Many of those present were put in two or three times to swell the list as printed in the Globe-Democrat. Those who have read the Globe-Democrat would be led to think that the streets were so full of the uprising and revolution that there was not room for the boys to pass. Then the Globe-Democrat's list was 'padded' in an artistic manner with the names of those who were there. John A. Scudder figures only three times, once as John A., next as J. A., and last as John A. Geo. H. Morgan's name was also printed three times, in different ways. Those who were honored with only two places in the list were W. H. Scudder, Wm. Nichols, a Democrat, Nathan Stevens, John R. Shepley, Chas. Parsons, Geo. D. Reynolds, Truman Post, Felix Coste, Sam Hays, Joseph Crawshaw, B. D. Lee, John P. Ellis and J. D. Johnson. Merrell, Judy, Wagenman, Turner and that crowd were only worth one mention. A squad of police were left out of the list. The Globe-Democrat also forgot to state that Sergeant-at-Arms Conway was the chairman of the City Committee, whom that paper and the Westliche Post denounced, demanding that Conway should be deposed because he packed ward meetings. Now that he is in the employ of Collector Sturgeon, on Pretorius' recommendation, I guess he is all right. The resolutions were all cut and dried, and the meeting was equally remarkable for this and its slimness. It was an audience of about 700 persons, got together in a big city to see a circus. They advertised a row to draw a crowd. The Black Crook ventriloquist and his manikins could have carried out the programme, which was all fixed beforehand. They strangled the only resolution that came from the audience, viz., that on Prohibition. Fletcher was eloquent, but he failed to review his celebrated executive management of the State when he aided then, as he is doing now, in turning the State over to the Democrats. He forgot to say what an excellent Railroad Commissioner he would make. He did not allude to his disappointments in hunting Federal appointments, nor did he say that he previously committed himself to the possum policy for this campaign. Dyer did not mention the $700 due and unpaid, nor the meetings when he and John McFall had hired Democrats to run, nor the fact that honestly elected delegates had been run into the brush to secure the two Bristow delegates in 1876. Orrick did not directly allude to his and Bruer's connection with the school law matter. Dyer said nothing about he and Sam Hays packing the Eighteenth Ward meeting with Stahl's Democratic stable hands."

"You are not much impressed with the dignity of the gathering?"

"Well, of the twelve speakers announced only three spoke. Of the invited guests announced present the following were absent altogether, viz.: Mayor Ewing, John H. Lightner, E. W. Patterson, Wayman Crow, George E. Leighton, George S. Drake, C. S Greeley, Henry C. Meyer, Eugene F. Weigel, C. M. Whitney, Dr. M. H. Post, B. D. Kirby and John C. Quick. It really was the quietest uprising that has been heard of for some time. A few soreheads like Fletcher, Hays, Cavender and W. K. Patrick get together and call in the best elements of the party, like Milton Turner, Gillingswater, Wagenmann, Frank Conway and Judy. They got together in a quiet nook in Fletcher's office and worked up the great popular upheaval. It was all done on paper, the greatest piece of bossism ever devised. The people never were consulted, and had no chance to express any opinion."

"What do you think the convention will do?"

"Oh, they will probably nominate Tom Fletcher for Railroad Commissioner. In view of Orrick's familiarity with school laws, they will probably put him up for Superintendent of Public Instruction. The patriotic and purified Orrick will not perhaps forget the honest and intelligent manner he represented Lincoln county in 1878. Lincoln county had not held any delegate meeting of any kind, yet Orrick votes three votes on a pretended telegraphic proxy from Lincoln for Dyer against Van Horn and for Thompson against Glover. Krum held a proxy from R. D. Grant in the City Convention of 1880 with specific instructions in it to vote for Thomas for Sheriff. Chester, however, voted for Mason."

"But they will get up a new State Committee."

"Let 'em. You will see what good they will do. If they persist they will bring on such a defeat that after the election they and their committee will deny that they had anything to do with the bolt, and will never wish to be heard of again."

Col. J. R. Claiborne,

Who, up to Saturday, was understood to be a staying entry in the race for Congress in the Ninth District, was met to-day.

"Are you still a candidate for Congress?" asked the reporter.

"No; I am not. You can state for me that I am out of the race for good. I am satisfied that the convention will be inimical to me, and I do not propose to put my name before it. I was beaten Saturday, and I am done."

"Are you satisfied that you were beaten fairly?"

"Well, I was beaten, but not by the Democratic voters of the ward. They brought in reporters, negroes and that class of people. I had no show, and I knew it soon after the thing began."

"Who, in your opinion, will get the nomination?"

"Why, Broadhead will, in my opinion. I think there is no doubt of it."

"What do you think of Glover?"

"They will give him no show. They bought the First Ward, and they will buy any other ward they want to beat Glover."

"You will not be a candidate under any circumstances?"

"No, sir. I am out of the race, absolutely."

COL. DAVE ARMSTRONG

was asked about his race against Dick Powers, the ballot-stuffer, on Saturday last. Armstrong laughed and said: "I don't feel very bad about it. I expected it straight along."

"How did it come that you made the race?"

"I'll tell you. Some of my friends came to me and said, 'Will you accept the position on the Congressional Committee? It is an appointive office and we will get it for you.' I said I would, but as soon as I found that Geo. Knapp was on the committee I knew that he would not have me in there under any consideration."

"It was rumored that you had settled up your trouble with the Knapps."

"No, sir. I've been fighting them straight along. There was no way for me to settle it, but to apologize and say I was sorry, and that I did not propose to do. I don't want the job of sneezing whenever Col George takes snuff."

"You did not imagine you had much show at Saturday's election?"

"No; but I had promised my friends to make the race, and I could not run under fire. You see the Knapps have made another alliance with their former enemy and new-found friend, Ed. Butler, and between them they slaughtered me. I did not propose to spend any money for a seat in a Congressional Committee which was only good for twenty days. It must be a valuable thing to have, when the other side will spend so much money to get it. No, the new partnership of "Me and George" is too big for me. It met me and I got the worst of it. I don't mind the defeat however. The Republican talks about my appealing to the people. I did no such a thing. I just went before the committee and protested against the railroading in of Powers at the Turner Hall meeting. I let the remainder of the race take the course dictated by the committee."

Powers Has a Walk-Over.

As predicted in Saturday's POST DISPATCH, ex United States Senator Armstrong had no show against Dick Powers, the ex ballot-box stuffer, Ed. Butler's candidate. At the Court-house poll Armstrong held his own pretty well, but at the other two precincts he was unmercifully slaughtered. Powers got a bigger vote at either the poll on Ninth and Market or on Main and Elm than Armstrong did altogether. The vote as announced stood: Powers, 396; Armstrong, 121. All the "boys" had been fired for Dick, and the rumor was that it cost the Broadhead crowd $2,000 to do the work.

NOTES.

Arthur Lee says that John M. Glover has the Tenth Ward in his pocket.

Harry M. Snyder announced himself as a Democratic candidate for Recorder of Deeds this morning.

Augustus S. Tayon is a candidate for Clerk of the Criminal Court, and is being warmly pushed by his friends.

L. A. Steber is still on deck as a Democratic candidate for Probate Judge, and says it looks like all plain sailing as far as he has navigated.

Judge David Wagner, the Globe-Democrat's candidate for Supreme Judge, has written to a prominent Republican to say that he is not in sympathy with the Burch bolt and will have nothing to do with it.

Geo. M. Jackson, Greenback-Labor candidate for Congress in the Tenth District, is in receipt of an answer from Clardy, the Democratic nominee, relative to a joint discussion in the district. Mr. Clardy says that he does not think there is any considerable following of Greenbackers in the district, and, as he proposes to make but one canvass, he prefers to make it with a candidate who has some following. If the Republicans make no nomination, however, Mr. Clardy says he will look upon it as an indorsment of Jackson's candidacy, and he will then accept the invitation to a joint discussion.

SATURDAY NIGHT CAROUSING.

Mr. Etzel's Skull Fractured by a Quartet of Roughs.

On Saturday night last there was a party on Howard, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets, whereat the guests drank and caroused until after daylight Sunday morning. When the gathering disbanded four of the party, steeped in liquor, went down to Etzel's box factory, corner of Eighteenth street and Maiden Lane, to chastise a young man who had sided with his employer in a recent strike. The quartet had begun their work when Mr. Etzel, an old man of 50, appeared upon the scene and endeavored to protect the victim, but before he could do anything one of the party threw a brickbat at him, striking him in the forehead and knocking him senseless. The rowdies then fled. Dr. Evers, who attended Mr. Etzel, found his skull badly fractured, so that a part of the brain protruded. The Doctor thinks there is little hope of recovery. Three of the four men implicated have been arrested, and are now prisoners at the Fourth District Station. Their names are H. Castrup, William Hubert and Henry Rudolph. John Leonard, who is also accused of having taken part is still at large. One of the men under arrest has promised to tell all about the assault, and give the name of the man who threw the brick. Saturday night week another of these balls was given in the same vicinity, peaceable citizens being robbed of their rest all night by the brawls and rows of the drunken guests. At about daylight a party of them ran against Detectives Browning and Tucker, and not knowing who they were picked a fuss with them. It was rumored that the crowd was badly broken up on this occasion, and judging from the number of broken heads and black eyes seen thereabout there is reason to believe the rumor correct.

Nothing Like It in the West.

We have just purchased from the manufacturers over 1,000 dozen genuine British half hose, double heels and toes, full regular made, all fancy colors, which we will close at 35c a pair; they are regular 50c goods. All our line of fancy half hose at 25c; regular 40c goods.

Full line of underwear just received.

FAMOUS, Fifth and Morgan.

The First.

There was a trustee's sale this morning at the Real Estate Exchange. This is the first one ever held in this building, and an effort is being made to make all trustees' sales in this Exchange hereafter. It is claimed that more purchasers can be found there and that the auditors will not be at the mercy of the weather as they are at the famous east door of the Court house. The sale in question was a lot of ground on Fifteenth street and Cass avenue and conveyed by John H. Vornbrock to L. A. Moffett as trustee. The price obtained was $7,500.

ARRANGEMENTS have been made for a special train over the Missouri Pacific Railway for delegates to the Republican State Convention at Jefferson City, to leave Union Depot at 7 p. m. Tuesday, 19th, arriving at Jefferson City about 11:30. Delegates will pay full fare to Jefferson City, $3 75, and return fare, $1 25, on presentation to ticket agent at Jefferson City from the secretary that holder was a delegate or alternate. JOS. A. WHERRY, Secretary.

CITY PERSONALS.

N. H. Hurtt, of Ponds Extract Company, is in the city.

T. P. Hickey, representing Eastern interests, starts this evening to Omaha, via Kansas City.

D. B. Dyer and wife, of the Quapaw Agency, Indian Territory, are in the city stopping with friends in the West End.

Gen. William Ryder arrived this morning from his Arkansas Blood Springs, bringing with him a fine pair of silver gray foxes, which he presented to the Fair Association.

William H. Livingsgood, a prominent lawyer and politician of Reading, Pa., visited the rooms of the State Democratic Central Committee this morning under the wing of E. A. Noonan.

Mr. Goodman King, of Mermod, Jaccard & Co., has just returned from the East, after having made a pleasant trip to Saratoga and Newport, and completed arrangements when in New York to open this fall the most elegant stationary department in the West.

Hon. T. A. Hurd, of Leavenworth, Kas., who came in this morning, states that the weather in his section was unbearable when he left home. He says he never saw anything like it. "It generally rains when I come to St. Louis," said he, "and I came down in the hope of a change for the better." Mr. Hurd is at the Southern.

IF you want a house, rooms or board, consult the want columns of the POST-DISPATCH.

THE TARIFF COMMISSION.

It Holds Its First Session at the Southern.

Messrs. Meier, Hitchcock and Others Argue for and Against Protection.

The members of the Tariff Commission were waited upon at the Southern at 10 o'clock this morning by a committee of the Merchants' Exchange, headed by Edwin Harrison as chairman. Mr. Harrison stated that the object of the committee had been appointed to provide for their comfort and entertainment during their stay in the city and that they had come to confer with them for the purpose of ascertaining when it would suit their convenience to take a look at the city and its environs. The Chairman, Mr. Hayes, of the Commission, responded that there was still some business to be attended to by the Convention, just how much he did not know, and that after it was finished he would communicate with the committee and accept its hospitality. He also thanked the committee and the exchange for their consideration, and invited them to attend the sessions of the commission.

The committee appointed by the Exchange consists of Edwin Harrison, chairman; C. S. Slayback, ex officio chairman; Thomas Howard, Miles Sells, Thomas Richeson, J. B. Lionberger, John Hogan, Silas Bent and W. M. Senter. Adolphus Meier and Theo. Meier were present, but did not belong to the committee.

Mr. Duncan F. Kenner, of the commission, shook hands with his old friend Mr. Hogan, and in the conversation which followed the Egyptian war was touched upon, in the midst of which Col. Richeson remarked that some of the mules captured by the English had been purchased in St. Louis sixty days before.

As the committee was about to retire Mr. Slayback said that he would like to ask the chairman a question. Order being called, he said he had been informed that there were six members of the Commission who had never seen a steamboat. He wanted to know whether this was true.

Mr. Hayes laughed and said that he supposed that was to say that there were no steamboats but the Mississippi steamboats. He himself had never seen a Mississippi steamers at close range.

A general laugh followed, and the commission being canvassed, the report was found to be a mistake, although few of them had not seen a Mississippi steamer. Mr. Slayback blushed at the joke that had been played on him, but went on and said that he had been requested by Mr. John A. Scudder to offer the hospitality of the steamers of the Anchor Line to them. The courtesy was accepted with thanks and the committee departed.

At 11 o'clock the Commission met for business, all the members being present, as follows:

John L. Hayes, of Boston, president; Henry W. Oliver, Jr., of Pittsburg, A. M. Garland of Illinois, J. A. Ambler of Ohio, Robert P. Porter of Washington, Duncan F. Kenner of Louisiana, J. W. H. Underwood of Georgia, Alexander K. Boteler of West Virginia, and W. H. McMahon of New York.

Adolphus Meier, the first gentleman called, produced and read a written statement, in which he discussed the present tariff system. He took the ground that the effect of the existing system is to make the rich richer and the poor poorer. He suggested a gradual reduction in the rates until a moderate tariff was reached, favoring only full taxation on all goods and raw material such as cannot be produced in this country; moderate tariff on those that can be produced with difficulty and absolute relief from taxation on all others. He declared that the surplus money made by the capitalist through a protective tariff did not go to the working class as often represented, but into the pocket of the capitalist. Mr. Meyer appeared as a representative of the three industries—iron, cotton and tobacco—in all of which he is interested.

Mr. Meier was followed by Mr. E. A. Hitchcock, representing the Chrystal Plate Glass Company and the St. Louis Iron and Ore Company, who argued from the opposite standpoint. Mr. Hitchcock, who has just returned from a convention of iron manufacturers at Cresson, Pa., said that all of the eleven large manufactories represented were not on an equal basis, some of them being more in need of protection than others. He said that among these mills there were three or four especially in need of protection, and among them the one located at Carondelet. To be able to offer employment to emigrants there should be manufactories, and that in order to keep up these factories they should be given protection by the Government. This was especially the case, he said, when the market is depressed as it is at present. He said there were about $50,000,000 invested in the mills represented at Cresson, and that in many cases no interest is being realized, and that some of the mills are sinking money. Coming to the plate-glass industry, Mr. Hitchcock referred to it as an infant industry grown up since 1870. The factories now existing in this country act as a manual training school, graduating skilled workmen, who are a credit to the country and who may be utilized in other factories should any spring up.

The cost per capita of this training school is about two cents to the citizens, and is of such great value that he thought they could well afford to pay more for it. About three-fourths of the total cost of the glass is paid out to the workmen who make it. The effect of this protection has been to reduce the price of glass to the consumer. About one-half of what is used in this country is turned out of American factories. The demand for glass is very great now, but if the tariff is removed he thinks the trade will be lost to foreign capitalists.

Mr. Oliver asked Mr. Meier be recalled, and when that gentleman reappeared asked him whether he thought it a wise policy to tax tea and coffee, two articles that cannot be produced in the United States, to which Mr. Meier replied in the affirmative. He believed in almost direct taxation so that the tax payer might know what he is paying.

Mr. W. H. Lee, representing the pig iron interest, and Jos. E. Ware, pottery and earthenware, being heard, the committee went into executive session to receive the committee from the Merchants' Exchange. The open session began again at 2 o'clock.

THREE LINES for ten cents in the wants and purely personal column of the POST-DISPATCH.

Crumbs of the Courts.

The will of John H. Hayward bearing date January 3, 1882, was admitted to probate to-day. The estate is left to the widow.

Judge Thayer in chambers this afternoon held that the referee in the Windsor Hotel case could hold the testimony until the matter of his compensation had been disposed of.

The will of Jacob Rieseck, bearing date February 7, 1874, was admitted to probate to-day. The daughters, Cathrine and Frederika, receive $1,000 each and the residue of the estate passes to the widow, who is appointed executrix.

All the Circuit Judges have returned to town except Judge Horner. They meet every day in the consultation room at the Court-house, discussing the prospects of the several candidates for the bench. Judge Adams hears motions in urgent cases before the court every morning at ten o'clock.

The following business was before the Probate Court this morning: Dexter S. Crosby, curator of Mary Semple Ames; exhibit for final settlement. Estate of Carl Moritz Freund, widow allowed $300. Estate of Adolphus Harless, widow allowed $950 in lieu of provisions. Home Savings Bank vs. estate of Rudolph Rircher, balance of $577 15 due on judgment placed in fourth class.

Insurance Items.

There is a movement on foot in Kansas City to establish a Mutual Aid Insurance Company to work on the assessment plan. The projectors propose to deposit the $100,000 security with the State and to comply with all of the requirements of the State insurance laws. There is also a movement on foot of the same nature at Springfield, Mo., but the parties interested in the latter scheme have not the means to make the deposit, and are trying to come under the charitable clause of the insurance law. They have written to the Superintendent for permission to do business on that basis, but he has refused the request. They proposed to adopt a plan similar to the Fleetwood Mutual Aid Company, of Pennsylvania, which company was broken up by the courts of that State.

TEL-EL-KEBIR.

The Great Battle of the War in Egypt.

How the Bold Britons Carried Arabi's Entrenchments.

Tel-el-Kebir Special to New York Herald.

The first move was a short one, being only to the sand hills above the camp. There the arms were piled and the men lay down on the sand or sat and chatted over the coming fight. At 1 o'clock word was passed around and they again fell in. Never did fourteen thousand men get under arms more quietly. The very orders appeared to be given in lowered tones. Almost noiselessly the dark column moved off, their footfall being deadened by the sand. The silence was broken only by the occasional clash of steel. It was a certainty that the great struggle would commence with the dawn, and the expectation was that any moment they might be challenged by Bedouin horsemen far out in the plain in front of the enemy. There were frequent halts, to enable regiments to maintain touch and allow the transport wagons, whose wheels crunched loudly over the sandy plains, to keep up with us. On our right was Graham's brigade, which had already done good service by twice repelling the assaults of the enemy. Next came the Guards, the brigade which was, when the action began, to act in support of Gen. Graham. Between them and the canal were forty-two guns of the Royal Artillery. On the railway itself the Naval Brigade advanced with a forty-pounder. On a track south of the canal the Highland regiments led the advance, followed by the Indian troops in support of the cavalry. The horse artillery had started due north to make a long detour and come down on the enemy's line of retreat. By early dawn the troops arrived within a thousand yards of the enemy's line. They halted there a short time to enable the fighting lines to be formed and other preparations to be made. Perfect silence still reigned over the plain. It was difficult to credit the fact that 14,000 men lay in a semi-circle around the enemy's lines ready to dash forward at the signal at the low sand trenches in front, behind which so many men slumbered unsuspicious of our presence. As usual, in a movement carried out in darkness, many detached parties altogether lost their way. I met some mounted police among the number. For a while we completely beat the rest of the force. We went hither and thither all night until daybreak, and nearly stumbled into the enemy's lines. The attack began on the left. Nothing could be imagined finer than the advance of the Highland Brigade. The Seventy-fourth were next the canal, next the Camerons and the Gordon Highlanders continued the line, with the Black Watch upon their flank. The Forty-sixth and Sixtieth Regiments formed a second line.

Swiftly and silently the Highlanders moved forward to the attack. No word was spoken, no shot fired until within three hundred yards of the enemy's earth work. Nor up to that time did any sound from the Egyptians betoken that they were aware of the presence of their assailants. Then suddenly a terrific fire flashed along the line of sand heaps, a storm of bullets whizzed over the heads of the advancing troops, a wild cheer broke from the Highlanders, and in response the pipes struck shrilly up. Bayonets were fixed, and at double-quick time they dashed forward. The first line of intrenchments was carried, the enemy scarcely offering any resistance. But from another of the intrenchments, behind which in the still dim light one could scarcely see, a burst of musketry broke out. For a few minutes the Highlanders poured a heavy fire, but it was probably as innocuous as that of the unseen enemy whose bullets whistled harmlessly overhead. The delay in the advance was but short. Then the order was given, and the brigade again went rapidly forward. Soon a portion of the force had passed between the enemy's redoubts and opened a flanking fire.

This was too much for the Egyptians, who took to their heels and fairly ran, suffering, as the crowded masses rushed across the open, very heavily from our fire, being literally mowed down by hundreds.

Meanwhile the fighting began upon the other flank. The Horse Artillery shelled the enemy's extreme left. Here the Egyptians were more prepared than on their right. For a time they kept up a steady fire. The Royal Irish were sent to turn the enemy's left. At the word they dashed at the trenches and carried them at the bayonet's point, so turning the flank of the defenders of the position. Next came the Eighty-eighth Regiment, then the Eighty-fourth, the guards being close up behind in support. These regiments advanced by regular rushes. For a time the enemy clung to their line of intrenchments, but their fire was irregular, ineffective, and the British troops got fairly into the trenches. Then the enemy fought stoutly for a few moments. The combat was a hand-to-hand one. Major Hart shot one man who was trying to wrest a revolver from his hand. This was even before the trench had been turned by our advance on their flank. Then, as the British poured in, the Egyptians fled as rapidly as those on the other side of the canal had done before the Highlanders. The fight was now practically over, the only further danger arising from the bullets of the British troops who were firing in all directions upon the flying enemy, as with loud cheers the whole line advanced in pursuit. The Egyptians did not preserve the slightest semblance of order, but fled a confused rabble at the top of their speed. A ride over the field after the battle shows that the enemy's loss was extremely heavy; indeed it is difficult to understand how so great a number of men have been killed in the battle which lasted but a brief hour. The enemy's position consisted of lines of solid intrenchments bound together by wattles. It was four miles long from flank to flank.

At intervals bastions mounted by guns protected the front. There were successive series of deep trenches at right angle to the extreme left of their portion. A deep trench extends two miles to the rear, behind which is another intrenchment, forming a defense of the front line from attack on the flank. Towards the canal on the right were very strong works. The natural irregularities of the ground constitutes a very formidable position which would have cost a great expenditure of life had it been attacked in front. This part of the line, however, was avoided. Our attacks were directed toward the flanks. All who accompanied the Highland Brigade were enthusiastic at the brilliant character of their advance. Their orders were to march up to the first trench and carry it by bayonet without firing a shot. This order was literally executed. After their conduct on preceding occasions it was expected that the Egyptians would not stop to oppose a determined rush, but hundreds remained firm at their post and were bayoneted where they stood. As soon as the trench was won, the Highlanders were assailed from the strong inner lines commanding the trench which had been carried. But cheering loudly, they pressed forward, carrying one redoubt after another, shooting and bayoneting the foe as they ran.

At one point only was the advance checked for a moment, but the first line was reinforced from behind, and with another cheer they swept on again and cleared the enemy from before them. At some of the bastions the resistance, although unavailing, was desperate, the Egyptians being caught as in a trap by the rapidity of the advance, defending themselves to the last. At these points the Egyptians lie dead in hundreds while only here and there a Highlander lies stretched among them, lying face downward, as if shot in the act of charging.

Why the English Whipped Them.

Alexandria Letter to New York Sun.

It does not appear to be generally known that a large proportion of the Egyptians are blind. More than ninety per cent of the native population suffer from chronic opthalmia, caused by microscopic particles of sand, blown from the great desert by severe southerly winds. Some idea of the force of these sand blasts may be formed from the fact that the hieroglyphics on that side of Cleopatra's Needle, now in Central Park, which was exposed to the south, were almost obliterated. Europeans after a long stay in the country suffer from the same cause, and the disease is very pronounced in children of Europeans born in Egypt. It is easily understood then that the Egyptian soldier, however well he may be drilled, is not dangerous as a marksman, and this accounts for the impunity with which the English troops have so often advanced to within 200 yards of Arabi Pasha's lines. But this is not the only drawback of the fellah army. The men are physically unable to stand continued hard work and privations. The total absence of all sanitary precautions, hereditary and chronic diseases, filth, sudden changes of temperature, and the most disgusting immorality have reduced the Egyptian army to a mere shadow. Over 30 per cent of the entire population suffer from consumption, and it is next to impossible to meet with a native born fellah, who can boast of more than forty years.

THE want columns of the POST-DISPATCH are not only useful, but make very interesting reading.

The Duke of Albany's Illness.

From a London Letter.

Of the recent illness of the Duke of Albany, the youngest son of the Queen, the London Lancet says: "Prince Leopold is known to suffer from constitutional weakness, with liability to hemorrhage—hæmatophilia. Of this malady he has recently had an attack. Hæmatophilia ten years ago had no place in the College of Physicians' 'Nomenclature of Diseases.' The malady is interesting for several features other than the tendency to a spontaneous hemorrhage, or to bleeding from slight traumatic causes; such, for example, as the great proclivity to painful swelling of the joints, dependent or not upon injury, the fact of the morbid condition being in many cases congenital, and its hereditary transmission to males especially. It may be hoped that the present indisposition of the Duke of Albany is not of serious character, and that his Royal Highness will make a good recovery; but it is abundantly evident that the avoidance of any considerable exertion must be continued for some time to come, and the Duke will need to regard himself as an invalid. Since his marriage his Royal Highness has made a laudable and highly appreciated effort to assume a full share of those tolls of state which, in England, have for many years devolved on the younger members of the royal family. The state of his Royal Highness' health clearly necessitates more than ordinary caution in the expenditure of strength. The care which the Duke of Albany is receiving from those about him is likely to carry him safely through the present trouble, and such self-restraint as he must be enjoined to practice rigorously in the future will, it is hoped, be successful in preserving a life which, like that of every other member of the reigning family, is dear to the heart of a loyal people."

An Ohio Love Affair.

Akron (O.) Special to Cincinnati Commercial.

There was almost a case of lynching in the Sixth Ward last night. Julius Swift, who outraged Kate Kline, aged fifteen years, some time ago, has been at liberty on bail, and his victim had become so infatuated with him that he enticed her to go to James Cannon's house, having made arrangement to elope. About 10 o'clock last night the father of the girl and officer Hart, armed with a search warrant, went to Cannon's for the girl. Swift and the girl managed to leave the house and hid in the weeds, but were subsequently discovered. While the officer was taking care of the girl, a large crowd got Swift, badly assaulted him, and threatened to lynch him, and probably would have done so had not the officer rushed in and taken Swift in custody, and then the crowd threatened vengeance. For a time the excitement reigned. Now the girl wants to marry Swift, and great indignation is expressed.

THREE LINES for ten cents in the wants and purely personal column of the POST-DISPATCH.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

The Hillsdales will leave for home on Wednesday.

Sweeny, the train robber, has been safely lodged in jail at Little Rock, Ark.

The people of Victoria refuse to allow Chinamen to erect arches to grace the reception of the Marquis of Lorne.

The Maverick National Bank, in Boston, has been victimized to the tune of $6,000 by a raised check. Forger unknown.

A. C. Baker, a clothes renovator of Hannibal, Mo., was torn to pieces early Saturday morning on the levee railroad tracks by a switch engine.

A young daughter of John H. Jameson, of Fulton, Mo., in lighting a match on Saturday, accidentally set fire to her clothing and was burned to death.

A railroad hand, Mike Ahern, was stabbed in a saloon row at Springfield, Mo., on Sunday night, by Payton Harris. His wound will probably prove fatal.

There was a boom among the church-goers at Plattsburg, Mo., on Sunday. The ministers of the Methodist Conference in session there filled the local pulpits and drew large crowds.

The members of the River Commission arrived at Vicksburg from St. Louis on the United States steamer Mississippi, Sunday evening. They had not then determined upon their next stage.

Col. John Cosgrove, of Cooper, the Democratic nominee for Congress, was heartily received by his constituents on Sunday at Columbia. He addressed them at length at the Court-house.

George Andrews, a farmer of Hudson township, Ill., was waylaid by two tramps, who seized him, bound him to a sapling, robbed him of $19, and made off, leaving their victim tied and gagged.

Charles A. Ketchum, the young man arrested on Saturday at Topeka, Kas., proves to be the grand coin thief the police have been seeking for several months. He is now in jail at Kansas City.

The passenger steamer Asia was lost on Lake Huron on Thursday morning during a gale. Only two survivors are reported. Fully one hundred persons are believed to have gone down with the vessel.

Harris, the man who murderously assaulted James at Des Moines, Iowa, on Sunday morning, is accused of two other similar assaults, the victims of both of which died. He is now in jail at Indianola, and it is quite probable he will be lynched.

A scare was caused at San Francisco owing to the receipt by the Captain of the Comus, the war-ship conveying the Marquis of Lorne and the Princess Louise to Victoria, of an anonymous letter stating that the vessel would be blown up by a torpedo. There was, however, no cause for alarm.

Yellow Fever is increasing in Mexico, but dying out in Texas. At Pensacola the disease does not perceptibly abate. Out of forty-one cases nineteen have proved fatal. At Brownsville on Sunday there were twenty-two new cases, but no deaths.

At Kansas City, on Sunday morning, the freight depot of the Chicago and Alton Railroad was destroyed by fire. The building, which was insured, was valued at $4,000; but the destruction of merchandise and damage to freight cars amounts to $16,000 more.

Gen. Sherman and a small party passed Sunday night on the summit of Mount Washington. The wind blew at the rate of 108 miles an hour, and the temperature was 19 degrees. Ice had to be cut from off the railroad track before the train could descend.

Mrs. Melville, the wife of Engineer Melville of the Jeannette Arctic Expedition, on seeing her husband on Sunday for the first time since his return, was completely prostrated by excitement, and is now in a critical condition in an asylum. She has long been the victim of a nervous complaint.

'TWAS THE CAT.

How a Black Feline Killed a Little Child.

Pittsburg (Pa.) Special to New York Herald.

Shortly before seven o'clock this morning the infant child of Anton Pelatea, No. 100 Fourteenth street, south side, was found dead in bed. A big cat was sitting on its breast. It was said at once that its breath had been sucked away by the animal, and all the old women in the vicinity agreed to this conclusion. Dr. Thomas, the family physician, was notified of the death of the child, but he said he could do nothing for it, and advised them to send for the Coroner and have the case investigated. A reporter called at the house, where he was met at the door by both the father and mother, and conducted to an upper room, where on a small bed in one corner lay the remains of the child neatly dressed. The entire lower portion of the face and a part of the neck were greatly discolored. The lips were almost black, the tongue was swollen and protruding to the edge of the lips, the nostrils were filled with mucus. The first impression was that the child had died from a spasm, producing congestion of the capillaries or blood vessels on the skin.

The mother—a rather good-looking young woman—told the following story: "When I got up this morning, at a quarter of six o'clock, the baby was well. It appeared unusually lively, crowing and playing with its hands. I left it and went down stairs to get my husband's breakfast. As I went down stairs I saw the old black cat that has been coming into our house whenever she gets a chance, and I kicked her out the door. After breakfast was over my husband came up stairs, got his hat and started out to work. I came up right away, and found the cat sitting on the baby's stomach with its nose down to the child's face. I grabbed the cat and threw it down stairs and then picked the baby up. I noticed some red spots on its face and thought it looked queer, which frightened me, and I laid it down in the crib and ran out and called my husband, who hadn't got out of the yard. He came in and said the child was dead. I screamed and the neighbors came running in to see what was the matter. Dr. Thomas was sent for, but he said he couldn't do anything, for it was dead."

The father said this same cat had been coming into the house for some time, and he had thrown it out of the window, kicked it down stairs, whipped it and done everything he could think of to make it stay away, but it wouldn't. He was firmly convinced that it was the cause of the child's death. He thought it was not more than two minutes from the time he had left the house until his wife called him, and the cat could not have been on the child's breast more than three or four minutes. As soon as he told the owners of the cat what had been done they killed it. Dr. Thomas was spoken to in regard to the matter. He said the child was born September 1, and was to all appearances perfectly healthy when he saw it last Saturday. He says there are no well authenticated cases of cats killing children in this way. They are fond of them, and often sit with their noses near the mouths of the children, probably attracted by the smell of milk in their breath. It would be impossible for a cat to stop the child's breath, and "as for sucking it away, it is absurd." He had not seen the child since it died, but the symptoms indicated death from convulsions or strangulation.

Shortening the Ocean Voyage.

From the Chicago Times.

Dr. Norvin Green has recently resigned the presidency of the Western Union Telegraph Company to take charge of a new association entitled "The Great American and European Short-Line Railway Company." The new company proposes to shorten the sea voyage to Europe by building railways as far as possible and then establishing new ports, between which a line of swift steamers shall ply. According to the plan of the new company, a railway will be built from Oxford, N. S., to New Glasgow, N. S., a distance of seventy miles. The Halifax and Bape Breton railway extends from this point to the Strait of Conso. It is proposed build a bridge across the Strait of Conso. A railway will have to be constructed the whole length of Cape Breton Island. From Cape North to Cape Riny trains will be ferried, and from this point to the east coast of Newfoundland, a distance of 350 miles, a new railway will have to be constructed. From this point passengers will be conveyed by steamer to the west coast of Ireland, where a rail route will again be taken to St. George's Channel, thence to Liverpool by ferry. The new plan will reduce the ocean route from 3,000 miles to about 1,600 miles. It is expected to put on the ocean route steamers that will cover 500 miles per day, so that but little over three days need be spent on the briny deep. It is stated that the railway from Nova Scotia to the extreme eastern point of Newfoundland will be completed in 1886, and immediately thereafter a fast steamship line will be established between Newfoundland and Ireland.

A FATAL MISTAKE.

How a Blundering Judgment May be Responsible for the Most Serious Results.

Mr. Edwin Booth said recently that he supposed his lungs were affected, having a persistent cough, until he saw Dr. McKenzie, of London, who found that this symptom arose from a disturbance of the liver.—[N. Y. Herald.

The above item, which has been going the rounds of the press, is of no special significance other than to the friends of Mr. Booth, except that it brings to light a truth of the greatest importance to the world. Few people pass through life without the affliction of a cough at some point in their career. In most cases this is considered the result of a cold or the beginning of consumption, and thousands have become terrified at this revelation and have sought by a change of air and the use of cough medicines to avert the impending disaster. It may safely be said that more than half the coughs which are afflicting the world to-day do not have their origin in the lungs, but are the result of more serious troubles in other organs of the body. "Liver coughs" are exceedingly common, and yet are almost wholly misunderstood. Arising from a disordered state of the liver, they show their results by congesting the lungs. In fact, the efforts of the liver to throw off the disease produce coughing even when the lungs themselves are in a healthy state.

But it is a mistake to suppose that such delicate tissues as the lungs can long remain in a healthy condition when they are being constantly agitated by coughing. Such a theory would be absurd. Consumption, which was feared at first, is certain to take place unless something is done to check the cause. This must be plain to every thoughtful mind. It stands to reason, therefore, that the only way in which "liver coughs" can be removed is by restoring the liver to health.

In this connection another fact of great importance becomes known, which can best be explained by the relation of an actual event. Mr. W——, a wealthy cattle dealer of Colorado, became greatly reduced in health and came East to Chicago for the purpose of being cured. He consulted Dr J——, one of the leading physicians of the country on pulmonic subjects, and began treatment for the cure of his lungs. But his cough increased, while his strength decreased. Finally he determined to consult another physian and applied to Dr. B——. After a careful examination he was informed that his lungs were perfectly sound, while his kidneys were in a most terrible condition. He had all the apparent symptoms of consumption, but he was suffering from the terrible Bright's disease. The symptoms of consumption are often the sure indications of Bright's disease.

The above truths regarding coughs have been known by the leading physicians for several years, but the public have never been informed of them. They are serious facts, however, and should be understood by all so that dangers which might otherwise prove fatal may be avoided. They clearly prove one great truth, which is, that the kidneys and liver are such vital organs that their health should be constantly guarded. The distressing, hacking cough, which is often dreaded as the forerunner of consumption and the wasting strength which accompanies it, in all probability may arise from weakened or diseased kidneys or liver, to restore which would cause returning health. How this most desirable end may be attained has long been a problem, but few people of intelligence at the present day have longer any doubts that the popular remedy known as Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure has done more to correct, relieve and restore these organs than any other preparations ever before known. There are hundreds of instances which have occurred within the past three months where individuals have believed themselves the victims of consumption, when in reality it was deranged kidneys and liver, which this remarkable medicine has completely cured, as witness the following statement:

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 6, 1882.—I believe it to be a fact that thousands of cases of so called consumption can be successfully treated by simply using Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure as directed. I was one of the "given up to die" persons—having every symptom of the last stage of consumption—bad cough of four years' standing, night sweats, chills, etc., etc. A season South did no good, and the fact was the case looked discouraging. I took Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, and in three months I regained over twenty pounds, and my health was fully restored.

W. C. BEACH,
Foreman Buffalo Rubber Type Foundry.

There are thousands of people in America to-day who believe they are the victims of consumption and destined to an early grave and who are trying to save themselves by the use of consumption cures, but are growing worse each hour. Let all such persons stop and calmly consider whether they are not seeking to check a disease in the lungs when it is located in the kidneys and liver. Let them then treat the disease in its original stronghold and by the remedy which has been proven to be the most effective and then look for the return of health and happiness which such treatment is sure to bring.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Is a Positive Cure

For all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

A Medicine for Woman. Invented by a Woman. Prepared by a Woman.

The Greatest Medical Discovery Since the Dawn of History.

It revives the drooping spirits, invigorates and harmonizes the organic functions, gives elasticity and firmness to the step, restores the natural lustre to the eye, and plants on the pale cheek of woman the fresh roses of life's spring and early summer time.

Physicians Use It and Prescribe It Freely

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulant, and relieves weakness of the stomach.

That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.

For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S BLOOD PURIFIER will eradicate every vestige of Humors from the Blood, and give tone and strength to the system, of man woman or child. Insist on having it.

Both the Compound and Blood Purifier are prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price of either, $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, or of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Enclose 3ct. stamp. Send for pamphlet.

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness, and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.

Sold by all Druggists. (1)

DOCTOR WHITTIER,

617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.

A regular Graduate of two medical colleges, has been longer engaged in the treatment of Chronic, Nervous, Skin and Blood Diseases than any other physician in St. Louis, as city papers show and all old residents know. Consultation at office or by mail, free and invited. A friendly talk or opinion cost nothing. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent by mail or express everywhere. Curable cases guaranteed; where doubt exists it is frankly stated.

Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness, Mercurial and other affections of Throat, Skin and Bones, Blood Impurities and Blood Poisoning, Skin Affections, Old Sores and Ulcers, Impediments to Marriage, Rheumatism, Piles. Especial attention to cases from over-worked brain. SURGICAL Cases receive Special attention.

What is the voice of past ages regarding special practice? Herodotus, the father of history, says that in Egypt, 3,000 years ago, "certain individuals treated certain diseases only." He adds, "no doubt they in this copied the Assyrians of earlier ages.—[HERODOTUS Enterpe, section 84. HIPPOCRATES, the earliest medical scholar, plainly says the human intellect could not compass all medical knowledge, and only by treating by classes was there hope of proficiency.

TO-DAY IN AMERICA.

Austin Flint, M. D., Professor in Bellevue Medical College, New York, says in his Principles and Practice of Medicine, 1873, page 28. "The more important specialties are now recognized. Specialties result from an increase of knowledge, rendering it difficult for one mind to compass all." We say all honor to this master mind and teacher, who stands highest in pathological knowledge in this country. His works are text books in all medical colleges.

It is self-evident that a physician paying particular attention to a class of cases attains great skill, and physicians in regular practice all over the country, knowing this, frequently recommend cases to this oldest office in America, where every known appliance is resorted to and the proved good remedies of all ages and countries are used. A whole house is used for office purposes, and all are treated with skill in a respectful manner; and, knowing what to do, no experiments are made. On account of the great number of cases applying, the charges are kept low, often lower than is demanded by others. If you secure the skill and get a speedy and perfect cure, that is the important matter.

A MEDICAL BOOK

Of 250 pages. Illustrated, cloth and gilt binding, 50 cents; paper cover 25 cents. Sent, sealed, by mail. Anybody can read it, and every young, middle-aged and old man ought to read it. German, 64 pages, two stamps. Pamphlets, 36 pages, free. Calls or letters of consultation free and invited. Consultation other hours and private entrance by appointment by mail.

Hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 12 m. to 1 p. m. only.

DR. WOOD—Thirty years practical experience. Cures all CHRONIC DISEASES of male or female, no matter how SERIOUS or long standing in less time and for LESS MONEY than any other physician. Every case guaranteed; business confidential. Office private, No. 619 Locust st. Call or write. Hours 8 to 8 daily. P. S.—Female pills and rubber goods best in market.

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A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer engaged in the treatment of Chronic, Nervous, Skin and Blood Diseases than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show and all old residents know. Mercurial and other affections of Throat, Skin and Bones, Blood Impurities and Blood Poisoning, Skin affections, Old Sores and Ulcers, Impediments to Marriage, Rheumatism, Piles, Especial attention to cases arising from overworked brain. Consultation at office or by mail free—invited. Pamphlet free. Medicine sent by mail or express. Cures guaranteed. Where doubt exists it is frankly stated.

MARRIAGE GUIDE! 280 PAGES. FINE PLATES.

Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life, on the following subjects: Who may marry, who not, why. Manhood, Womanhood, Physical decay. Who should marry. How life and happiness may be increased. Those married or contemplating marriage should read it, then keep under lock and key. 25 cts., by mail, in money or postage.

NOTICE TO THE HEIRS OF HENRY BOERS, DECEASED.—Henry Boers committed suicide in St. Louis county, Mo., on or about the 25th day of April, 1880. He was about sixty years old, five feet nine or ten inches high, heavy set and large-boned, weighed about 175 pounds, with florid complexion, but not clear; brown hair, full, round face and large head, teeth well preserved. The color of his eyes was different, one being dark, the other light.

He came to St. Louis from Germany about 1852, and then worked as a day laborer, but for twenty-five years before his death he was a plasterer. He left an estate valued at $1,548 51, consisting of personal property appraised at $64 20, notes and interest $1,441 70, cash $59 61.

For further particulars, apply at my office or to the attorneys for the estate.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street.
Klein & Fisse, attorneys for estate, 506 Olive street, St. Louis.
St. Louis, August 28, 1882. 40T

LEGAL.

No. 14,491 of Estate.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of John McMahan, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of
John McMahan,
deceased, and that I did so on the 7th day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.
All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.
MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 24T

No. 14,394 of Estate.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Thomas Poe, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of
Thomas Poe,
deceased, and that I did so on the first day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.
All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.
MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, 2d floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 21T

No. 14,400 of Estate.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Robert Dickey, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of
Robert Dickey,
deceased, and that I did so on the 7th day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.
All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.
MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 23T

No. 14,423 of Estate.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of L. A. Welch, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of
L. A. Welch,
deceased, and that I did so on the 23d day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.
All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.
MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 30T

No. 14,416 of Estate.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Jacob Conrad, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of
Jacob Conrad,
deceased, and that I did so on the 15th day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.
All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year from the date of said letters or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.
MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 27T

ESTATE of Lorenz Beumer, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentory on the estate of
Lorenz Beumer,
deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 2nd day of September, A. D. 1882.
All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.
Dated this 6th day of September, 1882.
AMALIE BEUMER,
15V Executrix of Lorenz Beumer, deceased.

No. 14,389 of Estate.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of John Connors, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of
John Connors,
deceased, and that I did so on the 7th day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same, with the will annexed.
All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.
MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 22T

No. 14,424 of Estate.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Henrietta Matthaei, deceased. Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of
Henrietta Matthaei,
deceased, and that I did so on the 24th day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.
All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.
MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut st.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 31T

ESTATE OF Ellen Crowley, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of
Ellen Crowley,
deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 18th day of August, 1882.
All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.
Dated this 19th day of August, 1882.
THOMAS J. ROWE,
Administrator of the estate of Ellen Crowley, deceased. 1T

No. 14,393 of Estate.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Milton Carper, deceased. Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of
Milton Carper,
deceased, and that I did so on the 1st day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.
All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.
MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 20T

No. 14,422 of Estate.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Elizabeth Deakers, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of
Elizabeth Deakers,
deceased, and that I did so on the 23d day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.
All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.
MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo. August 28, 1882. 29T

No. 14,411 of Estate.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of John H. McAlpine, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of
John H. McAlpine,
deceased, and that I did so on the 14th day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.
All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.
MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis, Office 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 16T

ESTATE of Herman H. Schemmer, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of
Herman H. Schemmer,
deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 8th day of September A. D. 1882.
All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within one year from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.
Dated this 11th day of September, A. D. 1882.
HENRY W. MEYER,
Administrator of the estate of Herman H. Schemmer, deceased.
KLEIN & FISSE, Attorneys. 16V

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas George M. Fichtenkam and Elizabeth A. Fichtenkam, his wife, and Bernard Goldschmitt, as trustee of said Elizabeth A. Fichtenkam, acting therein at her special instance and request, which is signified by her signature thereto attached, by their certain deed of trust, with power of sale, dated the 30th day of May, 1871, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for Jefferson county, Missouri, in book 3, at pages 589, 590 and 591, did convey to the undersigned, Louis Ottenad, as trustee, the following described real estate, lying and situate in Jefferson county, Missouri, to-wit: The east half of lot number four (4) of the northwest quarter, and the west half of lot number five (5) of the northeast quarter of section number four (4), in township number thirty-nine (39), of range number five (5) east, containing eighty acres. Also, all that tract or parcel of land in the county of Jefferson and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot number four (4) of the northeast quarter of section number four (4), in township number thirty-nine (39), of range number five (5) east, containing eighty acres, it being the same one hundred and sixty (160) acres of land which the said Bernard Goldschmidt, as trustee of said Elizabeth A. Fichtenkam, acquired of Edward C. McNulty and wife, by deed dated the 6th day of July, A. D. 1864, and recorded in the Recorder's office of said Jefferson county, in book T, pages 574, 575 and 576; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of seven certain promissory negotiable notes, bearing even date with said deed of trust, and therein fully described, and executed by the said George M. Fichtenkam and Elizabeth A. Fichtenkam, his wife. And whereas default has been made in the payment of the principal note described in and secured by said deed, for the sum of $4,000, payable three years after date, and the same remains wholly unpaid, together with interest accrued thereon from the 30th day of May, 1877; now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that, at the request of the legal holder and owner of said unpaid principal note, by virtue of the authority of said deed of trust and in pursuance of the provisions thereof, I, the undersigned, trustee in said deed, will, on
TUESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1882,
between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east Court-house door, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell, and will sell, the property hereinbefore described, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said unpaid note, with the interest accrued thereon, and the costs and expenses of executing said trust.
LOUIS OTTENAD, Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., August 31, 1882. 51T

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Catherine Morrisey, widow, and Kate Morrisey, unmarried, by their deed of trust, dated the twenty-eighth day of October, 1881, and recorded in book 664, page 146, of the office of Recorder of Deeds for city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, did convey to the undersigned, trustee, all their right and interest in and to the following described real estate situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit.: A lot of ground in block number 2251 of said city of St. Louis, being lot number sixteen (16) of block number seven (7) of the continuation of Larned's addition to said city, and having a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the east line of Summit or Ewing avenue by a depth east of 117 feet, bounded west by Summit or Ewing avenue, north by Pacific Railroad, south by land now or late of Kremper and east by land now or late of Kenney; which conveyance was in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed of trust fully described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of the said note by said deed secured, and the same remains due and unpaid; now therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will on
TUESDAY, THE THIRD DAY OF OCTOBER, A. D. 1882,
between the hours of nine o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the said city of St. Louis, proceed to sell the property hereinbefore described at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said note and the expenses of executing this trust.
JOHN H. OVERALL, Trustee.
Valle Reyburn, attorney.
St. Louis, August 15, 1882. 64S

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Henry Buchholz and Johanna Buchholz his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the nineteenth day of April, A. D. 1872, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 448, page 489, conveyed in trust to the undersigned the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, described as follows: Lot No. eighteen (18), of block No. three (3) of George Bailey's first addition to the city of St. Louis, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point on the eastern line of Pleasant street one hundred and eighty feet five inches southwardly from the southern line of Kossuth avenue thence eastwardly with the southern line of lot nineteen of said block one hundred and twenty feet to alley, thence southwardly with the western line of said alley twenty five feet to the northern line of lot seventeen of said block, thence westwardly with the northern line of said lot seventeen one hundred and twenty feet to Pleasant street, thence northwardly with the eastern line of Pleasant street twenty-five feet to the place of beginning; also a certain piece or parcel of ground situated, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, described as follows: Being ten feet and five inches of ground off of the southern line of lot No. fifteen in block No. three in George Bailey's first addition to the city of St. Louis, bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by a part of lot No. nineteen, on the east by an alley, south by lot No. eighteen of said addition, and west by Pleasant street. Also lots No. twenty-five and twenty-six of block No. 4 of George Bailey's first addition to the city of St. Louis, described as follows: Beginning at a point in the west line of Bentzen street, distant southwardly one hundred and six feet one inch from the southwest corner of Bentzen street and Kossuth avenue thence running southwardly forty-five feet five inches, thence westwardly eighty-four feet four inches parallel with Bailey avenue to a point, thence northwardly parallel with Bentzen street forty-five feet five inches to an alley, thence eastwardly parallel with Bailey avenue eighty four feet four inches to place of beginning; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described. And whereas one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on
FRIDAY, THE 29th DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D., 1882,
between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell the above described real estate, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said note and the cost of executing this trust.
JOHN M. KRUM, Trustee.
R. J. DELANO, Attorney. 99T

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of an order of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, made at the June term, A. D. 1882, in the matter of Sallie A. Gordon vs. Minerva E. Goll et al., I, the undersigned, special commissioner, will, in pursuance of said order, on
MONDAY, THE 2D DAY OF OCTOBER, 1882,
at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Mo., between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, expose at public outcry, to the highest bidder, upon terms of one third cash, the balance in one and two years, the deferred payments to bear 6 per cent per annum interest, and to be secured by deed of trust upon the property sold, or, at the option of the purchaser, for cash, all the right, title and interest of all the parties named in said matter of Sallie A. Gordon vs. Minerva E. Goll et al., being case No. 58,706 of said court, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit:
1. Lot 24 of block 218 of said city, having a front of fifty feet on the west line of Fourteenth street by a depth of 150 feet and more particularly described as follows: Commencing at a point on the west line of Fourteenth street one hundred (100) feet north of the intersection of the west line of Fourteenth street with the north line of Poplar street, thence westwardly parallel with Poplar street 150 feet to an alley, thence northwardly along the east line of said alley fifty feet, thence eastwardly parallel with Poplar street 150 feet to the west line of Fourteenth street, thence southwardly along the west line of Fourteenth street 50 feet to the point of beginning.
2. A certain lot of ground situated in block 320 of said city, having a front of 26 feet, 8 inches on the west line of Second street by a depth of 150 feet and described as follows: Commencing at a point in the west line of Second street 53 feet 4 inches south of the point of intersection of the west line of Second street with the south line of Madison street, thence westwardly parallel with Madison street 150 feet, thence southwardly parallel with Second street 26 feet 8 inches, thence eastwardly parallel with Madison street 150 feet to Second street, thence northwardly along the west line of Second street 26 feet 8 inches to the point of beginning, and being bounded on north by land now or formerly of Jas. S. Signaigo, on east by Second street, on south by land now or formerly of Harrison & Filley, and on west by land now or formerly of Moore.
Sale will be subject to approval of the court.
JAMES M. CARPENTER, Special Commissioner.
Collins & Jamison, Attorneys for Plaintiffs. 99T

No. 14,420 of Estate.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Barbara Kaeppler, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of
Barbara Kaeppler,
deceased, and that I did so on the 21st day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.
All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.
MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 28T

No. 14,406 of Estate.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of James McDowell, deceased. Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of
James McDowell,
deceased, and that I did so on the 9th day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.
All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.
MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut st., second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 26T

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

WHEREAS the South St. Louis Railway Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Missouri, in conformity with a resolution of the Board of Directors and under authority granted by a meeting of stockholders, as it does appear in two deeds, one dated October 8, 1878, and recorded in book 599, page 310, and the other one dated October 24, 1878, and recorded in book 601, page 206, of the St. Louis City Records, by its president and secretary, and with the corporate seal attached, did convey to the undersigned, William C. Lange, by the foregoing deeds, the following described property, etc., to-wit:
All and singular the right and privileges and franchises belonging to or hereafter to be acquired by the South St. Louis Railway Company, under the laws of the State of Missouri and the ordinances of the city of St. Louis, also its tracks of railway now laid down or hereafter to be laid down in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, and all iron or steel rails, material, passenger cars, rolling stock, live stock, horses, mules, harness, equipments, and all personal property and appurtenances of said railway of whatsoever description, now owned or hereafter to be acquired by said South St. Louis Railway Company; also all real estate, whether held in fee or less tenure, within the city of St. Louis as now established by law, at present held or hereafter to be acquired by said Railway Company, and particularly one certain leasehold property now owned and described as follows:
The west half of block number fifty-nine (59), survey number three (3) of former city of Carondelet, now city block No. 3180 of the city of St. Louis, containing a front of 295 feet on east line of Second street, running east of equal width 187 feet and 6 inches in depth to an alley 20 feet wide, bounded north by Poepping street, south by Davis street, east by said alley and west by Second street, together with all and singular the buildings, shops, stables, car-sheds, mills and offices now erected or which may hereafter be erected on any of said tracts of land or any land hereafter acquired.
Which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of one hundred and sixty (160) bonds of five hundred dollars each, with interest, represented by coupons attached to said bonds, at the rate of eight per cent per annum, bonds being dated October 1st, 1878, and coupons being payable semi-annually. And whereas coupons of said bonds have become due and remain due and unpaid. Now, at the request of the holder of all these bonds, and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned, trustee, will, on
SATURDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1882,
between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, proceed to sell the above described property, together with all privileges and franchises thereto belonging, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said trust and the expenses of executing the same. WILLIAM C. LANGE, Trustee.
The attention of bidders is called to a certain agreement between the South St. Louis Railway Company, William C. Lange, representing the bondholders, and Theodore Plate, dated December 5, 1881, and recorded in book 672, page 172, of the St. Louis Records; five thousand dollars to be paid cash down at the Court-house door for bidding off said property and balance to be paid three days after the sale, when the deed will be delivered.
7?T WM. C. LANGE.

TRUSTEE'S SALE. Default having been made in the payment of certain notes described in a deed of trust made to me by Jesse Douglas, dated August 18, 1875, recorded in the Recorder's office in the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 528, page 261, public notice is hereby given that at the request of the legal holder of said notes and for the purposes of said trust, I will, on
SATURDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1882,
between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, the property described in said deed of trust, to-wit: Lot numbered five (5) of Napoleon B. Franklin's subdivision of a portion of U. S. survey No. 107, a plat of which subdivision is on file in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county, in plat book No. 3 page 238. Said lot has a front on the northern side of Pennsylvania avenue of (407 10⅓-12) four hundred and seven feet and ten and a-half inches, and runs back northwardly of that width (272 7-12) two hundred and seventy-two feet and seven inches, and is bounded southwardly by Pennsylvania avenue, westwardly by lot No. four of said subdivision, northwardly by a line parallel to and 272 7-12 feet northwardly of Pennsylvania avenue, and eastwardly by lot No. six of said subdivision, and contains three (3) arpents of ground.
JOHN N. STRAAT, Trustee.
St. Louis, August 30, 1882. 56T

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of one of the notes specified in and secured by a deed of trust to me executed by John P. Capelle, dated second day of February, A. D. 1877, and recorded in book 566 at page 193 of the records of deeds in and for the city of St. Louis, Missouri, I will, in pursuance thereof and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, on
SATURDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1882,
at the eastern front of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., sell, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the property in said deed described, to-wit: A lot of ground in block No. 1012 of the city of Saint Louis, Mo., beginning at a point in the south line of Lucas avenue 135 feet east of the east line of Garrison avenue, thence east along the south line of Lucas avenue 24 feet 9 inches, thence south at right angles with Lucas avenue 134 feet 8 inches to an alley 15 feet wide, thence running west along the north line of said alley 24 feet 9 inches, thence north at right angles with said alley 134 feet 8 inches to the south line of Lucas avenue, and place of beginning, and being the eastern 24 feet 9 inches of lot No. 25 of block No. 47 of Stoddard addition to Saint Louis; for the purposes of said trust.
S. D. PORTER, Trustee.
3V

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas Elizabeth Neumann and Joseph Ferguson, her trustee, did convey to the undersigned trustee by their deed of trust, dated February 21, 1882, and recorded in book 672, page 142, of the St. Louis City Records the following described real estate lying in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, more particularly described as follows: A lot of ground on the north line of West Brooklyn street, commencing at a point seventy-one and a half (71½) feet west of North Tenth street, thence west along the north line of West Brooklyn street twenty (20) feet more or less to a lot formerly belonging to Joseph H. Lerke, thence north along the east line of said last mentioned lot to an alley, thence east on said alley twenty (20) feet, and thence in a straight line to the place of beginning, together with the improvements; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of two notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of said notes, and the same are yet due and unpaid, now, at the request of the legal holders of said notes, and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned, trustee, will, on
SATURDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1882,
between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, proceed to sell the above described property at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Mo., for cash, to the highest bidder, to satisfy said trust and the expenses of executing the same.
C. TH. UHLMANN, Trustee.
September 8, 1882. 5V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Joseph Gleitz (now more than nine months deceased) and Cecelia, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated July 15, 1873, and of record in book 478, page 82, of the late St. Louis county, now city, Recorder's office, conveyed to the undersigned lots numbered seventeen and eighteen, in block number sixteen, of Labadie & Lynch's addition, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, fronting together fifty (50) feet on the south line of Rappahanock street, and with that width running southwardly one hundred and fifty-six feet four and a half inches to the northern line of the Durand claim, as laid down on a map made by Charles De Ward in 1836, bounded north by Rappahanock street, west by lot numbered 19, south by said Durand claim and east by said lot numbered 16 of said block 16, in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note more fully described in said deed. And whereas the interest on said note has become due and remains unpaid; Now, therefore, at the request of the holder of said note, I, the undersigned, will sell said property, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, for cash, between the hours of ten a. m. and four o'clock p. m., of
WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1882,
for the purposes of said trust.
JOHN BERTRAM, Trustee.
St. Louis, September 9, 1882. 11V

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Default having been made in the payment of the principal note described in and secured by a deed of trust executed by Hugh H. Skinner and wife, dated the 22d day of May, 1877, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 574, page 264, public notice is therefore hereby given that at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the provisions in said deed of trust to me, I will on
SATURDAY, THE 30TH OF SEPTEMBER, 1882,
between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the property in said deed of trust described as follows, to-wit: Real estate situate, lying and being in block No. 1029 of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, being lot No. forty-five (45) of block sixty-four (64) of Stoddard Addition to the city of St. Louis, a plat of which addition is on file in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the then county of St. Louis, said lots having a front of twenty-five feet on the south line of Thomas street and extending southwardly of that width one hundred and eighteen feet and three inches, more or less, to an alley fifteen feet wide, bounded north by said Thomas street, east by lot No. 46 of said block, south by said alley and west by lot No. 44 in said block, on which lot is situated a two-story brick dwelling house.
BERNHARD LOEBLEIN, Trustee.
September 1, 1882. 79T

ESTATE of James L. Sloss, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of
James L. Sloss,
deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 26th day of August, 1882.
All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.
Dated this 28th day of August, 1882.
33T BELLE SLOSS, Executrix.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

BY JOSEPH PULITZER.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid....$9 00
Six months....4 50
Three months....2 25
One month (delivered by carrier)....65
By the week (delivered by carrier)....15

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid....$1 00
Six months, postage paid....60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed: POST-DISPATCH, 515 and 517 Market street.

☞ *This paper has on each day of publication twice as large a circulation in this city as any other paper published. Our books are open and advertisers are specially invited to examine them.*

THE policy of Mr. JOHN BULL in Egypt now is "J'y suis; j'y reste."

OUR Missouri mules will arrive in Egypt too late to take part in the historic conquest.

MR. FILLEY doesn't appear to be crushed. A car of Juggernaut might make an impression on his body and spirits. He is used to having houses fall on him.

THE partnership heretofore existing between O'DONOVAN ROSSA and ARABI PASHA is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. O'DONOVAN ROSSA will continue the business at the old stand.

BEFORE making the tour of Norway King OSCAR of Sweden insured his life for 600,000 crowns in a Christiania company. Other princes and potentates, by following his example, will become as expert insurance wreckers as any to be found in St. Louis.

WE shall have to drop ED. BUTLER as a candidate for Congress. He would make a better Representative than BROADHEAD, to whom he has sold his political "flooence," but his methods are so corrupt and his tricks so bad that we are afraid he would demoralize the Lower House if he ever secured a seat there.

MR. BOB CLAIBORNE has withdrawn from the contest in the Ninth District. He has surrendered to BROADHEAD and the hired machine. Mr. C. recently came into a fine Virginia inheritance. If the nomination is being knocked down to the highest bidder he ought to be able to make things pleasant for the BROADHEAD crowd.

IT is currently believed that several faro banks have recently reopened business in the city. The political campaign is drawing near and the gamblers have an idea that they can make themselves useful. Some gentleman occupying close relations to the Police Board has probably guaranteed immunity. We will probably look into this business.

NEW YORK morphine users have taken to the hypodermic syringe as the easiest method of putting themselves under the influence of the drug. The sale of these syringes has gone up wonderfully. A hundred are now bought where one was bought before. Morphinization following the use of the syringe is much more complete than the old way, and the opium slaves seem to be adopting it accordingly.

POWERS, the ballot-box stuffer, was chosen as a BROADHEAD committeeman in the First Ward on Saturday last by ED. BUTLER and his strikers. Money was spent with great freedom. Carriages were drawn about the streets placarded with POWERS' name, and his friends were hauled to the polls and handsomely treated for their services. BROADHEAD is "providing" liberally and the machine bosses are confident that they will be able to nominate him. But Mr. BROADHEAD can't be elected in the Ninth District. Stick a pin there.

THERE was an entertainment at the official residence of Police Commissioner KINKEAD on Clark avenue last Saturday evening. The "friends" of the Commissioner presented him with a gorgeous badge worth about $75, and received in return a lunch worth about $250, wine included. Mr. F. D. TURNER officiated as Master of Ceremonies, and Constable JACK SHEEHAN, King of the Patch, mingled with the intellectual and influential citizens present. Mr. JONES-MCCABE is now the only P. C. left undecorated. It is understood that arrangements are being made to secure his happiness.

A BROAD smile spreads over the stolid face of the *Republican*. It is rejoiced at the success it is meeting with in forcing Col. BROADHEAD on the Democracy of the Ninth District. ED. BUTLER, who has charge of the Democratic machine, has been employed for cash to force the old blunderbuss on the Democracy and he celebrated himself on Saturday afternoon by electing a committeeman in the First Ward. The man chosen is Mr. RICHARD POWERS, a professional ballot-box stuffer, and he was chosen over the head of Col. ARMSTONG, the alleged Democratic warhorse. This initial victory probably cost Mr. BROADHEAD $1,000.

EX-SECRETARY ROBESON has been nominated for Congress, at Camden, New Jersey, with a rush, the choice being made unanimous by all the short-haired gentry at the convention. Mr. ROBESON, in thanking the delegates for the nomination, took high moral ground and described himself in a manner which would cause his most intimate friends to fail to recognize. He had, he said, met powerful adversaries; in the path of duty "the wrong is hampered in power, and the right not achieved without sacrifice. The heathen will rave and the small dogs must bark; but if in the heat of excited controversy honest conviction and the judgment of opponents have been antagonized, all feeling will be laid aside in the face of the common enemy. Of all true Republicans I had the right hand of fellowship." This is not particularly intelligible, but the ex-Secretary's friends cheered the sentiment to the echo, and declared that the era of good feeling had returned.

A NUMBER of prominent and wealthy gentlemen in Cincinnati, headed by Gen. HICKENLOOPER, are organizing a fine cavalry squadron. Sixty-seven names have been signed to the roll and a fine sum of money subscribed. All the newspapers in the city are encouraging the organization. In this city we have a company of Light Cavalry which is a credit to the municipality. It has preserved its organization in the face of discouragement and to-day it is one of the best and most useful military bodies that we have. It is to be hoped that the boys will not permit themselves to be overwhelmed by the cavalries of the ex-Queen City.

WHY THE MANY ARE POOR.

In a recent address before the Boston Mechanics' Institute, Mr. EDWARD ATKINSON demonstrated some facts which have a very important bearing upon the internal economy of this country. A liberal calculation of our industrial products puts the aggregate at $10,000,000,000 per annum, and allowing that our population is 54,000,000, this gives an average daily product of 50 cents, Sundays included, for each man, woman and child. So, as Mr. ATKINSON puts it, the total annual subsistence, shelter and taxes of each man, woman and child, together with the entire margin for profit or saving, must come within the measure of what half a dollar a day will buy.

He then shows that ninety per cent, or forty-five cents out of the fifty cents' worth produced daily for each person, is consumed in the process of existence, while of the remaining 5 cents at least half is devoted to the maintenance of existing capital in working condition, thus leaving only 2½ cents a day per capita, or about $9 a year to be added to the aggregate wealth for each person. As the census data show the real working force to be less than half of the population, each producer must produce something over one dollar a day, Sunday included, to make the aggregate product what it is. And Mr. ATKINSON further shows that after deducting from the aggregate product of the country the expenses of our several governments taken from us in taxes, there is left to each family of four persons but $600 as its proportion of the year's supply. If any such family's subsistence and savings amount to more than $600 a year, it is because some other family of four receives less.

An allowance of only $150 per annum for the mere food, clothing, shelter and other necessities of each person leaves no margin for savings, and it is plain that if the great majority of people did not receive less than this average share, in order that others may receive more, nobody would get rich. For instance, every family of four that receives $3,600 a year absorbs the entire subsistence of five other families of the same size, in addition to its own share, or compels ten such families to live on $300 each, or $75 for each person. But for this compulsory economy on the part of the many there would be no accumulation of savings at all, and Mr. ATKINSON is correct in saying that "only an insignificant minority of the people can, under such circumstances, become possessed of capital."

Facts like these show how hard and bitter is the struggle for bare existence to the great majority of mankind in this fair land, and how careful our statesmen should be not to increase the difficulty and bitterness of this struggle by any policy which increases the inequality of distribution, hampers free production and exchange, diminishes the opportunities of labor and imposes upon it an unfair share of taxation that capital may go comparatively untaxed. The margin of possible acquisition which keeps the great majority of the people from painful want is so small and the toilers so many that a few cents of taxation taken from the purchasing power of each dollar the laboring man earns may impose severe privations on the majority of the people and amount in the aggregate to an enormous sum taken for unproductive uses, or taken from the poor to swell the acquisitions of those who have less need of the money.

The wage-earner gets nothing in this country that is not taxed, sometimes doubly and trebly taxed, directly or indirectly, before he pays for it. The consumer pays the taxes, or they come ultimately out of the purchasing power of his earnings. All of our taxes are laid on products or on the visible property used in production, and as the laboring poor constitute four-fifths of the consumers, it is plain that the refusal of our statesmen to impose taxes on incomes and inheritances relieves the prosperous of a burden they can easily bear, and imposes it on those who have more than they can bear already.

THE utter break-down of the Egyptian revolt makes it evident that ARABI PASHA was no more than a *vanille soufle* between the paws of the lion. The war is thoroughly over; that this is so the readiness of the Porte to sign the Military Convention with Lord DUFFERIN is in itself evidence. English troops are already getting the route for home which they will take as soon as the grand review before the Khedive is over. What diplomatic complications will follow remain to be seen. England is master of the situation, and as far as Egypt and Turkey are concerned she can exact her own conditions to guarantee the anglicanization of the Suez Canal. But Turkey is not the only party in interest. We have already heard the Russian growl, plainly stating that England would not be permitted to settle this important question alone. And France may not be entirely satisfied with an English solution of the difficulty. DE LESSEPS, the French authority on the canal and the spokesman of the French Canal Company, gave no uncertain indication of his distrust of England since the beginning of the hostilities. The curtain has been rung down on Egypt and the supes are now busy clearing the stage and setting the flies for a grand change of scene to Southeastern Europe.

MR. CHAUNCEY I. FILLEY may have some staunch and trusty followers among the sincere rural element of the Republican party in Missouri, but the magnificent opposition mass-meeting at Mercantile Library Hall last Saturday night must convince him that he is utterly without respectable following in St. Louis. All the reputable, thinking, representative Republicans of the city turned out on this occasion to demand a State Convention and denounce the FILLEY policy. A finer party meeting was never held in St. Louis. Against this splendid array of good citizens are marshaled the ward bummers and the princes of the slums under the command of FILLEY. He has the old machine. In the revolt against his Bossism are mustered the brains and the respectability of the party. In the outset we were disposed to encourage the FILLEY policy. It seemed to us that the time was propitious for an alliance of all the elements opposed to Democratic management in the State—an alliance which would reduce the massive Democratic plurality and put the rampant party under bonds to behave itself sensibly and judiciously. The suggestion of Mr. FILLEY was a good one, but we doubted his right as Chairman of the State Committe to set aside the usages of the party. When he saw that there was no unanimity he should have called a State Convention to settle the question of policy. He stubbornly refused to do this. The party has risen in rebellion against him. A mass convention will be held at Jefferson City next Wednesday and a State ticket will be nominated. Mr. FILLEY will be ignored and trampled on. His power as a leader will be completely broken. Worst of all, out of the quarrel and hopeless division the snorting Democratic leaders will pick encouragement and the party will be continued in its Bourbonic grooves. This is exceeding sad, but there is no help for it now. And it all comes from Mr. FILLEY'S implacable bull-headedness.

MR. ED. BUTLER, the Democratic Sachem, has taken a contract to nominate JAMES O. BROADHEAD for Congress in the Ninth District. He began his work on Saturday last. Mr. BUTLER has the police and the ward politicians on his side and he is able to fix things. His arrangements for stuffing the primary ballot boxes are complete. He works for money. The evidence is not lacking that BROADHEAD is bleeding freely. He proposes to purchase his nomination. Honest Democratic competitors who have honorable aspirations and no money to squander, are to be driven out of the field by BROADHEAD'S paid retainers and bulldozed by the St. Louis *Republican* which insists on dictating all nominations in the district in which the KNAPPS reside. It is the theory of the KNAPPS that the Ninth District seat in Congress is their fief and the man who occupies it is their thrall. Col. BROADHEAD, aided by the *Republican* crowd and backed by ED. BUTLER and the machine, may purchase a nomination in the Ninth District, but will the free and independent Democracy elect him? That's the question.

THE Emperor FRANCIS JOSEPH was accorded a splendid reception at Trieste yesterday, where the most loyal speeches were made by the happy citizens. One loyal and devoted subject was trying to express his devotion to his suzerain with a couple of ORSINI bombs, but he was arrested before he got well within range of his majesty. The bomb manufacture, it seems, is becoming a great industry in the peaceful and contented monarchies of Europe now. There are sentiments which a man can express much more exactly with a hand grenade than by petition, protest or declaration.

THE protected members of the farcical Tariff Commission are in the city to-day, to hear the modest demands of the gentlemen who are not satisfied that they are enjoying all the delights which can be squeezed out of a prohibitory tariff. Only the "Oliver Twists" who are crying for "more" will inconvenience themselves by appearing before the commission.

Answers to Correspondents.

L. P. K.—We never heard of a four-cornered bayonet being used in our late war or any other war.

H. KAUFFELD.—McClellan's army at the battle of Antietam numbered 87,164; that of Lee about 70,000. The Union loss entire was 12,460 and the Conferate loss 13,533. At Fredericksburg, Burnside had 100,000 men and Lee 75,000, though it is claimed that he only had 20,000 under fire. The Union loss was 12,321 and the Confederate loss 5,309.

SUBSCRIBER.—There is no danger to buildings from telephone wires if they are properly attached and insulated.

Mr. Cassily Adams' Picture.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 18, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Again I see that the Spectator editor is still harping about his so called criticism of my "Custer's Last Fight," and that he misrepresents what I said in a former issue. I did not say that I objected to criticism when confined to my pictures, but did state that I objected to being personally slandered. The Spectator man very arrogantly asserts what I am not competent to do, without seeming to understand that by making such an egotistical assertion he steps outside of all argument and proclaims himself arbiter of art. While I am perfectly willing that he should revel in this blissful hallucination to his heart's content, I would suggest that he confine himself solely to criticism and not abuse. In regard to my art education (which he sneers at) I will say that my father was an artist for thirty years before I was born, and that I have studied art all my life and had the advantage of his instructions. I was raised right among such artists as Wittredge, Sontag, Beard, Eaton, T. Buchanan Read, and others, and had the benefit of their ideas and conversations. I mention this to inform the Spectator that I have not gained my art education from so-called art academies of this city. Nor do I expect to gain any information from the Spectator pseudo critiques.

CASSILLY ADAMS.

The Pilot Knob Battle.

IRONTON, MO., September 17, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Will you please tell an "Anxious Inquirer" several anxious inquiries? What is the significance of this coming celebration at Pilot Knob? Being neither the decennial nor duodecennial, why are the bold soldier boys become such foolish old men? Why shoulder their canes and fight their battles o'er again? True, Pilot Knob has been a comparatively deserted village since the scenes of turmoil and blasphemy it presented for the four years of strife, when brother American killed brother American and invited help from any foreigner, from peasant to prince. But why recall it now? Does not my friend Fletcher know he had his reward? Was he not made Governor once for his prowess in the bomb proof? Did not he and Gen. Tom Ewing and another gentleman pay me $150 to do a picture of the battle after they had got safely into St. Louis in their flight from Pap Price. And through that Wilson monument picture did they not make fame? But what's wanting now? If they're spoiling for another fight let them go to Ireland and help that noble, long suffering people to throw off the tyrant's chains and establish a commonwealth—a republic.

J. W. HINCHY.

Not Married as Yet.

ST. LOUIS, September 16, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Seing a personal in your paper last Saturday stating that cards were out announcing the wedding of Miss Alice Hilton to Mr. John A. Peck—and in to-day's Spectator they have these parties married, which is great injustice to parties concerned—I would say when that eventful occurrence will take place we will let our friends know all about it in due course of time, and would respectfully ask them not to set the day or marry us before we are ready ourselves. Yours respectfully,

JOHN A. PECK.

The President Loves Robeson.

From the Washington Post.

The hospitable summer residence of the leader of the House, Admirable Robeson, was honored with two or three visits from the President during his Eastern trip. Mr. Robeson's leadership in his party is so well established that his most malignant enemies are obliged to concede it.

Hopeful Christians.

From the Chicago Times.

The Salvation army in New York held a meeting on the City Hall steps the other day and prayed for the New York police force. They are unquestionably the most sanguine lot of Christians on record.

Good for a Raw Hand.

From the Chicago Times.

Mr. Phipps, of Philadelphia, who stole the copper roof off the almshouse, was a rather showy and successful thief for a man who had never had the advantages of a term or two in Congress.

Note to the Tail-Twisters.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

Now is the time to pull the British lion's tail. Gorged with slaughter, he can only smile.

THE want columns of the POST-DISPATCH are not only useful, but make very interesting reading.

RUN BY TELEGRAPH.

The Man who Started the First Train by this Method.

It is just announced that Mr. M. D. Woodward has resigned the general superintendency of the Ft. Wayne and Jackson Railroad in order to accept the superintendency of the Weeling and Lake Erie Railroad, his new appointment to take effect from and after October 1. Mr. Woodward is one of the best known and most popular railroad official in the country. His professional history is not uninteresting on account of the fact that Mr. Woodward was the first railroad official in the world to run trains by telegraph. This was a great many years ago. Previous to the present system of train dispatching trains were started and run by signalling with flags. Then the center post system was adopted as a slight improvement upon the old plan. Of course both these methods were defective and were responsible for a vast number of appalling accidents and casualties. Woodward's brains elaborated the present perfect system of train despatching, and it is pleasing to note that Mr. Woodward's abilities have been recognized as they deserve. The Wheeling and Lake Erie Road is a connection of the Wabash system.

THREE LINES for ten cents in the wants and purely personal column of the POST-DISPATCH.

The Old Pension Dodge.

A number of colored people of both sexes appeared in the office of the Assistant Prosecuting Attorney this morning and made known their grievance to Dierkes. They stated that at different times within the past year they have been solicited by a man named William Hensel to pay him money for which he has agreed to obtain pensions for them. They say that they have waited patiently on his promises and paid him their hard earnings from time to time, but have no knowledge that their names have been enrolled among Uncle Sam's beneficiaries. Inquiries made at Washington fail to reveal that Hensel is known there at all or has ever endeavored to obtain pensions for the persons from whom he has received fees. It is evidently the old pension dodge and the victims are losers. Hensel is said to be the owner of a grocery store and saloon on Twelfth and Carr streets. There are said to be over a hundred cases of swindling charged against him. Those who appeared at the Assistant Prosecuting Attorney's office, are as follows: Ann Berry, who paid $12 50; Kate Estes, who paid $11 50; Henrietta Robinson, who paid $12; Catherine Walker, paid $25; Emily Davis, paid $15, and Mrs. Coleman paid $25. The amounts paid by others have not been given. These people all live in the vicinity of Carr and O'Fallon and Seventh and Eighth streets. A warrant for fraud was issued against Hensel.

THREE LINES for ten cents in the wants and purely personal column of the POST-DISPATCH.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

And don't you forget it that H. Nagel, the champion shot, lives in Carondelet.

The funeral of Samuel Sims was largely attended yesterday. He was a member of Peatoni Lodge, A. O. U. W., and the members generally attended to funeral.

Saturday last being pay-day at the Vulcan, it was predicted there would be numerous arrests that night, but neither on that night or Sunday were any of the employes of the Vulcan arrested. A more quiet Sunday has seldom been experienced in Carondelet.

Carondelet Association, No. 28, National Americans, expect to be stormed to-morrow night by Putnam and Continental Associations from the city. The members will be accompanied by their ladies, who will be received and made welcome by Carondelet ladies. A fine social time is looked for.

Several disturbances were created on the "short train" to the city Saturday afternoon, and a number of passengers were put off the train. They boarded the train at the docks, the passenger agent not being on hand to sell tickets, and this being the case the passengers very naturally concluded that they ought not to pay five cents extra on account of the neglect of the agent. There would have been no trouble on the train had the agent been there, as was his duty, to sell tickets.

Mr. W. C. Steigers,

Of the POST-DISPATCH, will call upon merchants wishing rates or other information about advertising.

TWENTY WORDS for ten cents in the wants and purely personal column of the POST-DISPATCH.

A DETECTED DETECTIVE.

The True Inwardness of Mr. R. M. Russell's "Agency."

Merited Chastisement for a Professional Blackmailer.

There was a little episode at the Lindell Hotel last Saturday evening. Two gentlemen were standing at the bar of public opinion at the rear part of the house, about 9 o'clock, partaking of some iced refreshments. The thermometer was registering something like 90 at the time and the electric light gnats were gyrating languidly. The gentlemen were discussing a peculiar case that had been brought in the Circuit Court that afternoon in which the names of several gentlemen appeared, and reference was made to women in such a way as to suggest what the French call *chantage*, or, in plain English, blackmail. One of the gentlemen drew from his pocket the legal papers which had been served on him during the day making him a party to the mysterious suit referred to. While this conversation was being carried on a cadaverous, tallow-faced young man came in quietly, ranged himself alongside, in a position to overhear everything and called for a whisky smash. He drank it and listened. Then he called for a lemonade—a long drink which he could absorb leisurely through a straw—a drink especially adapted to eavesdropping in a public saloon.

Presently the gentleman who had been somewhat excitedly exhibiting the papers which had been served on him turned and saw the well dressed counterpart of Uriah Heep sucking the end of the straw at his side. He stepped back in a nervous way and said: "This is that man now." The man at the straw turned his leaden fish eyes into their corners and continued the process of lemonade suction. He said nothing. His cheek, which was originally the color of a tallow dip, took on the shade of the ashes of a five-cent cigar. "Go away from here, you scoundrel," shouted the excited little gentleman. "You are piping me now." Not a muscular movement on the part of the ghoulish looking young man irrigating himself at the bar—only some muttered words about his personal identity.

There was an awkward pause. Then suddenly the little man smashed the contemptible Sneak in the face. He was horribly surprised. He had acted up to this time as though his uppermost thought was, "You know you can't afford to make any public assault on me." After the blow he rallied a little, but made no attempt to defend himself. The plucky little man hit him again and again. Then there was a close and a brief struggle, the Sneak trying to extricate himself. This he succeeded in doing finally. He begged for fair play. Then he took to his cowardly heels and ran out into the rotunda like a mangy cur. The little antagonist ran swiftly after him, caught him and pummeled him beautifully again. A crowd gathered. The brawny porters came and pulled the little man away from his fear-stricken, abject victim. The Sneak suddenly disappeared. A small boy, who had been watching at the front door of the bar, had picked up the hat of his master when the assault was first made, and Sneak and boy hastened away in a carriage which had been in waiting.

Now for the dramatis personæ in this little drama. The gentleman who pummeled the coward was a well-known citizen—a prominent and active man in insurance circles. The man who took the beating in such a currish way was Reginald Maxwell Russell, alias Stafford, a soi-disant Private Detective, but in reality a professional blackmailer.

PRIVATE DETECTIVE AGENCIES.

There is a shrewd suspicion that a great many gentlemen who set themselves up as private detectives live rather by taxing people whose offenses come to their knowledge than by running down criminals and exposing crimes. In a great city the opportunities for turning the secret vices of respectable people into money are vast. A man with a sleuth-hound instinct has only to spend a few weeks watching places of questionable resort and dodging about the streets of nights shadowing wealthy married people and heads of respectable families to lay in a stock of information which he can sell, if he chooses, at an attractive figure. The fear of exposure and public scandal has a terribly laxative effect on the purse-strings of people who—no matter how innocent—have fallen into compromising situations. Any one who will take the trouble to read Gaborian's fascinating story of "The Slaves of Paris" will understand now a shrewd, unscrupulous Mascarot can make blackmail a profitable profession in any large city.

A QUEER YOUNG DETECTIVE.

About four years ago Mr. Reginald Maxwell Russell turned up in St. Louis. He is now about twenty-two years of age. He is of Anglo-Hebraic origin. His father during the war was a blockade runner and quinine smuggler. After the war young Russell located in New York. From there he drifted to Chicago, and was employed as a hotel bell-boy. Then he turned up after a season as a dry goods clerk at Bloomington, Ill. He left that place under a cloud, leaving debts contracted in a fairly successful endeavor to lead a fast life. It was in 1878 that he struck St. Louis, finding employment with the "Famous." He fell into trouble there, and came near giving the law a hard rub. He was once employed by Stiles' Detective Agency, and was discharged for crookedness and unreliability. Afterward he was employed by the McDonough Agency, and served so faithfully that the Captain was compelled to cane him to get rid of him. While in the employ of reputable agencies he picked up a good deal of private family information and this he is now turning to account.

Recently Mr. Reginald Maxwell Russell opened a private detective office at the corner of Seventh and Chestnut streets upon the model of the "Etude Malpertius" described in "Son Altesse Amour." One of his first exploits was to call on a prominent citizen and tax him $1,000 to furnish the establishment. The money was given as a loan, though there was a threat of exposure, and when the gentleman handed it over he realized that he was paying blackmail. Shortly afterward there were other calls from the "detective" upon this gentleman for small and innocent loans. Notes were taken in each instance, and these are now held as evidence of Russell's blackmailing, along with letters, etc. There is a sort of assistant in the Russell agency named Bigh, a fellow who was discharged from the St. Louis Club, where he had served as a waiter, on account of a transaction in which the club's spoons figured. A story being sent out from McDonough's Agency not long since about the blackmailing of Thomas Walsh by Russell and Bigh, the latter entered a suit for libel, dragging in the names of certain parties in a peculiarly unpleasant way. Following this telegrams were sent by Russell to various gentlemen, then absent at watering places, calling their attention to this suit. Several of them returned to the city in great haste and in considerable trepidation, and it is currently believed that they have paid liberally to have that suit removed from the docket.

AN ATTEMPT TO LEVY BLACKMAIL.

On Saturday last Russell entered a suit against Detective McDonough and other parties, charging that he had been libeled in this, that he had been spoken of as a scoundrel and a liar and charged with making false and malicious reports against Thomas Walsh and others. His damage he laid at $10,000, and care was taken to mention a prominent citizen and his relations with a "certain woman." This suit was filed on Saturday afternoon. Special pains were taken to have a copy of the petition sent promptly to the POST-DISPATCH office. The intent was very clear. Publicity was what was desired. Gentlemen seeing their names in unpleasant juxtaposition would pay handsomely to have the suit quieted. The POST-DISPATCH, being satisfied that blackmail was meant, refused to publish, as was customary, the points of the petition. The other newspapers of the city, being similarly apprised, suppressed the matter, and thus the chief object of the "Russell Agency" was defeated. Now Mr. Russell has commenced operations to have depositions taken before a compliant notary, under the infamous Notarial Law, the object being to scandalize the citizens who refuse to be further blackmailed by him and his fellow-conspirators.

It was in relation to this suit that the alleged Detective received his well-merited drubbing at the Lindell Hotel. There is a revolt against the blackmailer, and steps are now being taken to bring the attention of the grand jury to the St. Louis "Mascarot." The law on the subject of blackmailing is very severe, and as it may interest some people just now, we produce it here:

Section 1306 Revised Statutes.

Every person who shall knowingly send or deliver, or shall make and for the purpose of being delivered or sent, shall part with the possession of any paper, letter or writing with or without a name subscribed thereto or signed with a fictitious name or with any letter, mark or other designation, threatening therein to accuse any person of any crime or felony whatever, or to do any injury to the person or property of any one with a view or intent to extort or gain money or property of any description belonging to another, shall, on conviction, be adjudged guilty of an attempt to rob, and shall be punished by imprisonment in the Penitentiary not exceeding five years.

There is documentary evidence extant sufficient to send Mr. Reginald Maxwell Russell to the penitentiary, and it will be used from this time henceforth with vigor. It is estimated that there are one thousand persons in St. Louis at this time, in various grades and stations, who are paying blackmail of one kind and another. How many of them are on the books of the Russell Agency is not known.

THE BLACKMAILER ESTIMATED.

But every honest man in the community is deeply interested in the suppression of the professional blackmailer. There may be some sort of respect for the courage of the burglar who enters a house at night and appropriates its valuables; one may admire the skill of the pickpocket, or the semi-bravery of the scoundrel who hides in an alley and knocks his unsuspecting victim senseless with a bludgeon. There is an element of personal risk in these crimes which calls for the exercise of qualities which do not belong to the blackmailer. The cowardly, slimy, loathsome creature who taxes erring women; who grossly fattens off of private shame; who holds the peace and happiness of families at a price; who crawls about like a reptile possessing himself of secrets which can be coined into money; who finds an income in the fears of men who have disturbed the regulations of society, is a being whom it were base flattery to call a beast. Every sentiment of decency revolts against the blackmailer and his methods. Every father, husband, brother and man of natural instincts is interested in ridding a community of a scoundrel who lives by blackmail. It isn't often that Nemesis wins a heat in this country but we are very much mistaken if Mr. Reginald Maxwell Russell isn't in a fair way to be "shut out"—or rather shut in the Missouri Penitentiary.

TWENTY WORDS for ten cents in the wants and purely personal column of the POST-DISPATCH.

A COLORED COQUETTE.

Rivalry and Flirtation at a Saturday Night Ball Leads to Murder.

A Negro Near Cahokia Mortally Wounded —Escape and Capture of the Murderer.

Charles Folks, colored, residing between Cahokia and East Carondelet, is lying on his death bed with a bullet in his brain, the result of attending a Saturday night dance. Folks and about twenty other colored people of both sexes assembed together last last Saturday night and repaired to the house of a colored man, about five miles from East St. Louis, where a dance was in progress. Liquor was served with a lavish hand, and near midnight the guests were all more or less under its influence. Folks was too attentive to a colored damsel whom Charles Ambrose considered as his especial girl. A quarrel arose among the suitors for the damsel's affections.

RAZORS WERE CLASHED AND REVOLVERS EXHIBITED,

but the disturbance for the time was quelled without any serious results. Shortly afterward the fight was renewed and Ambrose badly worsted till he pulled out a revolver and, placing the muzzle almost against the forehead of his rival, pulled the trigger. Folks staggered back a few paces and fell apparently lifeless. Ambrose immediately left and escaped before the extent of his antagonist's injuries were ascertained. The wounded man was carried into the house, the blood flowing from a small hole directly between the two eyes. He remained in a semi-conscious condition until yesterday, when Dr. Winter, of East St. Louis, was summoned, but found the wound too dangerous to probe, the bullet being lodged under the brain. A description of Ambrose was telegraphed to all police headquarters near the scene of the tragedy. Yesterday Constable Siefert of Belleville scoured the county in search of the murderer and succeeded in capturing him near East Carondelet.

AMBROSE

is now confined in the East Carondelet Jail and is very reticent about the difficulty, simply stating the quarrel was forced upon him and he was compelled to shoot to save his own life. The excitement among the colored people in and about Cahokia is intense and threats of summary vengeance numerous. The prisoner will be removed to Belleville Jail, necessary precautions being taken to prevent violence on the part of the colored mob. Folks was reported as sinking rapidly this morning, and must necessarily die in a very short time. Both negroes are well known in police circles throughout the country, and bear the reputation of being men not to be trifled with when excited.

IF you want a house, rooms or board consult the want columns of the POST-DISPATCH.

SHORT WEIGHTS IN GRAIN.

Report of A. Gray to the Exchange Committee.

Mr. Andrew Gray, who was lately sent over the Western Division of the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific Railroad to inspect country shippers' scales and manner of weighing out and shipping grain to St. Louis, has returned and submitted his report to the Committee on Short Weights of the Exchange. Mr. Gray visited all the stations along the line of the road and carefully examined into this question of short weights, hearing the complaints of shippers and personally examining their scales to see if they were correct. His report is a very full one, and covers about twenty-five stations. Some of the country shippers made no complaints in regard to shortages in weights on grain shipped to St. Louis. It was found that these shippers paid great attention to the coopering of the cars before they loaded them with grain. They also had experienced and careful men in their employ and their dealers were found to be correct. Other shippers reported shortages in weights running as high as 150 bushels to the car. Most of this loss in weight was in oats. The scales of some of these were found correct and of others they were worn and light, not coming up to the proper standard. Others loaded from the wagon into the car, not passing the grain through an elevator or warehouse. The system of weighing of some was very poor and more like guess-work. Several shippers said they had left the St. Louis market on account of the excessive shortage in weights here. Quite a number stated that they found quite a difference in weights with certain St. Louis commission houses. One party said he had "found considerable difference in shortage in changing from one commission house to another." Another had been changing his consignments from one St. Louis house to another until he had succeeded in having his weights hold out here. Still another says he is inclined to do as little as possible with St. Louis until the elevator managements show repentance and reform and the commission merchants more enterprise and concern for the interests of their patrons.

Attempted Suicide.

John Rigake, a German living on Second street between Soulard and Lafayette avenues, tried to take his own life this morning under quite singular circumstances. He has been drinking very hard for some time past, and day before yesterday went home and raised a disturbance for which he was arrested. He still kept drunk, and while in that condition yesterday bought a pistol. This morning the family repaired to the First District Police Court to prosecute the case against the husband and father, leaving him at home asleep in bed. Soon after they left the house he got up and taking the pistol attempted to kill himself. The ball, instead of reaching his head, as he evidently intended it should, struck him in the arm, penetrating it in two places. The bullet must have severed an artery, for the man bled very freely, when a doctor was summoned and the man attended to. It is now thought he will recover, as the flow of blood has been stopped.

THREE LINES for ten cents in the wants and purely personal column of the POST-DISPATCH.

THRASHED BY A WOMAN.

A Colored Pastor and Teacher in a Pugilistic Fray.

Rev. Mr. Lott Chastised by an Irate Mother.

Rev. S. W. Lott, of the Chambers street colored church, has for seven years regularly appeared in his pulpit to the delight of those artistic dames and demoiselles of the congregation who admire long waving locks of ambrosial radiance and a sort of Arthur style of beard, which admits of a slight hirsute tuft just below an irresistible chin dimple. Mr. Lott is also a teacher in the colored school. How this much-admired spiritual leader will appear when arraved in a Justice's court is a question which the sisters will have to consider to-day, as their pastor came to grief at 10 o'clock sharp this morning through having wielded a rattan last Friday morning upon that portion of one of his small pupils which nature has prepared to receive such chastisement. At a few minutes before ten o'clock a 200-pound negress in a cannibalistic air, black dress and broad white hat walked up the stairs to Principal Newton's room on the second floor, followed by a colored girl of fifteen in a lavender calico who seemed to be making an effort to subdue some unhappy emotion. They asked for S. W. Lott, teacher of No. 6, and Mr. Newton conducted them to the desired room, which is to the left on the first floor, and in the rear of the building. Mr. Lott was called out and the negress exclaimed excitedly, as he shut the door:

"Why did you call Rebecca a liar?"

"I didn't say so," began the teacher; "you"—

But here her umbrella descended with washtub muscle force on his forehead, and, as Mr. Lott reeled from the blow, Rebecca fastened her long fingers in his thick hair and danced up and down. Their victim struck out in all directions, managing to trip the old lady over just as Mr. Hubbard, from room No. 4, came to the assistance of the principal, who in attempting to seize Mr. Lott's arms or legs from the sea of calico and ruffles had received a knock on the head from somebody which momentarily made him see a mirage of arms and legs as deceptive as it was brilliant. Mr. Lott continued to exercise vigorously as he was dragged into an upright attitude and his assailants kept up a chorus of abuse which the good man seemed to feel tingle in all his extremities. He was pushed summarily into the school-room and Mr. Hubbard guarded the door while Principal Newton adjusted his cuff and requested the somewhat heated ladies to explain their conduct. The negress said her name was Julia A. Hoffman, of 708 North Fifteenth street; that on Friday last, while she was absent in Illinois, her seven-year-old boy Ferdinand, who had just recovered from a fever, and who stutters, came home from school with his back ridged with welts which had been made by a rattan in the hands of Mr. Lott; that the boy was punished for inattention, which his condition made him unable to correct, as he could not answer readily on account of his affliction, and was also somewhat stupid from recent illness. She sent Rebecca (the girl with her) over this morning early to ask why the child had been punished so severely, and Mr. Lott said her story was untrue; that if she did not shut up and go away he would whip her and her mother too. This last threat was one which the lady did not believe Mr. Lott was physically able to carry out, and she had accordingly called to see what he would do about it and demand that he give her satisfaction. The principal assured her that the way to obtain it was not by assaulting Mr. Lott, but to call an officer and make complaint if she thought she had cause. Mr. Hoffman had by this time appeared, and teachers along the halls had locked their doors and started the children to singing that they might not get the benefit of Mrs. Hoffman's calliope inflection. Rebecca was whimpering, and her mother was finally led off, followed by her family, to see that the law was enforced on Mr. Lott. They returned in a few moments with Officer Lunenschloss, of the Third District, and in their wake appeared the entire colored portion of the neighborhood, who gathered about the door in such swarms that the official and principal had to order them away and close the entry. Mr. Lott was then brought into the hall by the officer, still showing the effects of his recent encounter in a loosely hanging necktie and an awry collar, while a swelling knot on his right forehead bore evidence to the strength of Mrs. Hoffman's opening blow. Dr. H[illegible], of the school Board, who had been attracted by the excited street party, now entered and asked Mr. Lott what it all meant.

"I whipped her boy last week for disobedience," replied the prisoner, indicating the negress, who still bristled defiantly and held her umbrella well to the fore in front of her chronically subdued husband.

"Did you abuse him?"

"No; I only gave him a few licks, as I have had to do in the case of three or four others since I came to this school. I never thought anything of it until his sister came here this morning and began to abuse me before my school. Then I told her to go home. After a while she came back with her mother, and I was called out here to see them. Before I could get a chance to explain the woman hit me with her umbrella, and I gathered her."

"'Gathered her?' What is that?"

"I grabbed her, but she came at me like a man."

Mr. Lott smiled at this, and the negress, who was going out the door to gossip with her sympathizers, rolled the whites of her eyes at him, giving a significant shake of the weapon she still brandished.

"And you knocked her down?" continued the Doctor.

"I had to. The girl was onto me and I just threw myself around to get them off."

"Are you in the habit of whipping?" said the POST-DISPATCH reporter, who had witnessed the arrest.

"No. Before I came here, last fall, I taught three years at the Sumner School, and I never had use for a rattan. The children seem to be more troublesome over here."

"Where did you get the rattan?"

"The principal supplied it. When a pupil is bad we have to send him word and that a whipping is deserved. Then he sends the whip and we use it as we think best."

"Was the boy a bad child?"

"No. He never misbehaved before and I had considered him very good. The mother means to hurt me with my congregation, but she can't do it. My reputation is too well known here."

Mr. Hubbard drew the reporter aside and whispered that Mr. Lott was never before known to have a high temper, that he was considered a good teacher and a worthy man, and that this sort of trouble was no new thing in the school. Every time a child is punished, even slightly, its mother is sure to appear in the next day or two in a belligerent humor and declare that she will lick the whole educational staff, principal included. This has a bad effect on the children, and the teacher's influence is proportionately lessened.

Mr. Lott was conducted to the station by Officer Lunenschloss, who said that he would return and arrest Mrs. Hoffman on complaint of assault and battery. To the reporter she said her boy was alone in the house at 708 North Fifteenth street, and that he could go there and see for himself if the child was not terribly welted. A ring at the bell brought heads from the windows of houses either side, but none from No 708. The women all said that Mrs. Hoffman had returned and taken the boy with her to the Four Courts, and the officer coming up just then turned himself about to search for the woman, who he declared would find herself booked for calaboose retirement if she hadn't money to pay her fine. The case comes up in the court at Fifth and Biddle to-morrow at 9 a. m.

IF you want a house, rooms or board consult the want columns of the POST-DISPATCH.

Slight Blazes.

At 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon a fire broke out in the brick stable of Bernhard Brueggemann, in the rear of No. 3001 Lemp avenue, which caused about $500 damage. The origin of the fire is not known. The fire communicated with a frame shed owned by Gustav Glanz, No. 3013 Lemp avenue, which was damaged $160; no insurance. The frame stable of George Beninger, No. 3015, was also damaged $150; no insurance. The frame stable of William Walker, No. 3012 Salina street, was destroyed $20; fully insured. The frame stable of Valentine Glanz, No. 3010 Salina street, was also damaged $25; insured. The frame stable of Lorenz Hillgott, No. 3008 Salina street, was damaged $20; insured. The alarm was turned from box 274.

DICKSON'S

Some Facts Concer...

of the Star...

The New York...

Fight — Ma...

Polit...

Fall Trade—Heather...

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News From...

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Barr's

FIRST FULL, FORMAL FALL

Opening

AND DEPARTMENT DISPLAY!

ON

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19,

To Which You are Respectfully Invited.

DICKSON'S RECORD.

Some Facts Concerning the Foreman of the Star Route Jury.

The New York Gubernatorial Fight — Massachusetts Politics.

Fall Trade—Heathen Chinee—Manufactures in the South—Indian Talk—Boys for the Navy—Bonds—News From Washington.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, September 18.—Officers of the Navy Department report large numbers of applicants for positions in the navy, and a painful lack of information as to the requirements for admission to that much maligned feature of our great Government. It is most readily approached through the training ships, but in order to reach it in this way one must not exactly be born again, but he is expected to be a boy and a boy only. There are something like a half dozen vessels which now receive boys between the ages of 14 and 18 and train them for the navy. They refuse to receive them above the age of 18, and those received must be without physical disability, of good moral character, able to read and write and must sign an agreement to remain in service until they are 21 years of age. They are during the years that intervene, taught the branches of an ordinary English education and the duties of service in the navy. Their pay begins at $5 50 per month and gradually increases until they may earn $33 50 per month and rations. They are permitted to visit their homes twice a year unless they are absent on a long cruise, and after entering service are pensioned in case of being disabled.

Applications for places in these training vessels come from all parts of the country, and for the especial benefit of such applicants and as a general information to others the above information is given. The training ships now receiving boys for the navy are as follows: United States steamship Passaic, navy yard, Washington; U. S. steamship St. Louis, navy-yard, Philadelphia; U. S. steamship Minnesota, off Twenty-third street, New York; U. S. steamship Colorado, off Navy Yard, New York; U. S. steamship Wabash, off Navy Yard, Boston; U. S. steamship New Hampshire, of Coaster's Harbor Island, Newport, R. I.

MANUFACTURES IN THE SOUTH.

Statements already made in the dispatches showing a steady growth of the manufacturing industries in the South are confirmed, in so far as they relate to cotton, by recent developments touching the cotton production of the South and the movement of that staple to market. These statements show that the amount of cotton used in the mills at the South has increased over 15,000,000 pounds during the past year, a growth of about 16 per cent in a single year. The increase of this industry is more strongly marked in Georgia than in any other State. Some of the mills there have found their business so profitable that they have increased the number of their spindles 25 to 50 per cent, and in some cases considerably more. These facts, with the development of new agricultural pursuits at the South, promise a brilliant financial future to that section. Considerable quantities of wheat have been shipped out of the Carolinas and Georgia to Northern markets, a thing heretofore unheard of, while the crop of oats and corn is also unusually large.

In regard to cotton the latest advices show that the crop will probably fall nearly a million bales below that of last year, but that it will about equal that of the preceding year. The increased acreage given to other crops in the South probably accounts largely for the falling off in the yield of cotton.

BONDS.

Applications still come in for the new 3 per cent bonds. Holders of the extended 5 per cents see that they are likely to be called in very rapidly by the Government, and as they are only getting 3½ per cent now they had better take 3 and have some certainty of keeping their money out at even so low a rate as that. The applications come in on some days to the tune of several millions, and the amount offered for exchange must now reach well towards $300,000,000. The work of issuing the new bonds goes on at the rate of nearly $10,000,000 a day, and they will soon be in the market for those who desire to purchase. There are numerous inquiries for them at the Treasury, but to all the same reply is given, that they cannot be sold by the Government, and that the only way they can be obtained is to exchange the extended 5s or 6s for them or wait until they get on the market and then buy. What they will sell at on the market is uncertain but it is probable that that they will be about one per cent above par, as the extended 5s which now draw 3½ per cent, and are exchangeable for these are now quoted at 101¼.

THE HEATHEN CHINEE.

It is probable that the Secretary of the Treasury, or perhaps the President, may recommend to Congress some changes in the Chinese bill, and some definite specifications which will put an end to the annoyances of the past few months. Of course all new laws are liable to some friction in their application, but this seems to have been especially crude and its natural friction to have been increased by the energy displayed in its enforcement by the Custom-house officials on the Pacific coast and elsewhere. Crews of vessels which have landed on foreign soil and returned to San Francisco have been refused the privilege of landing, and Chinese who en route East passed through Canadian territory were refused the right to enter upon American soil again without a certificate or the privilege of going back to obtain a certificate. The Chinese haters have done much to bring the law into disrepute and to cause the Treasury unnecessary trouble in regard to its enforcement.

DICKSON'S RECORD.

House miscellaneous document No. 39, second Session forty-sixth Congress, is a good deal sought for just now. It is, however, seldom found. It contains the record of an investigating committee which looked after some of the peculiarities of Mr. Wm. Dickson, late foreman of the Star Route jury, who distinguished himself by great agony over an alleged attempt to bribe him, and then refused to convict either Brady or Dorsey. Dickson's record in the District of Columbia is not especially an enviable one, and the remark "that settles it," when he was made foreman of the jury, appears to have been quite justifiable. The House document referred to above, is the record of an investigation in which the talented Dickson figured quite largely. The investigation was ordered upon complaint of United States Treasurer who succeeded the District Commission, that the course of that commission had not been of a satisfactory character so far as related to special assessments pledged to the Sinking Fund office. The report on the investigation was prepared and printed, but, by one of those curious incidents which sometimes occur in investigations, it never got before the House. The report states that the Treasurer charged that the commissioners revised assessments and returned funds where no complaint had been made by the parties in interest, but that in many cases the complaints were made by Dickson himself without the slightest authority, the object, as was supposed, being to get the money refunded, he getting a percentage as broker. The commissioners informed the investicators that the complaints regarding these special assessments were very numerous and the President of the Commission stated that they were almost universal. The Committee's report, however, says that the chief of the special assessment division testified that he had examined the "complaints" from several States taken at random and that but 3 per cent of them were made by the citizens themselves, 5 per cent. by lawyers and brokers, and about 90 per cent. by Wm. Dickson. The report further states that Dickson had, according to his own admission, filed 15,000 of these claims, but that when pressed for his authority he could only show 185 powers of attorney. There were also charges of forgery in connection with the issuing of the certificates, and a District Clerk having been arrested on a charge of this kind was told by an employe of Dickson (as the Clerk himself testified) that he need not be alarmed, because five of the jury were "fixed."

THE INDIAN.

There is good reason to believe that the reported preparations for outbreaks by the Indians are in some degree sustained by facts. Army officers here say that there is a certain element among the Sioux and Cheyenne Indians that has never been thoroughly chastised and, that they, the young bucks, are spoiling for a fight. They are never satisfied to behave themselves, the officers say, until they are once well whipped, and that this will have to be done pretty soon.

FALL TRADE.

Very satisfactory reports reach here from the business centers of the East, regarding the fall trade prospects. The abundant crops in all parts of the country and the abundance of money is making business very active and very satisfactory. The hotels of the leading business cities report their business was never more satisfactory, and in many instances they are unable to accommodate the people who come. Of course a considerable portion of this consists of returning summer tourists, but there is a large proportion representing the fall trade, and a most vigorous one, too.

GUBERNATORIAL.

Reports from New York still indicate that Folger is likely to be the nominee of the Republican party for Governor, though Cornell is developing more strength than was generally believed. He could muster after the recent exposures. Wadsworth stands no show except as a compromise. On the Democratic side everything points to Flower as the nominee. In Pennsylvania the Democrats are jubilant, and even the Republicans admit that things look very blue for them. I had a long talk yesterday with a prominent business man of Philadelphia, a former member of the "Committee of One Hundred." He admitted frankly that the Democrats were likely to carry the State at the approaching election. "It's tough," said he, "but I don't see any way out of it. We have been under booses too long. I see no way to break their grip on the party except to do as we are doing now, refuse to obey even at the cost of temporary party defeat."

In Massachusetts Crapo seems to be the coming man. The talk that he was to be badly beaten because of his vote in favor of the river and harbor bill seems to have been of a very cheap variety. Crapo did excellent work in Congress on the Committee on Banking and Currency, pushing the Bank Charter bill through with commendable vigor, and the financial interests in his State have reason to think very kindly of him.

DANENHOWER'S EYES.

The announcement that Lieut. Danenhower did not go to New York to join in the honors to Melville "because of the condition of his eyes" caused many a smile and a shrug of the shoulders among those who knew something of the Jeannette history. There can be no doubt that there is a good deal of bad feeling between certain of the Jeannette officers and men, growing originally out of jealousies and disagreements, and that the return to their homes and removal from scenes of mutual danger has increased rather than diminished this feeling. Danenhower's "eye-" not been so bad as to prevent his enjoying a very comfortable summer at a mountain resort, while his companions were searching for and finding the remains of their dead comrades, or of preparing his report of the voyage, which will soon be presented. Indeed, a statement was recently published, apparently by authority, to the effect that his eyes had greatly improved and were giving him comparatively little trouble now. It is probable that the inquiry to be soon begun will develop other causes than those alleged which kept Lieut. Danenhower here while his companions in that dread voyage were being welcomed in New York.

If you want a house, rooms or board consult the want columns of the POST-DISPATCH.

Montgomery City.

The Montgomery County Fair begins at Montgomery City September 26.

Mrs. Kay, wife of Rev. Henry Kay, pastor M. E. Church, South, at Montgomery, was taken to the Insane Asylum at Fulton last week for medical treatment.

The average yield of corn in Montgomery county this season is said to be sixty bushels per acre. Oats the same.

Montgomery City has recently passed an ordinance restraining stock from running at large in the corporate limits, which is now being strictly enforced, and is giving general satisfaction.

H. M. Sydenstricker, pastor Presbyterian Church at Montgomery City, was united in marriage to Miss Anna Willis, of Montgomery, at the Presbyterian Church at that place on the 14th inst. Hundreds of people witnessed the ceremony, which was performed by Rev. Thomas Smith, and which was remarkable for its length and prosiness.

The Last Find at Pompeii.

From the Chicago Tribune.

A beautiful painting has been discovered in the ruins of Pompeii, representing the Judgment of Solomon. It is said to be the first picture on a sacred subject that has been discovered in the buried cities. A correspondent describing the picture says: "On a dais sits a king holding a sceptre and robed in white. On each side of him sits a councilor, and behind them six soldiers under arms. The king is leaning over the front of the dais toward a woman in a green robe, who kneels before him with disheveled hair and outstretched hands. In the center is a three-legged table, like a butcher's block, upon which lies an infant, who is held in a recumbent position in spite of his struggles, by a woman wearing a turban. A soldier in armor, and wearing a helmet with a long red plume, holds the legs of the infant, and is about to cleave it in two with his falchion. The agony of the kneeling mother, the attention of the listening king, and the triumph of the second woman, who glows over the division of the child, are all manifest."

Robinson, the Artist Tailor,

716 Pine, has just received the latest importations in fall goods for Gentlemen's Suits, including all the novelties of the season. With first-class work and lowest prices, he will insure satisfaction.

GAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

We have been informed by many of our patrons that stores in our neighborhood represent themselves as LEUBRIES'. To make sure that you will find our Bargain House, see that the name of "LEUBRIE" is over each entrance (three in number). Our numbers are 705, 707, 709, 711 and 713 Franklin avenue, third door from the corner of Seventh street. Make no mistake.

LEUBRIE BROS.,
Leaders and Makers of Low Prices.

BELLEVILLE.

Miss Emma Wolf died at 1 a. m. to-day.

A man in the employ of Rhein, the tailor, was badly cut at the Cairo Short Line Depot. No arrests.

Dr. Waugh, who has resided in Minnesota, has now become a resident of Belleville. The Doctor is a son of the well known manufacturer.

Dr. Starkel, the present Clerk of the County Court, is not a candidate for re-election, which will leave a clear field for A. W. McCullough, the present Clerk of the City Council.

Mayor West returned from the East to-day. While in Washington City he closed a case with the Government which removes the Post-office to West block on the Public square for a term of years.

Ed. Dewein assaulted a boy vending milk, hurting him, destroying his cans and spilling his milk. He will be tried before 'Squire Medart for assault and assessed damages for destroying property.

Mr. Billings, a saloon-keeper of Coulterville, who was attending the quoit match in West Belleville, met with an accident which will cost him the loss of his left arm, by reason of a fall from Swancutt's platform last night. Dr. Listmeyer set the arm and Billings was sent home.

Yesterday at Freeburg during the celebration of the German Singing Society, but not on the grounds, a general fight occurred between the Belleville boys and the Freeburg boys. The fight was general, and many this morning have black eyes and broken noses. It is claimed that the Bellevitalains were the victors. Many of her most noted pugilists were present.

A warrant is out for the arrest of Gustave Goss at the instance of Matilda Lesch and her intendant, Heinrich Kraus. Gustave was soft on Matilda, and on her receiving the attentions of Heinrich he threatened to kill her and Heinrich The girl is now in dread of her life. 'Squire Medhart will give his attention this evening to the gentleman of gore.

It was decided by the Democratic Centra Committee, which met in Belleville on Saturday, to call a convention on the 25th inst. to nominate the candidates for the following positions. A State Senator, two members of the Legislature, a Sheriff, an Assessor and Treasurer, a Superintendent of School, a County Judge, a County Clerk, a Coroner and County Commissioner. The following precincts are entitled to the following representation in the convention: Belleville, 35; East St. Louis, 28; Cahokia, 5; Prairie du Pont, 3; Caseyville, 3; French Village, 2; Summerfield, 3; Lebanon 8; O'Fallon, 5; Shiloh, 2; St. Clair, 5; Athens, 6; Richland, 7; Fayetteville, 8; Centerville, 6; Mascoutah, 8; Total, 134.

The great quoiting match, which has been the sole topic of conversation among the sporting element for nearly two months, took place in West Belleville last evening, nearly a thousand spectators being in attendance, many of them coming over a hundred miles to witness the contest. The pegs were driven at Swancutt and Sandy Ferguson, of East St. Louis, chosen referee. Campbell and Peaks led off the contest, the latter winning by three points. White and Scanlon followed, the former being decided victor by four points. Knowles and Walker were next pitted against each other, Walker winning by two points. The final bout between the Winners, White, Walker and Perks, resulted in favor of White by one point, the steel quoits being awarded to him. The contest for the gold quoits was next in order, distance being eighteen yards. Taylor and Tregona leading off, the former winning by three points. Capt. Brooks and Knowles followed, the latter winning by three points.

Prof. Pockington and Howard, both celebrated pitchers from St. Louis, next entered the ring. Both players had strong backers and about $500 was staked on the result. The points stood even at fourteen, and the excitement of the betters became uncontrollable. Men jumped over the ropes and crowded the referee and players to witness the last throw, but Mr. Ferguson suspended the game till order was restored and the ring cleared. Howard finally won on the last throw. Palmer and Trueman next toed the mark, Trueman retiring the victor by one point. The winners came together, but darkness prevented the conclusion of the game and it was agreed to finish the contest to-night. The contest is now between Taylor and Knowles, the score being Knowles 16 to Taylor's 2, the game being 15 points. A match was arranged between Knowles, of Belleville, and Freeman, of St. Louis, to take place at Central Quoiting Grounds, St. Louis, one week from next Sunday, for $100 a side. It is estimated $1,000 will change hands on the coming contest.

Baby Carriages Very Cheap

At Simmons Hardware Co.

THREE LINES for ten cents in the wants and purely personal column of the POST-DISPATCH.

NOTHING LIKE IT IN THE WEST.

We have just purchased from the manufacturers over one thousand dozen genuine British Half Hose, double heels and toes, full regular made, all fancy colors, which we will close at 35 cents a pair; they are regular 50 cent goods. All our line of fancy half hose at 25 cents, regular 40 cents goods.

Full line of Underwear just received.

FAMOUS,
Fifth and Morgan.

CHRISTIAN'S BAKING POWDER

CHRISTIAN'S BAKING POWDER,
Jellies, Preserves, Etc.

M. A. CHRISTIAN & SON,
22 and 24 South Tenth St.

M. M. BUCK & CO.,
Manufacturers and Dealers in Every Article used in Constructing and Operating Railroads.
209 N. Third St., St. Louis.

DRIVES TOOLS

SUMMER delicacies, canned ox tongue, corned beef. St. Louis Beef Canning Comp'y, packers

DIED.

HEMAN—On Sunday, September 12, 1882, at 12:45 o'clock, RICHARD C. HEMAN, beloved son of August H. and Hanna Heman, aged 2 years 4 months and 6 days.

Funeral from residence, 1962 North Twentieth street, on Monday, 1:30 p. m., at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

Toronto and Leavenworth papers please copy.

The Sternbergs.

Bernard Sternberg, the estate agent, whose wife on Saturday filed a divorce suit, desires to say that the averments are gross misrepresentations. He does not consider himself a tyrant, but in fact the aggrieved party. His wife has been prompted by outside influences and he thinks the case will be dismissed like the former petitions.

AMUSEMENTS.

POPE'S THEATER.

Every evening, Wednesday and Saturday Matinees.

THE JAY RIAL

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN COMPANY,

A Combination with a record unequaled on earth.

—Fine Dramatic Company.—
—Real Slave Jubilee Singers.—
—Genuine Trained Bloodhounds.—

Prices, 25c, 35c and 50c. No Higher Price.
Sunday, Sept. 24—Barry & Fay in Irish Aristocracy

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

—Brilliant Reception! Instantaneous Success!—
Of America's Greatest Emotional Actress,

ROSE EYTINGE,

Supported by the Brooklyn (N. Y.) Park Theater Co. Sunday, Monday and Tuesday evenings and Wednesday Matinee.

THE PRINCESS OF PARIS.

Wednesday and Thursday evenings and Saturday Matinee—EAST LYNNE; Friday—LED ASTRAY; Saturday evening—OLIVER TWIST.
Sunday, Sept. 24—THOS. W. KEENE.

OLYMPIC THEATER.

Commencing Sunday Evening, September 17. Every Evening and Saturday Matinee. Second and Last Week of

J. K. EMMET

In his new creation.

FRITZ AMONG THE GYPSIES.

PRICES—Dress Circle and Parquette, $1; Balcony, 50c; Gallery, 25c.
Sunday, Sept. 24—Haverly's Mastodon Minstrels.

THE PICKWICK.

Monday, September 18, and following evening. Third and Last Week of the
NEW YORK IDEAL COMIC OPERA CO.
Von Suppe's Charming Opera,

FATINITZA.

With grand cast and large chorus. The Pickwick is the coolest theater in St. Louis. Admission 50c.
Seats at Balmer & Weber's, 311 N. Fifth st.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.

Every eve ing during the week. Wednesday and Saturday Matinees, the Brilliant Actress,

PEARL EYTINGE

In Robt. M. Yost's Beautiful Dramatic Gem,

BRENTWOOD!

Supported by an universal powerful company under the management of Alex. Webb.
Sunday, September 24—HERMAN.
NOTICE—All tickets held by parties for the Police Relief Fund will be honored during the week.

EUROPEAN STEAMERS.

HAMBURG LINE.

For England, France and Germany.
WESTPHALIA...Sept. 23 | FRISIA.....Sept. 28
VANDALIA...Sept. 27 | HERDER.....Oct 5

Steamers marked * sail direct to Hamburg without stopping at either Plymouth or Cherbourg with the exception of Steamer Vandalia, which will also take cabin passengers at no distinction but at lower rates (on first and second cabins) of the rate of $60.

C. B. RICHARD & CO., Gen. Pass. Agts.,
61 Broadway, New York.

Agents in St. Louis: Fourth National Bank, International Bank, J. P. White & Co., M. Jacoby.

PRESTON & MERRILL'S
INFALLIBLE
Yeast Powder
THE ORIGINAL!

NOT ADULTERATED NOT EXTENDED.

PERFECTLY PURE,
and is the Strongest, Cheapest, and Most Healthful Bread Preparation made.

SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Notice to the Stockholders of the Koch & Schilling Brewing Co.

An election of directors will be held at the office of the company on
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1882,
From 9 o'clock a. m. until 1 p. m.
C. F. SCHNEIDER, Secretary.

ST. LOUIS, August 6, 1882

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—To the stockholders of the Texas and St. Louis Railway Company in Missouri and Arkansas:

A meeting of the stockholders of the Texas and St. Louis Railway Company in Missouri and Arkansas is hereby called, and will be held at the office of said company, at the southeast corner of Fourth and Pine streets, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, on Wednesday, the 11th day of October, 1882, from 9 o'clock a. m. to 3 o'clock p. m. of said day. The object of said meeting is to vote upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of said Texas and St. Louis Railway Company in Missouri and Arkansas from four million eight hundred and fifty thousand dollars to fifteen millions of dollars.

By order of the Board of Directors.
Attest: J. W. PARAMORE, President.
W. DOUGLAS, Assistant Secretary.
St. Louis, August 6, 1882.

SPECIAL NOTICE—To the Stockholders of the Texas and St. Louis Railway Co. in Missouri and Arkansas: Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Texas and St. Louis Railway Co. in Missouri and Arkansas will be held at the office of the company, in the city of Pine Bluff, Arkansas, on Tuesday, the seventeenth day of October, 1882, at 3 o'clock a. m. of said day. The objects of said meeting are to elect a board of nine directors to serve said company for the ensuing year, and to transact such other business as may lawfully come before it, and particularly to vote upon a proposition to increase the authorized capital stock of said company from four million eight hundred and fifty thousand dollars, its present authorized capital, to fifteen millions of dollars.

By order of the Board of Directors.
J. W. PARAMORE, President.
Attest: W. C. DOUGLAS, Ass't Sec'y.
August 12, 1882.

HOTELS.

"THE SOUTHERN,"
On Walnut, Elm, Fourth and Fifth Streets.

NEW AND THOROUGHLY FIREPROOF

Kept on the American or European plan. Elegant Restaurant on Fourth street. Special advantages to Commercial men. Conducted by the Southern Hotel Company.

CHAS. P. WARNER, General Manager.

The Timken Spring Side-Bar Vehicles are the Best in the World.

There are now over One Hundred Thousand in use. They are the most stylish, durable and easy riding of any made. They are manufactured by all leading Carriage builders in the country. Henry Timken, Patentee, builder of Fine Carriages, Gears and Bodies, 1010 St. Charles street, St. Louis, Mo.

CURRENCY.

Brooklyn could fi up twelve more schoolhouses if she had them.

Boston has plenty of peaches, but none but the best bring a dollar a d zen.

John Bright receives many letters per year regarding Bright's disease, and some of the writers wonder why he can't find a remedy.

It isn't likely that Attorney-General Brewster carries six hats with him when he travels. He probably carries five hats and a night-cap.

An Indiana schoolma'am says it is not only less trouble to rule the boys by love, but she thus manages to get the best apples and nicest bouquets.

Rev. Joe Cook observes: "I like fat people. I was never dec ived by a fat man in my life. When I meet a lean man I open both eyes and watch him."

Mike W lch, of Colorado, managed to squander $400 in one year without drinking a drop of whisky or betting on a horse race. He bet on base ball.

The London World has statistics to prove that lawyers have less sickness as a class than physicians, but, as an offset, physicians can get their medicines for about fifty per cent off.

It is now considered vulgar in England to display much jewelry, but an American woman with seven rings on her fingers over her kid gloves still shines like an evening star.

Blondin, the tight-rope performer, is not dead—not by any means. There are no less than four of him scattered through India, Australia and Europe, and each one is the genuine Blondin.

The Cleveland Leader says that for change of air an old codfish and a hammock hung in the carriage-house does just as well as a trip to the sea-shore, and you are handy to the house in case of fire.

When a clothes-line, filled with a week's washing, is stretched from the post to the window shutter of a neighboring church, it is a clear case of the gospel truth, that cleanliness is next to godliness.

The annual season for children to sit down in pails and kettles of hot water has arrived, and mothers who have prudence about them will slip a little soap into the water so as to make the skin peel off easier.

There were over forty girls at Old Orchard Beach this summer who gave out that they were heiresses, but they found that string broken. The young men turn to the commercial agencies when they want to know about such things.

It is in Philadelphia that there is the most objection to smoking on the platforms of street cars. But there are a few women in Philadelphia, who do not like the odor of a good cigar, and thousands of men smoke in their own homes.

A missionary in Jamaica was once questioning some little black children on the fifth chapter of Matthews' gospel, and he asked, "Who are the meek?" A little fellow answered: "Those who give soft answers to rough questions."

"Oh! I've got great faith in de Lord," cried the Rev. Mr. Jackson, a colored preacher of Boston, "and ef de Lord was to say, 'Jackson, go butt yer head agin dat tree,' I've got faith to b'lieve dat the tree 'ud be removed afore I got dere."

Velvet the Only Wear.

From the Cincinnati Gazette.

Velvet is asserting itself more positively week by week, not only as a garniture, but as the foundation of the toilet. Plain velvet will be less in demand than figured and broche. Faille and plain velvets will be used together, and ribbon velvets will be in vogue in imitation of the braiding now so universal. The novelty for the present co sists of a mixture of brocade velvets and painted foulards. Given a good dressmaker for manipulation, these fine Indian painted foulards, strewn with dahlias of various shades, marguerites, clusters of carnations or multi-colored roses, will combine into toilets of special distinction. How to make velvet skirts is a query often repeated. The Bazar offers this solution as one of the best plans: Drape them with a long, deep apron over-skirt; that gives the effect of two skirts, but is much lighter, and this will make it possible to wear a variety of basques and overdresses with the same skirt. A foundation skirt of alpaca, wool satine, or of inexpensive silk, is first made in the close trim shape, which has a sloped seam down the middle of the usual front gored breadth, then a side gore in each side, with straight back, giving a width of two and a third yards at the foot, which is faced with crinoline and muslin, then alpaca, and bound with braid. A trimming of two bias puffs of satin or of Ottoman repped silk may cover this sufficiently, but if the foundation skirt is not to be covered by trimming, it must be covered half a yard deep with velvet, in which is set a great ruche of velvet, satin or repped silk. On this skirt is draped, in deep apron shape, three breadths of velvet that will go far back at the belt, to which they are slightly gathered, or they may be sewed to the foundation skirt just below the belt, if the wearer has large hips—and these cover at the top all but the straight back of the foundation skirt. The length of the apron is disposed in five plaits taken along the sides rather higher up than formerly, and these plaits curve lower toward the middle of the front; the plaited sides are sewed to a single back breadth of velvet, with a plaited fan sewed in half its depth from the bottom on each side. The apron front breadths may be slashed up ward to form fourteen squares, that fall open and disclose the soft puffs that trim the foundation skirt; these slashes are deeper on the sides where they are half a yard deep, while in the center of the apron they are about ten inches. The top of the back breadth of velvet is held in one double box plait.

The Modern Helen.

From the New York Sun.

The prize offered to the most beautiful woman at the peoples' festival in Buda-Pesth created a national sensation, and attracted an immense multitude to witness the competition. Over 150 women presented themselves before the bench of judges. They were inspected one at a time, and each candidate, as soon as judged, was passed on to a waiting room. When the whole number had been reviewed they were again taken before the judges singly, and finally all were placed together in line. After critical inspection the most beautiful one were selected and the rest dismissed, and then from the smaller number the two loveliest of all were chosen for the first and second prizes. But this was a work of difficulty, and was not settled to the satisfaction of all. The victor in the tournament was Miss Cornelia Szekely, a maiden of 16, the daughter of an official in the Imperial household. Her claims to beauty rest upon a charming, transparent complexion, melting brown eyes, a small mouth, rich dark-brown hair, and a form of youthful grace; but her features are not wholly regular, and the mouth and the head are not perfect in shape. Her photograph, taken in a dress that is being made for her by the first dressmaker of Hungary, is to be sent to all the illustrated journals of Europe for publication. The prizes were bracelets of gold inlaid with precious stones and of rare workmanship. This competition is said to have shown the Hungarians that they can boast of every type of female loveliness and they are taking advantage of the privilege.

PROPERTY OUT OF CITY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—An elegant farm containing 20 acres; of which five are in grapes: also large orchard; the dwelling has nine rooms, stands in the midst of a beautiful grove of large trees; carriage-house, ice-house and two story barn, all conveniently located; also fishing pond; situated at corner Union av. and Webster road, one-half mile southwest from Carondelet. Inq of Aug. Berryman, 705 Pine st. m6

FOR SALE—A farm of 238 acres in Moniteau county, Mo; brick house 8 rooms, bank barn, cattle barn, 2 orchards, living water, hedge fences, to be sold on liberal terms; on Missouri Pacific railroad, six hours from St. Louis. Address M. A. B., 2837 Morgan st. 6

Telephone Offices St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

All classes of "Want Advertisements" will be received for the "Post-Dispatch" at the following places and charged for at the same rate as if left at the main office. Each branch office is provided with telephone connection with the main office. All wants handed in before 12 o'clock (mid day) will be telephoned at once to this office and appear in the issue of the same afternoon. Orders for the delivery of the paper, by carrier, at 15 cents a week, also received.

E. Geisler, Pharmacist, St. Ange and Park Aves.
C. K. Jones & Co., Druggists, 1400 Garrison Ave.
Otto D'Amour, Druggist, Broadway and Chambers street.
Jno. W. O'Brien, Druggist, 1727 Cass Avenue.
J. W. Tomfohrde, Pharmacist, 18th and Benton st.
Wm. R. Grant, Druggist, 3342 Olive St.
H. F. A. Spilker, Druggist, 1500 Chouteau Ave.
J. M. Good, Druggist, 2348 Olive St.
Geo. Weinsberg, Apothecary, Marion and Menard streets.
Thos. S. Glenn, Druggist, 2338 Washington Ave.
Chas. Gulath, Druggist, 2613 Carondelet Ave.
A. Syerenya, 2740 Morgan Street.
Adolph Pfeiffer, Druggist, Broadway and Salisbury streets.

Telephone Numbers—
Business Department . . . . . 558.
Editorial Rooms . . . . . 501.

PERSONAL

Advertisements of a purely personal nature inserted under head of "Personal" at the rate of ten cents for twenty words. Matter accompanied by money may be sent through mail

A MIDDLE-AGED widow wishes the acquaintance of an elderly gentleman of kind heart that would be willing to help her make living; will be a true friend in return. Ad. T. 45, this office. t1

BLACK: Are you offended? Please write. I can't imagine the cause of your silence. Won't you see me and d place and din with me? Address me at my place of business. White. m1

IF ANY one knows anything of Owen Smith and Lee McCath rn, please send to Sallie Johnson, 1403 Morgan st. m1

JENNIE: Meet me at Tenth and Chestnut Tuesday night at 8½ o'clock. Joe t1

L.—I RECEIVED your letter: am doing the best I can. Can't answer the question through the papers. My address is 1407 Franklin avenue. I want to go home to you. Nellie. m1

PERSONAL—A young man desires the acquaintance of a discreet young lady; brunette preferred. Ad. T. 26, this office. w1

PERSONAL—In reply to A. 31: That is all very well. I will take all risks and run all chances; and, as or the person you mention I don't care enough or him. If he knows all he don't amount to much. You will hear from me again. T. 27. m1

YOUNG widow wishes the acquaintance of a middle-aged gent; one who will help her. R. 61 this office. m1

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

ALL cast off clothing bought by N. Jacobs, 308 Locust st. Address postal card. f74

CALIFORNIA ports, sherries, Angelica and brandies retailed at wholesale prices at Bleyer's, 5th and Market.

FINE laundrying, collars and cuffs equal to Eastern work, 20c per dozen. 609 Pine st., 312 Locust st., 815 Washington av. Missouri Steam Laundry.

INSURE with HOLLAND & PRATT, 223 Olive street.

JUST RECEIVED—Fall catalogue of 5c sheet music. Send for same to E. T. Jett, bookseller, 8 4 Olive st.

MITCHELL'S Bon-Bons, Chocolates, French fruit candies. 418 Olive st.

MRS. LAURA DE KNEVETT, spiritualist medium, natural clairvoyant and test guide for business. 1413 Morgan st. 38

OUR family supply depot for fine wines, whiskies and brandies is the most complete west of new York; prices strictly wholesale. The Bieyer Distilling Co. 5th and Market.

SILVER-PLATED WARE.

No fancy price if you purchase direct from the manufacturers. We warrant every article we sell to be exactly as represented. E. M. Wadsworth & Co., sale rooms 612 Olive st. Repairing and replating a specialty. w74

THE Copying House has moved from 823 N. 4th st. to s. w. cor. 4th and Morgan, with a full line of pictures, frames, mirrors, oil paintings, engravings, photo albums and all the latest novelties, wholesale and retail. Frames manufactured to order. 74

WANTED—Attractions for Keytesville Fair, five days, commencing Tuesday, October 3. Apply to Wm. E. Hill, president Keytesville, Mo. 1

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A PRACTICAL druggist might purchase a half or whole interest in a splendid drug business. Address Lock Box 818, Joplin, Mo. 2

SHEET music 5c; regular price 35c to 75c; 1,000 pieces; send for catalogue. Book and News Depot s. w. cor. 12th and Olive sts., St. Louis. 2

BUSINESS WANTED.

GENTLEMAN and wife would like the management of small dry goods store in country; both thoroughly understand business; good references; Address T. 33, this office. m3

INSURE with HOLLAND & PRATT, 223 Olive street.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

$150 will buy a neat dry goods and notion store with fixtures at 2613 Chouteau avenue. s4

CIGAR store in good locality; reason for selling, party leaving the city. Ad. R. 57, this office.

FOR SALE—The Pine Street Coffee house. Inquire at 904 Pine st. m4

FOR SALE—$5,000 cash will buy one of the best paying corn and wholesale and retail jobbing produce business in St. Louis; first-class country and city trade; none but cash buyers need apply. Ad. T. 20, this office. w4

FOR SALE—Small fruit and candy store with fixtures, cheap; good stand. Apply 1810 Franklin av. m4

FOR SALE—First-class grocery now doing a good business; in good location; reason for selling, owner leaving the city. Address T. E. Watts, 113 N. 8th st. s4

FOR SALE—A very desirable drugstore, doing an excellent business; reasons for selling death of the proprietor. For particulars, address R. C. Schum, s. w. cor. Fifth and Market, St. Louis.

GOING CHEAP FOR CASH—The remainder of stock, consisting of piece goods, suits and notions, together with fixtures, show-cases and inside show windows. This is an old and well-established stand, present owner retiring on account of ill health. Apply at 1412 Franklin av. m4

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

$1 Down and 50c a Week

Gets you a nice Clock, Album, Bible or Mirror. Be sure you buy of my agents or direct from my store. Ingalls, 813 Market st.

$5,000 SCHOOL SHOES at 50c on the dollar. 1028 Broadway and 1131 N. 5th st. Wm. Cagie. 5

BABY buggy for sale cheap. Mrs. A. Stedman, 2500 N. Market st., corner of W. 20th. m5

FOR SALE—One 25-horse power engine and one 5-flue boiler 22 feet long. Carondelet Av. Furniture Mfg. Co., N. W. cor. Carondelet av. and Soulard st. s5

FOR SALE—A good second-hand safe, double door and combination lock, cheap. Northwest corner 5th and Market sts.

FOR SALE—Veiled Prophet and U. S. flags of bunting, White Mountain hammock chairs, tents, wagon covers, etc., at low prices. Ch Renne No 18 N. 2d st. 5

INSURE with HOLLAND & PRATT, 223 Olive street.

PUREST strains of full-blooded white leghorn, black spanish and Dominica chickens. Eggs from same $1 or 13. 4 6 Olive st.

PIANOS of all grades, new and second-hand, for sale at great bargains or for rent at H. Koerber's, 103 Olive street.

TO Whom I May Concern.—Notice is hereby given that a certain car (No. 3,134) load of axle timber (650 pieces more or less) stored by the Union Depot Co. in Planters' Warehouse, corner 9th and Spruce sts., will be sold for charges at said warehouse on Tuesday, October 3, at 10 o'clock a. m., if same are not sooner paid. E. V. Ringo, proprietor.

HORSES AND VEHICLES

Wanted.

WANTED—A work-horse; state size and price. Ad. R. 43, this office. m11

For Sale

FOR SALE—Sound, handsome, strong horse, in good condition; has been used by lady for three years; a bargain can be had. 1440 Dodier st., near 16th. m12

IMPORTED English saddles and riding equipments for both ladies and gents. Also a complete line of hand-made road harness, ranging from $13 upwards. Custom work a specialty, and in style and quality equal to any in this or any other market. Henry A. Hammel, 704 Pine st. 12

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

$1 Down and 50c a Week

Gets you a nice Clock, Album, Bible or Mirror. Be sure you buy of my agents or direct from my store. Ingalls, 813 Market st.

16 N. EIGHTH ST.—Neatly furnished rooms suitable for man and wife or gentlemen. m13

213 N. EIGHTH ST.—Furnished rooms, southern exposure, $1 per week. m13

309 S. THIRD.—Neatly furnished for housekeeping; also front and rear rooms. Good neighborhood; the house newly renovated; southern exposure. Established 1861. t13

315 N. ELEVENTH ST.—Nicely furnished rooms with bath attached, including board; terms reasonable; also day boarders accommodated.

608 MARKET ST. (Near business center)—Elegantly fur. rooms, by day, week or month

805 PINE ST.—Two handsomely furnished rooms, so. exp. with bath and gas included. s13

839 S. SEVENTH ST.—Furnished second-story front room, gas and bath, for one or two gentlemen; no other boarders. m13

1103 S. SEVENTH ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, with or without board; terms reasonable. s13

1125 WASHINGTON AV.—Suite of parlors, furnished or unfurnished; also other rooms. t13

1313 CHESTNUT ST.—Newly furnished rooms for rent. 13

1606 MARKET ST.—Five nice rooms and large hall, on third floor, $17; water included. s13

1827-9 OLIVE ST.—Elegantly furnished suites of rooms; also, other rooms with so. ex.; gas and bath; ref. req. w13

2319 OLIVE ST.—Third-story front and hall room, furnished; gas, bath; or the flat for light housekeeping. t13

2319 OLIVE ST.—Second-story front and back rooms, furnished; southern exposure; gas, bath; can be used for sleeping rooms or light housekeeping. t13

2438 WASH ST.—Three rooms and bathroom for family without children. s13

2615 FRANKLIN AV.—Two furnished rooms for rent

2934 OLIVE ST.—Large 3d-story room, furnished or unfurnished; very cheap

3012 OLIVE ST.—Two beautifully furnished rooms; rent moderate. m13

3839 FINNEY AV.—For rent, three pleasant rooms, 2d floor, so.exp., water and gas. Ap. in shoe store. a13

A YOUNG gent would like to take a room-mate. 1205 Webster. t13

A PLEASANT room in private family, two blocks south of Chouteau av., near 4th st.; gentlemen preferred; references. Ad. T. 21, this office, m13

ELEGANTLY furnished front room for gent and lady; no questions. Address A. Ward, City Post-office. s13

FOR RENT—On second floor a large front room at 2310 Franklin av. Inquire on second floor. m13

FOR RENT—Second-story front room furnished; western part of city. Address H. 42, this office.

FOR RENT—A furnished room to rent to a respectable lady by the month; price reasonable. Ad. T. 85, this office. m13

NICELY furnished front room for rent in western part of the city, without board; for gentlemen; reference required. T. 23, this office. m13

ROOMS—Furnished and unfurnished, for families, first floor and board at reasonable rates. Mound City Hotel, North Market and Broadway

TWO rooms, water and bath, on second floor, for light housekeeping; very desirable. Call at once at 2438 Wash st. m13

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

2943 EASTON AV.—New 10-room stone front; rent $70. Inquire 2947 Easton av. 14

FOR RENT—12-room stone front house on Nineteenth st. between Wash and Carr. Possession given September 1. Ad. J., this office.

SIX elegant rooms, wash-house and stable. 2226 Gamble av.; $25 per month. w14

TO LET—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

FOR RENT—A store in the Green Tree Hotel Building, on Broadway, East St. Louis. Apply at hotel. J. W. Johnson. 17

FOR RENT CHEAP—Three floors, office and elevator. Ap. at 306 N. Commercial st. w17

BOARDING.

1424 OLIVE ST.—Cool, airy rooms, nicely furnished, with or without board; every convenience; transient and day boarders accom.

TWO couples can secure board, with large, well ventilated rooms, in a small private family; sewerage of house perfect; west end of Pine st. Ad. R. 59, this office. m18

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

A LADY wishes a tidy furnished room where no questions will be asked. Ad. T. 47, this office.

SUITE of rooms for gent and wife and infant, with or without board, west of Jefferson av. between Chestnut and Lucas av. Ref. ex. Box 2471 P. O. t1

WANTED—Small room, with power for light manufacturing, west of 7th st., near Olive as possible. Ad. F. D., 1210 Olive st. m21

WANTED—In a central location, a furnished room, by two young ladies, in a strictly private family, by the first of October. state terms; can give the best of references. Address Box 115, Madison, Ind. w21

WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—A stone-worker, with some capital, to work a quarry on royalty in a growing town where there is a good demand for stone; correspond ence solicited. McLain & Otterson, North Springfield, Mo. 23

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS

$1 Down and 50c a Week

Gets you a nice Clock, Album, Bible or Mirror. Be sure you buy of my agents or direct from my store. Ingalls, 813 Market st.

A. M. NORDFELDT, 7007 Main st., Carondelet, has had twenty-seven years' European experience in renovating clothing. Goods called for and delivered. 26

GENTLEMEN, go to 1498 Franklin av. to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and repaired. 26

NO stranger should leave the city without a box of Mitchell's Pure Candies. 418 Olive st.

WANTED—Small second-hand book-case for a Sunday-school. Ad. R. 52, this office. m26

STORAGE.

BEST storage for furniture; clean, dry and lowest rates. J. B. Brolaski, 603 Pine st.

STORAGE for furniture; money advanced if desired; packing and shipping done; lowest rates. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st.

PROFESSIONAL.

MRS. R. L. ADY, M. D.—Treatment of female diseases a specialty. 1012 Locust st. 34

THEATRICAL.

THEATRICAL—A young man of 18 would like to join an amateur comedy or opera company; has taken part in several entertainments. Ad. H. 43, this office. t75

MUSICAL.

ERNEST SPIERING, violin teacher, 1104 Chambers st. Lessons at pupil's residence if required.

FOR SALE—Cheap, a good bass violin. Ad. R. 55, this office. t77

WANTED—Music scholars in western part of the city; terms, $12; references given. Ad. T. 24, this office. m27

WANTED—Singers, male and female; state compass of voice. Inclose stamp. T. 48, t. o.

PIANOS—Wheelock pianos, the best now made, for sale on easy payments at H. Koerber's, 1103 Olive street.

EDUCATIONAL.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

FRANKLIN COMMERCIAL AND MATHEMATICAL Institute, Granite Building, southwest corner Fourth and Market. The day and night session will begin September 4. F. C. KOSAK.

JOHNSON'S Commercial College, 210-212 N. Third st. open day and night all the year. Write for circulars.

MISS ANNA P. SCOTT'S Select School and Kindergarten reopens Sept. 15, 1882. 2306 Olive st. 29

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Certificate of Deposit No 27,984, for $100, issued by the Fourth National Bank of St. Louis Mo., on September 4, 1882, and payable on demand to the order of Chas. Gorman. Everybody is cautioned not to negotiate the same, as payment thereon has been stopped. Charles Gorman.

LOST—On the 13th of this month, a large buff envelope, H. S. Lotaureth on the back, containing three important papers. Any one having found it who will send it to my address, 829 Utah st., South St. Louis, will be paid for his trouble. H. S. Lotaureth. t30

LOST—On Saturday, one pass book with Charles S einberg's label on back. Finder will confer a favor by leaving it at Charle Steinberg's, on Olive, near 5th or 318 S. 4th st. m30

LOST—Gold Maltese cross, K. T., Sunday p. m., either at Howard's, Kuntz's, Forest Park or Cherokee Garden, upon getting out of a carriage. Return to 606 Pine st. and receive liberal reward.

WANTED—Parties having rooms to rent during Fair week to call and register the same. We have no time to answer letters or postals; hence parties having them to rent must call in person. Room Renting Agency of J. R. Timberman & Co., 719 Chestnut st. s30

FINANCIAL.

Money to Loan.

$50,000. $10,000, $8,000, $1,000 on real estate at 6 per cent. Inquire at JOHN LADY & Co. 305½ Olive street.

MONEY TO LOAN on household goods without removal; business confidential; no brokerage or commission charged. D. H. Evans & Co., 207 N. Seventh street.

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Brolaski & Voorhis, 603 Pine.

MONEY TO LOAN on household furniture without removal; lowest rate; business confidential. C. F. Betts, Notary Public, 208 N. 8th.

MONEY TO LOAN—On all personal property in sums from 25c to $5,000. Golden Eagle Loan Office, 12 S. Fourth street.

ALL SORTS.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

$1 Down and 50c a Week

Gets you a nice Clock, Album, Bible or Mirror. Be sure you buy of my agents or direct from my store. Ingalls, 813 Market st.

ALL the newest designs in paper-hangings, window shades, pictures, frames, mirrors, etc., cheap at Stephens', 413 and 415 Franklin av. 32

ARTESIAN WELLS—Wells bored any depth through earth or rocks by Beebe & Harston, 109 University st. s32

BEECHER FURNACE is the best soft coal burner, the best hard coal burner, the best to burn coke. Free from dust, gas or smoke. F. M. Campbell & Co., 1015 Washington av.

BUTTER, CHEESE, LARD, EGGS. WM. N. TIVY, 424 N. Second st. HONEY.

Bonsack & Vogel, Manufacturers of Carriages, Buggies, Spring Wagons, City Trucks. Painting and repairing. MAIN AND SPRUCE STS.

FIRST-CLASS photographing at second-class prices; taken regardless of weather at R. F. Adams & Co.'s gallery 25 North Fourth street.

ICE BREWERS, ice retailers, butchers, packers, grocers, and panting humanity generally, can buy 100 lbs to a car-load of Litchfield Reservoir Ice (purest in the market) at our new branch office and wagon scales, railroad track, Eighteenth and Clark avenue. JAMES A. SMITH & SON.

MITCHELL'S CANDIES (home made). French fruits, Canton ginger in syrup and crystalized, bon-bons, chocolates, etc. 418 Olive street.

The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co., 513 Walnut st. Loans large and small amounts. Builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly. Terms greatly reduced.

STRICTLY pure wines and liquors by the bottle, gallon or barrel, at T. Julian Smith's, 513 Walnut st.

LODGE NOTICES.

THERE will be a special meeting of the Anti-Prohibition League, Tuesday evening, September 19, at 8 o'clock, p. m. All friends of the cause are invited to attend. H. Ziegenhain, Pres.; Chas. Schweckhardt, sec. t33

BOOKS.

10,000 STANDARD BOOKS, new and second hand. Catalogue free. Cash paid for standard books. D. Linahan, 4th and Washington av.

SCHOOL BOOKS—The largest stock of new and old school books in the city and at the lowest prices. Frank Archer, 515 Pine st.

REMOVALS.

CORSETS—Miss E. Rawlings removed from 1120 Olive st. to 1226 Washington av. 35

MISS L. E. MUNDY has removed from 610 Olive st. to 208 N. 6th, where she would be pleased to see her customers.

FREE OF CHARGE!

All advertisements under the head of "Wanted," for either situations or help—male or female—will be inserted without charge. All other "Wants," not exceeding three lines, and not of a business nature, ten cents each insertion. The Post-Dispatch has a much larger city circulation than any other paper in St. Louis, and is specially adapted for small advertisements under this head. To secure proper classification advertisements must be handed in before one o'clock.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Book-keepers.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

A YOUNG man of good education, book-keeper and letter writer, desires employment in any capacity, either by day or night. Address N. 58, this office. m36

WANTED—Employment from 6 to 10 o'clock p. m. at posting or correcting books by a practical accountant; good references; terms reasonable. F. O., 608 Pine st. t36

YOUNG man of 22 desires a position as assistant book-keeper, bill, entry or shipping clerk; rapid penman; quick at figures; experienced railroad clerk. Ad. E. 8, this office. t36

YOUNG man employed as book-keeper during the day wants office work in evenings. Ad. E. 12, this office. w36

Clerks and Salesmen.

A BOY 18 years old wishes a situation as a grocery clerk; has some experience. Ad. T. 37, this office. w37

A YOUNG man, speaking German, French and English, wishes a situation in a wholesale house or to drive a delivery wagon. Address T. 44, this office. w37

A YOUNG man 18 years of age wants a situation as grocery clerk; has three years' experience in wholesale and retail business; best of city references. Ad. L. 19, this office. t37

BY a student, to write or do other work; will work two hours each evening. Ad. W. B. S., 1002 Pine st. 137

DRUGGIST wishes a position as relief clerk; speaks English and German. L. 6, this office

ENERGETIC young man, with practical business experience, whose own business does not require all of his time, would like a position in any capacity; highest city refs. R. 44, this office. m37

FIRST-CLASS Eastern stock and custom shirt cutter with undoubted refs. and long experience, who is able to take charge of the manufacturing department in all its various branches, once a position; party will remain in city for eight days only. Ad. T. 29, this office. m37

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

GENTLEMAN with thorough knowledge of dry goods wishes a position in the wholesale; is accustomed to take management; will be disengaged end of month; best of references; salary $70. w37

I WILL give $10 to anyone getting me a situation as collector, time keeper, watchman or hotel clerk; refs.; given. Ad. T. 50, this office. w37

POSITION to travel for Hardware house, 4 years' city experience in both hardware and cutlery, or as book-keeper and collectorship. Ad. L. 21, this office. t37

SITUATION wanted by a young man of 7 years' experience as single entry and assistant book-keeper, shipping and bill clerk; writes a good hand, quick at figures; salary second ary; references first-class. T. 38, this office. w37

SITUATION wanted by a young man with best of references to collect; can furnish horse. Ad. L. 14, this office. t37

SITUATION wanted by a young man of 23 years in gents' furnishing goods store; best ref.; seven years' exp. Ad. L. 13, this office. t37

SITUATION wanted in retail grocery house by middle-aged man who has had experience as salesman and book-keeper; best city reference; wages very moderate. Ad. D. t., this office. t37

SITUATION WANTED—By a young man, to sell from wagon to the retail grocery trade. R. 58 this office. m 7

WANTED—By a young man willing to work, a situation in wholesale or manufacturing house, where advancement can be made; good ref. Ad. L. 3, this office. 137

WANTED—Situation by a young man 20 years of age in good reliable business; has had four years' experience in general store; can give best of refs. Ad. T. 22, this office. w37

WANTED—A situation as manager, warehouseman or clerk; three months from England, where for many years had full management of large flour mills; is a good and rapid writer; quick and correct at figures. Ad. T. 36, this office. w37

WANTED—Position by one who is abundantly able to fill almost any position; wishes city agency for some jobbing house, or to take charge of and manage any kind of business; married; aged 38; well acquainted with jobbing and retail grocery trade; best of references. Ad. T. 49, this office.

YOUNG man quick at figures, good penman, closely confined, wants active situation; not afraid of work; salary no object; best refs. Ad. R. 42, this office. m37

YOUNG man of 19 who can give good ref. wants a situation in some good hotel. Ad. H. 49, t. o.

The Trades.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

A DEAF and dumb boy of 14 years would like to learn a trade of some kind. Ad. Fred. Schraudner, No. 1422 N. 12th st. m38

SITUATION in blacksmith shop; have had three years' experience and six months at forge; would like one year more for instruction. Ad. W. M., 1128 N. 24th st. w38

WANTED—Situation as locomotive brass molder; country preferred. Ad. or inquire at 3232 Clara st. S. St. Louis. m38

WANTED—Situation by a young man of 18, to learn the carpenter trade. L. 9, this office.

WANTED—A situation as yard engineer; reference given. Address T. 16, this office. w38.

YOUNG man of 20 would like to learn a trade; willing to work; can give ref. from present employer. Ad. E. 11, this office. w38

YOUTH of 18 wishes a situation to learn his trade, stair builder. Ad. H. 39, this office. w38

Coachmen and Drivers,

A COACHMAN and fine groom wants a first-class place with private family; first-class city reference given. T. S. 913 Locust st. w39

BY a boy of 16 years to drive a delivery wagon; is well acquainted with the city. Ad. E. 14, this office. w39

SITUATION wanted by a boy of 16 years old, to drive a delivery wagon; is well acquainted with the city. T. 31, this city. w39

SITUATION wanted by a sober young man as night watchman or in private family to drive; understands the care of horses, cows and garden. Ad. William, 220 Mound st. w39

WANTED—Situation by a boy 16 years of age to drive delivery wagon; can give best of refs. Ad. E. 2, this office. m39

YOUNG man of 19 years wishes a situation as driver for a delivery wagon; best city ref. Ad. L. 8, this office. 139

YOUNG man who has had six years' experience doing housework, attending to horses, and can tend furnace, would like a place in private family; can bring best of reference. Address John, 1000 Franklin av., s. w. corner of 10th. t43

YOUNG man well acquainted in the city wants a situation as city delivery; good reference. Address, care Letter Carrier No. 80, J. H. Gleringer.

Cooks.

FIRST-CLASS cook wishes a situation in private family. 2636 Eugenia st. No postals. m49

Stenographers.

POSITION wanted by a young man as shorthand writer. Ad. T. 14, this office. w41

STENOGRAPHER and type writer desires extra work evenings; will furnish machine if required. Address T. 4, this office. m41

STENOGRAPHER wants a reader to come to his room; will pay 15c per hour. Ad. T. 12, this office. t43

Boys.

A BRIGHT boy of 15 wishes sit. as collector; best refs. H. Markus, 915 Wash st. w42

A BOY of 17 years would like a situation in some store. Address J. W. B., 704 Chestnut st.

WANTED—A situation of some kind by a boy of 18; willing and obliging. Address E. 13, this office. w42

BY boy 14 years of age in some store; not afraid of work; good ref. Ad. Lina Hampress, 105 S. 10th st. 142

BOY of 18 years, desires work in private house; can do anything around house. Address 608 Carr st. 143

BOY of 16 wishes a good situation in some office; can bring good references if required. Ad. T. 10, this office. 161

BOY of 13 wishes situation as office boy. Ad. L. 22, this office. 161

BY a boy of 14, situation in some office; quick at figures; good refs.; wages not the main object. Ad. N. 77, this office. t61

BOY of 14 wishes a sit. as errand boy and to make himself generally useful. Ap. to 1603 N. 5th st.

WANTED—A situation by a boy of 17, in a grocery or saloon; can give the best of refs. T. 32, this office. w42

Miscellaneous.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

A YOUNG man wishes a situation in some store; small wages at first. Ad. L. 15, this office. t43

ASSISTANT teacher, who also can preside at the organ, bass singer, desires a situation. R. 56 this office. m43

BY a young man as porter, or any kind of inside work. Ad. T. 15, this office. w43

BY RELIABLE young married man, situation at any thing in wholesale house; reference given. L. Green, 3014 Leonard st. t43

JOHNSON'S Commercial College, 210-212 N. Third; open day and night all year. Write for circulars. 5

POSITION wanted to learn the retail book and news business. Address R. 48, this office. m43

SITUATION of any kind wanted by young man; fair education and experience in driving. Address T. 2, this office. m43

WANTED—A situation as proof-reader. Ad. R. 54, this office. m43

WANTED—Situation for an American man and wife with two small children; in city or country: man for horses or outdoor work; woman for general housework; references given. Ad. H. 37, this office. w43

WANTED—By a young man willing to work, a situation in wholesale or manufacturing house where advancement can be made; good refs. Ad. H. 38, this office. w43

WANTED Employment in some active business; could invest $2,000 within two months; not afraid of work. Ad. T. 30, this office. w43

WANTED—Position of any kind, with heavy machinery, house or manufactory; capable to travel; best refs. N. 38, this office. s37

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

General Housework.

A YOUNG lady wishes a situation as chamber maid or as housekeeper. Call at 318 S. 4th st.

MIDDLE AGED lady would like a situation in family to assist in housework, sew or take care of children for moderate wages. E. 3, this office. t48

SWEDISH girl wants a situation in a private American family to do housework. 1423 S. 7th. m48

SITUATION by two girls, one to do housework and the other to cook. 1326 N. 13th st. m48

SITUATION wanted by respectable girl to do housework in a private family; can give best of ref. if req. Call at 1320 N. 13th st. m48

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

A GERMAN lady wishes copying to do at office or at home. Call at 318 S. 4th st. w44

WANTED—Situation by a No. 1 saleslady in millinery or notion store; best of refs. Ad. T. 25, this office. w44

WANTED—By refined lady, to do copying in an office; or will clerk in millinery or confectionery store. Ad. T. 19, this office. w44

WANTED—Copying to do at home. Address, for three days, T. 9, this office. w44

YOUNG lady wishes a situation in a photograph gallery. Ad. 1115 N. 14th st. No objection to Sunday work. m44

YOUNG lady, good penman, desires a position for writing of any kind; good reference. Ad. T. 42, this office. w44

Teachers, Companions, Etc.

A YOUNG lady graduate wishes to get a position in school or private family; will teach English branches and music, in city or country. Ad. T. 28, this office. w78

YOUNG lady desires to be companion to wealthy and respectable lady or to take care of one or two children from 4 to 6 years old; can give first-class reference. Ad. T. 43, this office. w78

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

SITUATION as button-hole maker or machinist on fine coats and vests or dresses. Ad. H. A. R., 923 N. 6th st. m69

WANTED—Situation as first-class dressmaker. Call or address 212 N. 13th st., city. t46

Cooks.

A WOMAN wants a place to cook, wash and iron or do gen. work; city or country. Call 919 N. 14th st. m49

A WOMAN wants a place to cook; best reference; inquire at 2815 N. 14th st. w49

A WOMAN wants a place as first-class cook; willing to assist with washing and ironing. Call at 919 N. 14th; no postal. t49

SITUATION wanted by a first-class cook. Call at 3032 Olive st. w49

WOMAN would like to get a place as assistant in kitchen or dish-washing in hotel; no postals answered. Call at 919 N. 14th st. t68

Laundresses.

WANTED—Family washing, either at family residence or to take home. L. 2, this office.

WANTED—Washing to do at home. Address 105 S. 10th st. t51

WANTED—Washing and ironing, by good laundress; will go out by the day or take home. Apply at No. 12 Jackson, bet. Annie and Harper sts.

WANTED—Washing to take home. 1502 Biddle st. m51

HELP WANTED—MALE.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

Clerks and Salesmen.

A GOOD shirt solicitor; good salary to right man. Ad. T. 18, this office. w54

WANTED—Two experienced newspaper canvassers. Apply at office of POST-DISPATCH before 9 a. m. s62

WANTED—Salesman to sell custom-made shirts to order. Call at 711 N. 9th st. m54

WANTED—Several good German dry goods salesmen. Ap. to Jos. Emanuel & Co., 1204 S. Fifth. m54

YOUNG man of few years' experience wanted in retail drugs. Apply cor. Biddle and 21st sts.

Coachmen and Drivers.

A YOUNG man to drive delivery wagon and collect. Apply between the hour of 2 and 4 o'clock Sunday at 2330 Scott avenue. w55

A YOUNG colored man wanted to attend to horse and barouche and work around the house. Apply to 322 Locust st. t55

STRONG boy to drive horse and assist in grocery store; must speak German. F. Roth, 2252 Carondelet av. t55

WANTED—Colored coachman (single) willing to make himself useful; ref. req. Ad. L. 4, this office. t56

WANTED—German boy, about 16, to attend to horses and make himself generally useful. 2111 Clark av. w55

WANTED—A coachman to take care of one horse and carriage, make himself generally useful. Call at 2024 Rutger st., bet. the hours of 6:30 and 8 p. m. this evening. w55

Cooks.

A GOOD cook wanted at Hotel Hunt Restaurant. Apply immediately. t56

YOUNG man for pastry. Gem Restaurant, 603 Market st. t56

The Trades.

CAN-MAKERS wanted at 7th and Howard sts. E. C. Dameron & Co. w58

MEN wanted on rock work at Government quarry, Dixon's landing; take steamboat Gem City, Bald Eagle or Dora. t58

TINNERS wanted at Standard Stamping Co., 710 N. 2d st. w58

WANTED—Three or four good tinners at M. M. Buck & Co.'s, 209 N. 3d st. m58

WANTED—Photographic operator; one accustomed to outdoor work. 815 N. 6th st. m58

WANTED—Immediately, fire brick setter and burner; good wages to the right man. Ad. with reference, T. 1, this office. m58

WANTED—Two good lathe hands at A. J. Ackerman & Co.'s, 217 Exchange st. t58

WANTED—Five good coopers for tight work. E. Rinz & Sons, 2104 Morgan st. w58

Waiters.

WANTED—Two waiters and one girl to wash dishes. 1306 Franklin av. A. Donovan. t57

Laborers.

WANTED—Fifty laborers on the Frisco Railroad, near Oakland Station, Mo. Pacific R. R. Apply immediately on the works. Fruin & Co.

WANTED—Two laborers. W. F. Lambe & Co., 805 Market. w59

Boys.

AN office boy wanted; must write a good, plain hand. A. S. Treloar, 206 N. 7th st. w61

A BOY wanted to work in candy factory, at 1106 Franklin av; must come well recommended

A GOOD boy, between 13 and 15, wanted; call on G. M. Harding, 1104 Olive st. w61

A BOY 15 or 16 years old wanted. Apply at shooting gallery, 5th and Chestnut sts., from 10 to 11 a. m. t61

BOY to work in shoe store; must speak German. 1028 Broadway. t57

BOY wanted who speaks German, well recommended, to help in saloon. 2627 Laclede av. (Market st.) t61

BOY of 16 or 17 in loan office. Call at 906 Franklin av. between 9 and 10 a. m. m61

CASH-BOYS wanted at 410 and 412 N. 4th st. m61

ERRAND boy wanted at 308 N. 5th st. t61

WANTED—Four or five large boys to work in a factory. Apply at M. M. Buck & Co.'s, 209 N. 3d st. m61

WANTED—A boy of 14 to 16 in a wholesale house; must write a fair hand. Ad. in own handwriting T. 6, this office. m54

WANTED—A young man who reads and writes English and German fluently, and who is well acquainted in the city. Address in both English and German, H. 41, this office. w61

Miscellaneous.

100 MEN to stop at the Galt House, 1029 Broadway; single beds 15c; single rooms 25c per night. Open day and night. s62

AN experienced man as dishwasher at Grand Central Hotel, 1117 Poplar st. w62

BRICK teams wanted at N. 10th st., at Shackleford Brick Works. m62

CARTS wanted to haul clay. Hydraulic Press Brick Co., Grand and Chouteau avs. 62

WANTED—Man and wife: man to take charge of lot and woman to cook and assist with washing and ironing. Ad. T. 40, this office. w62

WANTED—A night watchman, at Mound City Hotel, North Market st. and Broadway. w62

WANTED—A No. 1 canvasser to canvass the city for printing. Ad. T. 51, this office. m62

WANTED—Teams to haul brick. Hydraulic Press Brick Co., cor Grand and Chouteau avs. 62

WANTED—You to try a good dinner from 2 to 4 o'clock for 10 to 15 cents at What Cheer Restaurant, 625 Morgan st.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

A YOUNG lady stenographer as correspondent wanted. One who writes a good business hand, and can use type-writer. Ad R. 51, this office. m63

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Housekeepers.

A MIDDLE-AGED woman to take care of furnished house; must be honest. Ad. T. 41, this office. w65

General Housework.

1113 PINE ST.—A good German woman and girl. Only those who can work need apply. w66

A GOOD girl wanted for general housework. Apply at 2222 Walnut st. w66

A FIRST-CLASS German girl wanted for housework at 1809 Chestnut st. t66

A GIRL wanted for general housework. Inquire at 3125 Vineyard st. t66

COLORED woman for general housework at 2221 Olive st. w66

FIRST-CLASS housegirl who can assist with washing and ironing wanted at 3550 Pine. w66

GIRL for general housework, washing and ironing: small family. Apply at 2817 Lux street, between Lynch and Pestalozzi sts. w66

GIRL—White or colored, for general housework. 113 N. 13th st. m66

GOOD girl wanted for housework at 2030 Eugenia st. m66

GERMAN or American girl wanted; a suburban home; moderate wages; for general housework. N. 60 this office. m66

GOOD girl wanted to do general housework. Apply at 1026 S. 8th st. t66

STEADY woman wanted for general housework; ref. required. Call at 3008 Olive st. m66

STEADY, active girl for general housework. Ap. to 1727 Washington av. w66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework in small family at 1108 Stoddard av. m66

WANTED—A good German girl to do general housework. 2911 Olive st. m66

WANTED—A good girl in small family. Call over shoe store, No. 527 Franklin av., first floor. m66

WANTED—German girl for general housework. 206 High st. m66

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Ap. at 31 Nicholson place. 3 days. m66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Apply 926 Hickory st. t66

WANTED—A German girl for general housework. 1139 Bremen av. t66

WANTED—Girl for general housework at 2624 Walnut st. t66

WANTED—Colored house girl; must come well recommended. 3706 Hogan av. t66

WANTED—A neat girl for general housework, at 310 S. High st. t66

WANTED—A reliable white girl, well recommended, for general housework. Apply 1213 Julia st. w66

WANTED—A girl for general housework, at 2220 Walnut st. Call Sunday. w66

WANTED—Girl for light housework and plain sewing. Call at Galt House, 1029 Broadway.

WANTED—Smart, neat girl, 14 or 15 years, to assist in general housework in family of three; good home. 1710 Broadway. Call between 3 and 6 p. m. w66

WANTED—A German girl in a small family for general housework at 2303 Market st. w66

WANTED—German girl about 16 for nursing and housework; family of two. Call at No. 1558 Papin st. w66

WANTED—A girl to do general housework for family. 2917 Washington av. w66

WANTED—A good German girl for housework and to assist in washing and ironing. Apply at 2610 Pine st. w66

WANTED—A German or Swede girl for general housework. 80 Lafayette av. w66

WANTED—A good girl for light housework. Apply to Ed. W. Knierim, 1511 Carroll st. w66

WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family. 2624 Walnut st. t66

WANTED—A colored woman for general housework. 2211 Olive. w66

WANTED—A first-class girl to do general housework; German preferred. 1314 S. 10th st. w66

YOUNG girl wanted for housework in family of two; one who will stay in evenings; small wages. 2031 Franklin av., one flight. t66

Cooks, Etc.

A FIRST-CLASS private family cook wanted; call at 2219 Olive st. t68

A GERMAN girl to cook, wash and iron for a family of three persons; references required. 2712 Franklin av. t68

FIRST-CLASS cook at 2918 Pine st. t68

GOOD woman wanted to cook, wash and iron for a small family; ref. required. 629 Beaumont st.

GERMAN girl wanted to cook, wash and iron and do downstairs work in a family of three. 3527 Lindell av. m68

GOOD cook, washer and ironer 2917 Thomas st.; small house, small family; two girls. m69

GOOD German woman to cook, wash and iron. Mrs. Merrell, 1731 Washington av. t68

GIRL wanted, German preferred, to cook, wash and iron for small family; no children. Apply 145 S. Compton av. t68

ONE good cook and one good house girl wanted at 1019 N. 19th st. w68

POT WASHER—Windsor Hotel, 14th and Washington av. t68

TWO women of some culture and refinement to cook and do general housework; the right kind of women can have fair wages and pleasant and permanent homes. Address J. W. Martin Walker, Mo.

WANTED—A girl to cook, wash and iron at 2804 Lafayette av. m68

WANTED—Two good strong German girls—one to cook, wash and iron, the other to do housework. Inq. with refs. at 2626 Washington av. m68

WANTED—A good German girl to cook, wash and iron in a small family. Call Monday at 3525 Lafayette av., cor. of Lafayette and Arkansas avs. t68

WANTED—A good cook; also a good house girl, 3310 Washington av. t68

WANTED—A German girl to cook and wash for three persons, at 2127 Walnut st. m68

WANTED—A good woman to cook, wash and iron, and also a girl to work in the house. O. 26, this office. w68

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

AN experienced milliner that can read and translate French at 2921 Olive st. m69

AN experienced seamstress wanted to cut and make children's clothing in an orphan asylum. Apply at 3030 Washington av. m69

FIFTEEN first-class dress makers with machines. Apply at New York Store, 703 Franklin av. t68

PANTS MAKERS wanted at Mrs. Annie Miller's, Boston st., bet. Good and Washington avs. t69

SITUATION for light house work; no washing or ironing; 1005 N. 13th st. w66

TEN good dressmakers, with machines; good wages; steady work; none but first-class hands need apply. 817 Morgan st. m69

WANTED—A girl who understands sewing mattress ticks, at 1712 Franklin av. m69

WANTED—Immediately, 10 good machinists and 25 good hand-sewers for pants; also 2 good pressers. 732 S. 8th st., near Gratiot st. m69

WANTED—A first-class dressmaker to come to the house; machine will be furnished. E. 10, this office. w69

Laundresses.

AT Eastern Laundry, 212 S. 6th st., a first class shirt ironer; highest wages. t67

TWO good laundry girls wanted at Lafayette Park Hotel. t67

WANTED—Three washerwomen and two ironers at 203 N. 12th st. m69

WANTED—First-class shirt ironer immediately at 2410 Broadway. t67

Nurses.

A GOOD German nurse girl, about 14 years old, to take care of one child at 1028 S. 8th st., between Chouteau av. and Hickory st. t70

FIRST-CLASS wet nurse wanted for baby teething. Call at Mound City Hotel, North Market st. and Broadway. w70

GOOD nurse girl wanted. Apply to A. Block, with Leubrie Bros., 715 Franklin av. t70

GOOD nurse girl wanted. Call 3118 Pine st. t70

CATHOLIC lady to take child home to nurse during infancy. Call at 714 N. Jefferson av. t70

WANTED—A good colored girl bet. 15 and 16 years as nurse and to assist with light housework; ref. req. Apply at 1035 City ave. t70

WANTED—A girl to nurse and assist in housework, at No. 308 N. 15th st. w70

Miscellaneous.

50 GIRLS wanted at 7th and Howard sts. E. C. Dameron & Co. w71

GIRL without parents who wants home wanted to sew and become lady's maid. Ad. T. 17, t. o.

GOOD girl between the age of 12 and 14 to make herself generally useful and work for a home; ref. rec. Ad. E., P. O. Box 114, Chester, Ill.

WANT a good girl to live as one of the family, between 12 and 14 years old; bring a good recommendation. Ad. L. 17, this office. t71

WANTED—First-class millinery maker, at Mme. Judah's, 503 N. 4th st. m71

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS WANTED—Theatrical and Circus Life, or Secrets of the Stage and Tent. 200 engravings and colored plates of actors and actresses from Shakspeare's time to the present day; 600 pages; only $2 50. Dan. Linahan & Co., 4th and Washington av.

FOR SALE

$50,000 HENRY COUNTY New 6s.
$20,000 BENTON COUNTY New 6s.
$15,000 CITY OF LOUISIANA New 6s.
$ 8,000 PETTIS COUNTY New 6s.

The 5-20-year Missouri State Bonds being called in cease to bear interest September 1. We will take them at par and interest in exchange for any of the above named bonds.

WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,
213 N. Third Street, St. Louis.

MONEY.

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities.

NEW YORK, September 18.—Money 6. Prime mercantile 6@7. Bar silver 113¾. Exchange steady: 83¾ long, 88¾ sight. Governments irregular. States dull. Railroads neglected. Stock market opened irregular, but changes fractional. In early trade there was a general advance of ⅛@⅝, latter Denver, after which the market fell off ¼@1½, Northern Pacific preferred, St. Paul, Northwest and Oregon and Transcontinental most conspicuous; at noon there was a better feeling, general list recovering a fraction. Fives extended 101; 4½s 112⅞; 4s 120¼; Pacific 6s of '95, 130.

Corrected daily by Wm. C. Little & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 213 North Third street, city.

U. S. BONDS.

	When due.	Interest payable.	Bid.	Ask.
Ex 6's of 1881	1881	Jan. & July	101	101⅛
Ex 5's of 1881	1881	M. A. N. & F.	101	101⅜
4½ per cent bds	1891	M. J. S. D. & M.	112¾	113¼
4 per cent bds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	119⅝	120⅛

STATE BONDS.

Mo. 6's	1887	Jan. & July	105½	
Mo. 6's	1886-'87	Jan. & July	106	108
Mo. 6's	1888-'90	Jan. & July	109	110
Mo. 6's	1894	Jan. & July	113	
Mo. 5-20's of 1875 and 1876	1886-'90	Jan. & July	100	
Mo. 6-20's of 1877	1887	Jan. & July	100	

*ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 6's, gold	1887-'94	Various	114	116
City 6's	1888	May & Nov.	116	118
City 6's, c'y	1883-'87	Various.	107	109
City water 6's	1887	June & Dec 25	107	109
City water 6's	1890	June & Dec 25	109½	111½
City water 5's	1892	April & Oct.	112	113¾
City 5's, gold	1900	Jan & July	107	108⅜
County 6's, gold	1890-'96	Jan. & July	114	116
County Park	1905	Jan. & July	118	
County 7's c'y	1885	Jan. & July	105	

*Interest to seller.

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s	1888	Feb. & Aug.	104	106
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s	1891	Jan. & July	109	111
N. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. & July	117	
K. P. 1st m 6s	1895	Feb. & Aug.	110	
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June & Dec.	110	112
K. P. D. Ex 7s	1899	May & Nov.	109	110
K. P. Consols	1919	May & Nov.	103	105
M. L. & I. M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. & Aug.	115	117

LAND WARRANTS.

	Buying.	Selling.
Land warrants, 160 acres	$187	
Land warrants, 120 acres	139	
Land warrants, 80 acres	92	
Land warrants, 40 acres	45	
Clearings to-day	$2,947,458	
Balances to-day	3?5,499	

New York Closing Quotations

Corrected by Wm. C. Little & Co., 213 N. Third street.

Stocks.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada Southern	65	65¼	64	64
Central New Jersey	80¼	80¼	79⅝	79⅝
Central Pacific	93⅝	93⅝	93⅛	93⅛
Chesapeake and Ohio	26⅛	26⅛	25⅝	25⅝
Do pref.	40	40	39	39
2d pref.				
Chicago and Alton				
Chicago, St. P., M. & O.	53		53	53
Do pref.	111⅞	111⅞	111⅞	111⅞
Chicago, R. I. & P.	138⅝	138⅝	138⅝	138⅝
Chicago, B. & Q.	134	134	133⅛	133⅛
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	111	111	110	110⅛
Do pref.				
Chicago, St. C. & N. O.				
Chicago and Northwest	147½	147⅝	147	147
Do pref.				
Clev., Col., Cin. and I.	81	81	81	81
Del., Chicago and I. C.	12½	12½	12⅛	12⅛
Del., Lack. and Western	148	148	147½	147½
Delaware and Hudson	116½	116⅝	116⅜	116⅜
Denver and Rio Grande	68⅛	68⅛	67⅝	67⅝
Hannibal and St. Joe				
Do pref.	90	90	90	90
Houston and Texas				
Indiana, B. and W.	47½	48	47½	47½
Lake Shore	115½	116⅝	115	115
Lake Erie and Western	41	41	41	41
Louisville and Nashville	75⅝	76⅛	75⅝	74⅛
Marietta and Cincinnati				
Memphis and Charleston	58	58	58	58
Michigan Central	102⅝	102⅝	102⅜	102⅜
Missouri Pacific	105¾	106	105⅛	105⅛
Mo., Kansas and Texas	40	40⅛	39⅝	39⅝
Mobile and Ohio				
Manhattan Elevated	51	51	51	51
Metropolitan Elevated	91	91	91	91
New York Central	135	135	134⅞	134⅞
Erie	41	41⅝	40⅞	40⅞
Northern Pacific	48⅜	49⅛	48⅛	48⅛
Do pref.	97⅛	97⅝	96⅜	96⅜
Nashville, Chat. and St. L.	60⅛	60⅛	60	60
Norfolk and Western				
Do pref.				
Ohio and Mississippi	39⅝	39⅝	39	39
Ohio Central	18	18	18	18
Ohio Southern	39	39	39	39
Ontario and Western	28⅛	28⅛	27⅜	27⅜
Pacific Mail	47	47	46	46
Philadelphia and Reading	65⅛	65⅛	64⅜	64⅜
Peoria, D. and E.	36	36	36	36
St. L. and San Francisco				
Do pref.				
Do 1st pref.				
Texas Pacific	62⅞	62⅞	62⅜	62⅜
Union Pacific	114⅛	114⅝	113⅞	113⅞
Wabash, St. L. and P.	37⅛	38	37⅛	37⅛
Do pref.	69⅛	69⅛	68⅞	68⅞
Western Union Tel. Co.	92⅛	92⅛	92	92
Terre Haute	46	46	46	46
Illinois Central	141⅛	141⅛	141⅛	141⅛

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COMMERCE.

Grain Inspections.

INTO ELEVATORS.—Wheat—80 cars 6,825 sks No. 2 red, 17 cars 2,010 sks No. 3 red, 2 cars 850 sks No. 4, 7 cars rejected, 2 cars no-grade, 1 car No. 2 white, 25 cars No. 2 Mediterranean, 3 cars No. 3 do, 1 car No. 3 spring; total, 138 cars 9,825 sks.

Corn—2 cars rejected white-mixed, 1 car No. 2 mixed, 3 cars rejected; total, 6 cars.

Oats—14 cars No. 2, 4 cars rejected; total, 18 cars.

Barley—2 cars No. 2 spring, 4 cars No. 3 do, 1 car rejected; total, 7 cars.

Rye—5 cars No. 2, 2 cars rejected; total, 7 cars.

Total in, 176 cars 9,685 sks.

OUT OF ELEVATORS.—Wheat—9 cars 80,000 bu No. 2 red, 28 cars No. 3 red; 11 cars No. 2 Mediterranean, 2 cars No. 3 do; total, 50 cars 80,000 bu.

Corn—5 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 17 cars No. 2 mixed; total, 22 cars.

Oats—None.

Rye—None.

Total out, 72 cars 80,000 bu.

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators at the Opening of Business.

	Wheat	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
To-day	624,151	299,984	137,886	15,950	8,887
Saturday	634,139	306,445	134,263	12,986	7,847
Sept. 19, 1881	926,622	1,820,142	117,609	63,044	4,298

Withdrawals of Grain at St. Louis,

FROM THE ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING SATURDAY.

	City	R. R.	River	Total
Wheat	4,291	42,275	39,272	85,938
Corn	11,841	14,976	......	16,817
Oats	8,981	4,408	......	15,489
Rye	......	1,300	......	1,300
Barley	561	1,253	......	1,814

The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION.

Flour—Receipts 19,670 brls. Steady and demand good, extra fancy being especially sought for. We quote round lots at depot and on levee: Extra fancy $5 00@5 15; fancy $4 80@4 90; choice $4 60@4 70; family $4 10@4 20; xxx $3 65@3 80; xx $3 40@3 50; x $3 00@3 10; superfine $2 80@$2 90; fine $2 30@2 60; favorite brands 25c higher; patents $5 75@6 50.

Cornmeal—Dull at $3 00 on orders; grit, pearl meal and hominy $4 80@4 90.

Rye Flour—Scarce at $4 20@4 40 del. as to quality.

Wheat—Receipts 21,754 sks, 142,000 bu. Strong for cash grades under an active Eastern shipping demand, that was supplemented by an export inquiry for No. 2 red and a milling demand for No. 2 Mediterranean: all grades higher except No. 2 red; futures dull and unsettled, with very light trading, at slight changes. Latest sales were ⅛c higher for September and October and ⅛@¼ better for November, but Jan. ⅛c lower and Dec. and year the same as at close of Saturday. No. 2 red cash 95 regular, 93⅛ in St. L. and D., 93⅛@¼ E. s.; September 93⅛; October 93⅛@93⅜; November 94⅛@95⅜@94; December 95⅛@94⅞; year 93⅞@93; January 95⅛; No. 3 red 87⅛@88⅝ t. s., 88@⅛ E. s., 90 in U.; No. 4 83⅝@84 t. s.; rejected 80 bid for St. L.; No. 2 Mediterranean 95@98 t. s., 95@95⅜ E. s.; No. 3 do 90@⅛ t. s., 90⅛@90 E. s.; No. 2 white 93⅛ in U.

Corn—Receipts 200 sks, 1,630 bu. Higher and firm for cash grades, which were scarce and met quick sale to order buyers; East side received the preference. Futures advanced during the early hours, but then became weak and declined rapidly, subsequently ruling unsettled and irregular. Closed ⅛c higher for October and May, ⅛c lower for November, ⅛@⅜c off for year and ⅛c higher for January than at close of Saturday. No. 2 mixed cash 64 t. s., 64⅛ E. s.; September 63⅞ bid; October 64⅛ to 62⅞, closing 63; November 56 to 55, closing 55; December 49½ bid; year 50½ to 49⅛, closing 49⅛; January 47⅞ to 47⅛, closing 47½; May 49⅞ to 48⅞, closing 48⅞; No. 2 white mixed 64 bid; rejected do 62⅞ E. s., 63 bid for St. L.; rejected 63 bid for St. L., 63⅞ E. s.

Oats—Receipts 4,734 sks, 18,900 bu. Lower; cash grades scarce, but demand small from feeders and shippers, No. 2 being mainly sought for. Futures very dull, receiving but scant attention from operators. September offered and October sold ⅛c below Saturday; year and December ⅛c lower. No. 2 cash 32@31½ in St. L., 31 in E., 30⅝@⅜ regular; September 31 asked, 30⅜ bid; October 30⅞ to 30⅜; November 30⅞ asked, no bid; December 30⅜ asked, 33⅛ bid; year 29⅛ to 29⅜; rejected 29⅜ in A, but later offered there at 29; no grade 20 bid.

Rye—Receipts 249 sks, 4,400 bu. Lower to sell and dull, but held firmly. No. 2 was salable at 55 regular; for rejected there was an indifferent bid of 50.

Hay—Receipts 450 tons. Prairie about steady and choice and low grades in demand, but medium very dull. Best qualities loose pressed timothy wanted for feeding, but tight pressed hard to sell and selling $2@3 per ton below loose. This side—Prairie $6 50 for poor, $8 for prime, $9 for choice; mixed $10 50@11; timothy $13 25@$14 for prime, $15@15 50 for choice; $17 for fancy; E. track—Timothy $10 for overripe, $13 for prime, $14@15 for choice.

Millfeed—Sacked bran very dull at 65 at mill, 69@68 E. track; bulk in demand at 62 E. track, 58 P. track.

Provisions—Receipts 175,000 lbs meats, 1,400 lbs lard, 8,225 lbs grease. Strong and higher, with an active demand for meats, but business rather restricted in bacon by small offerings. Standard mess pork jobbed at $21 25 but round lots cash and September offered at that price and no bids. Lard was salable at 11¾. Loose dry salt long clear and clear ribs sold 13⅞ and short clear at 14⅞, but the two former generally held at 14 and short clear was offered at 14 60. Shoulders worth 10; bacon long clear sold packed at 15⅛@¼, short clear at 15⅞@16 and clear ribs at 15@⅜; shoulders salable at 11½. Hams range from 15@16½; orders ⅛c higher. Tallow 8⅜c for prime country in oil bbls; irregular pkgs and falling off lots 7⅛@⅞; grease tallow 7@7⅞. Breakfast bacon 18@19¼. Grease 5⅛@6 for brown, 6⅜@7⅛c yellow, 7⅛@9c for white. Beef—Extra mess $13 00@17 per brl. according to brand; $8@9 per half brl; dried 13@16c; strictly choice 17c per pound. Fresh smoked tongues $4 75@5 per doz. Salt—Lake $1 15@20 per brl. Ground alum $1 65 per sack.

Highwines steady and in demand. Sales 212 brls at $1 19. Cincinnati $1 17; Chicago $1 20.

Lead steady and firm, but quiet, with little doing. A sale of 4 cars refined was made at $4 75. Hard salable at $4 70. Spelter dull at $5.

Flaxseed higher, with sales at $1 17@1 19, poor at former price.

Grass seeds—Timothy dead dull at $1 90@1 92½ for prime; lots of dirty sold at $1 67½ and trashy at $1 75. All else nominal. German millet 60@65; common do. 45@50; Hungarian 50@55; clover $5@5 20.

Closing Prices—1 P. M.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—September 98¾ bid; October 99⅛; November $1; December $1 00⅛; year 99⅜. Corn—September 69; October 65⅛; November 59; year 53. Oats—September 34; October 33⅜; November 32⅜ bid; year 3[illegible]⅜.

DETROIT.

Wheat—September $1 02⅛; October $1 00⅛; November $1; December $1 00⅛; year 99⅜; January $1 0[illegible].

CHICAGO.

Wheat—September 99⅜; October 94⅛, November 93⅞@⅜; year 93⅞. Corn—September 66⅛; October 63⅛@⅜, November 59⅛; year 53⅞; January 49⅜; May 51⅜. Oats—September 31⅛; October 31⅛; November 31; year 30⅜, May 35⅛. Short ribs—September 13.50; October 13.05@.10; November 11.65. Pork—September $20 67½; October $20 67½; November $19 95; year $18 75; January $18 67½; February $18 72½; March $18 72½. Lard—September 11.92½; October 11.92½; November 11.70; year 11.40; January 11.32½@35; February 11.37½ b.; March 11.37½.

Closing Prices—3 P. M.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—Regular: September 99⅞; October 94⅛@⅜; November 93⅞@⅜; year 93⅞. Old-September 99⅞ b.; year 93⅞ b. Corn—September 66⅛; October 63⅞@⅜; November 59⅜; year 53⅞; January 49; May 51⅜. Oats—September 31; October 31⅛; Nov. 31; year 30⅛@⅜; May 33⅜. Pork—October $20 70; November $20 05; year $18 82½; January $18 70; February $18 70 b. March $18 75. Lard—October $11.95; November 11⅞; year 11.45; January $11.46; February 11.40 b.; March 11.40. Short ribs—September 13⅞ b.; October 12.95 b.; November 11.65; year 10 20 a.; January 9⅞; February 9 90 a.

Chicago Curb—Wheat—94⅛ October; 93⅞ November. Corn—63⅞ October; 59⅜ November.

ST. LOUIS.

Wheat—September, 93⅛; October, 93⅛@⅜; November, 93⅞@94 b.; December, 94⅞@⅜ bid; year, 93⅞@⅜ a.; January, 95⅛. Corn—September, 63⅞ bid; October 63⅞; November, 55; December, 49 bid; year, 49⅛@⅜; January, 46⅞; May, 48⅞. Oats—September, 30⅛ bid; October, 30⅜ asked; November, 30⅜ bid; December, 30⅛; year, 29⅛.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—September 99⅜; October 91⅛; November $1; December $1; year 99⅛. Corn—September 67 bid; October 68⅞; November 61⅞ bid; December 58⅞@⅞; year 53 bid. Oats—September 31⅛; October 34⅛ bid; November 32 bid; year 32 bid.

DETROIT.

Wheat—September $1 02⅛; October $1 00⅜ b.; November $1 00 bid.

NEW YORK.

Reported by J. M. Fuller & Co., of New York, represented in St. Louis by John J. Halloran. Wheat—September $1 08⅜; October $1 08⅜; November $1 10. Corn—September 77, October 74⅜; November 70⅝; year 66⅛. Oats—September 38⅝; October 39⅜; November 4[illegible]⅜.

Cotton.

Quiet and unchanged for spots, with only a small business transacted. Sales 72 bales. New York spots 1-16c lower and quiet, and new cotton from wharf and to arrive offered ⅛@3-16c below quotations; futures lower. New Orleans quiet. Moderate demand for Liverpool spots, freely supplied; futures declined 1-64@1-32d.

ST. LOUIS SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Low ordinary, 8⅜; ordinary, 9⅜; good ordinary, 11; low middling, 11⅞; middling, 12¼; good middling, 12⅝; middling fair, 12⅞. Stained—Good ordinary, 9⅜; low middling 10⅝; middling, 11⅜.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCK.

Gross receipts to-day 422 bales, against 414 bales last year; since September 1, 1882, 10,8?5 bales, against 8,086 same time last year; shipments to-day, 257 bales, against 598 last year; since September 1, 1882, 1,394 bales, against 6,006 same time last year. Stock to day 1,430 bales, against 10,308 same time last year.

NET RECEIPTS AT U. S. PORTS

for three days 25,763 bales, against 17,610 last week and 33,585 same time last year. Exports 6,926 bales, against 19,916 same time last year. Stock, 123,078 bales, against 303,?4? last year. Net receipts since September 1, 1882, — bales.

NEW ORLEANS.

Middling 12⅝c spot. Futures closed steady: September 11.97; October 11.39; November 11.16; December 11.13; January 11.17; February 11.25; March 11.35; April 11.45; May 11.55; June 11.65; Sales 63,800 bales.

LIVERPOOL.

Uplands 7d; Orleans 7 3 16d. Sales 8,000 bales. Futures closed dull; September and October 6 49-64; October and November 6 35 64; November and December 6 32-64; December and January ——; January and February 6 32-64; February and March 6 33-64; March and April 6 34-64; April and May 6 36-64; May and June 6 38-64; June and July 6 40-64.

NEW YORK.

Middling 12⅝c spot. Futures closed steady. September 12.12; Oct. 11.61; Nov. 11.36; December 11.35; January 11.40; February 11.51; March 11.62; April 11.73; May 11.84; June 11.95. Sales 113,000 bales.

Leaf Tobacco.

No public sales Saturday or Monday.

We quote: Old style—Common dark lugs $5 00@5 50; common leaf $5 50@7; medium to good $7 50@8 50; choice $10@10 50. Burley—Common lugs $5 00@5 50; good $6@6 50; common leaf $7 00@8 00; medium do $8 50@11; good $12@14; choice do $15@20. Wrapping leaf—Common $10@12; medium half bright $15@$18; medium bright and mahogany $20@25; good do $25@35; fine bright $40@65. Inferior, unsound and light weight hhds about 25@50c per 100 lbs less.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER—Quote: Creamery choice 27@28; selections 29@30; seconds at 24@25. Dairy—Choice to fancy 22@23 to 24@25; medium to prime 15@18; low to fair 12@14. Country fresh yellow 14@16 for choice; 11@12 for off color.

CHEESE—Mild late make full cream 11@13; sharp do 5@10; prime to choice part skims 6½@7½; inferior do 2@4.

EGGS—17 for choice marks; unknown brands or doubtful lots much lower.

POULTRY—Quote: Live old chickens $3 75@4 00 for hens; $3 25@3 50 for mixed; $2 75@3 for cocks per doz. Spring chickens—Small and fair $2 50@2 75; good to choice $3@3 25; fancy $3 50@3 75; turkeys $4@6; geese $4@5; ducks $2 50@2 75 for old; $3@3 25 to young ⅌ doz.

GAME—Grouse—$3 50@4 for selected young and old; mallard $2 50; teal duck $2 50; wood duck [illegible]; snipe $1 75@2; woodcock $5; grass and golden plover $1@1 50; bull rots $1 15@1 50; sandpipers 25@40; Deer—10@12 for carcasses. 15@20 for venison saddles.

WOOL—We quote: Tubwashed—Choice 37; fancy 38; fair 34@36½; low 28@33; unwashed—Choice medium 24⅛@26; medium clothing 21@23½; medium combing 20½@22½; low do 1 @18; coarse heavy 14@16; light fine 22@25; heavy do 16@19; dark do 15@18; burry and black 5@10c less. For each wool sack 25c and 5c. lbs tare is allowed.

HIDES—Quote Green salted 9⅛, damaged 7[illegible]; uncured [illegible]; damaged do 6; bulls and stags 6[illegible]; green salted calf 12; dry salted 12[illegible]; damaged do [illegible]; flint bull and stag 0[illegible]; dry flint 17; No. 2 do 11, [illegible] of southern; glue stock, dry 5; green 3.

FEATHERS—Prime live geese 57 in large and 58 in small sacks. Unprime quality 4 @ [illegible]; mixed [illegible]. Tare 5 pr ct. on large, 10 on small sks.

APPLES—Choice red $1 50@1 75; damaged 50 @75; medium $1 00@1 25 per bbl.

CABBAGE—$1 25@1 35 for home-grown, on orders, per crate.

POTATOES—Sell at 50@60 per bu.

ONIONS—55@80 per bu. and $1 10@1 25 per bbl.

WHITE BEANS—Prime medium $2 25@2 50; inferior $1 70@1 90.

HEMPSEED—Quotable $1 65@1 70 for prime.

DRIED FRUIT—Quote: Apples—Unpeeled and common dark 2½@4, fair to good 4⅛@4½; choice 5@5½; fancy bright 5½@6⅛. Peaches—Interior dark 3⅛@4; fair to good mixed 4⅛@4½; choice and fancy halves 5@5⅛.

TROPICAL FRUITS—We quote; Oranges—Rodi $8@8 50; Lemons—Messina and Palermo $5@5 50; bananas on orders $2@3 50 ⅌ bunch; cocoanuts $15@50 ⅌ 1,000.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT—Quote: Grapes—Muscat $5 50@6 and Tokay $6@6 50 ⅌ 40-lb case; Pears $2 75@3 25, and Plums $1 75@2 ⅌ box.

VEALS—Live at 3@6 for heretics; 8@8½ for choice small milk fed; medium 7@7½.

LAMBS—$1 50@3 00 top rate for fancy large fat.

HONEY—Extracted and strained 7@10; comb 1[illegible]@20.

MOSS—We quote: Gray-mixed 2⅞@3½; gray and brown-mixed 3⅛@4; brown and black [illegible]; all black 4@5; machine-picked, on orders: XXXA—black 8½ to 9; XXX—black-mixed 7⅛ to 8; XX—brown mixed 6⅛@7; X—gray mixed 5@⅜. Round lots shaded ⅛ to ¼c ⅌ lb.

ROOTS—We quote: Ginseng [illegible]; Seneca 3[illegible]; blue flag 3@5; blood roots [illegible]; golden seal [illegible]; snake 13@1[illegible]; black 4@[illegible]; May apple 2⅛@[illegible]; pink 1[illegible]@12; C[illegible]; lady slippers [illegible]; bitter-sweet bark [illegible].

BALINGSTUFF—We quote jute bagging 1½lb at 7[illegible]; 1¾ lb do [illegible]; 2 lb do 9[illegible]; Hemp twine 1[illegible]@12. Iron cotton ties $1 25@1 60.

SHEEP PELTS—We quote green shearings 10@15; pelts 75@1 25; dry pelts 2[illegible]@75; do shearings 10@15. Prices governed by amount of wool on pelts.

BROOM CORN—Crooked [illegible]; straight 6@8[illegible].

BEESWAX—Southern yellow 2[illegible]@27; dark 19 @20c.

HOPS—New York 45@50 for old, 60 for new crop seedlings.

SORGHUM—Salable at 4[illegible]c per gal.

HEMP—We quote Undressed hemp $50@95; dressed hemp $140@1[illegible]; shorts $120@14[illegible]; hackled tow $5[illegible]@60; break tow $35@49 per ton.

PECANS—Western 7@8; Texas [illegible]@13.

SCRAP IRON, ETC.—We quote ⅌ 100 lbs: Wrought 1; heavy cast [illegible]; stove [illegible]; plows 80, burnt 35. Brass—Heavy $13; light $8. Copper $3. Bones $16@17; dry buffalo $[illegible].

EMPTY BARRELS—Linseed 40; coal oil $1 1[illegible]; whisky 75@[illegible].

RAGS—Country mixed 1 40@1 80; grass rope 2⅛ @ [illegible].

DEERSKINS—Prime [illegible] 28@ 0; winter 25@27; salted and meaty 18@ 0; green ....

COOPERAGE—We quote the range Flour brls—City elm 40@42; country 35; city oak 44; country do 3[illegible]. Pork brls 9[illegible]@ del; lard tierces $1 [illegible]@1 [illegible] del; lard kegs 40@50; bacon casks $1 70@1 75; half-casks 85@90; ham tierces, small [illegible]; large 70c. Whisky brls, iron bound, 6 hoop, $1 40@1 60; 8 hoop $1 65@1 80; half brls $1 25.

COOPERSTUFF—Shaved hoops, country flour brl. $[illegible]@5 50; choice cooper shaved $6[illegible]@7 50; pork brls $[illegible]; lard tierce, do $1[illegible]@1[illegible]; casks $15@20; half casks $1 @15. Staves (car lots E. side), machine flour brl. oak $[illegible] 60@8; [illegible] $6@8. Heading (car lots E. side), soft [illegible] 5@5½; hard do 5½@6. Whisky brl (heading) green $15; dry $22; half casks $10 50@12; hhds

DRY GOODS.

Jeans.

Sutro	10	Iowa	21½
Abbotsford	12½	Vermont Doeskin	32
Auvergne	14	Elk Horn "	35
Calcutta	15	5 Leaf Ky "	30
Glenolden	16½	St Nicholas "	37½
Uncle Sam	18	Live Oak Buckskin	32½
Provident	18	Ermine Doeskin	40
Wood Lake	18	Empire	40
Star Union	23	Humboldt Doeskin	40
Preferred	25	Arragon	55

Prints.

Gordon shirtings	5½	Merrimack fancy	6½
Dunnel fancy	6	" shirtings	6
Albion solids	6	Spragues' shirtings	5½
Allen's fancy	6	Freeman fancy	—
Arnold's fancy	6½	Bristol fancy	5½
American fancy	6½	Simpsons' mourning	6½
Hamilton fancy	6½	Windsor fancy	6
Cocheco fancy	6½	Richmond fancy	6
Southbridge fancy	6	Cocheco robes	7
Hartel fancy	6	Pacific robes	6½
Mallory pink	6	Oriental robes	6½
Sprague's fancy	6	Durham solids	[illegible]

Denims.

Amoskeag	16½	Warren, AXA	15
Clark's	16	" BB	14
Boston	13	" CC	13
Belmont XX	12	Belmont CCC	12½
" BBB	13½	" AAA	14½

Colored Sheetings.

Atlantic, H	8	Hooster, 4-4	—
" H4-4	7⅞	Indian Head, 4-4	8½
" LL4-4	7	" 7-8	
" V7-8	6¼	Indian Head, A 4-4	8¼
Aquawan, F 4-4	6⅞	" B4-4	
Augusta, 4-4	7	" C4-4	
" 7-8		Lawrence, LL 4-4	6½
" [illegible]		Middlesex, A 4-4	
Belmont, 4-4	7½	Mathews, A 4-4	7½
Cherokee, 4-4	7½	St. Louis, 4-4	
Great Western,	7	Trion, AAA 4-4	7½
Graniteville AA 4-4		Richmond, R 4-4	6½
"	8	Sea Island, 4-4	
" LL 4-4	6¾		

Bleached Cotton.

Androscoggin, L	9	New York Mills	13
Beachdale	6⅝	Linwood, 4-4	9½
Chapman	7½	Lonsdale, 4-4	10
Davol	10	Fruit of Loom, 4-4	10
Fairmount	7⅛	" " 7-8	9
Gilt-edge	7	Hills, 4-4	9½
Hero	8¼	" 7-8	8⅜
Knights' cambric	10	Hope, 4-4	8⅜
Langdon, G. B.	12	Whittensville, L 4-4	8¼
" [illegible]	10⅛	" [illegible]	7⅜

Brown Wide Cotton.

Allendale, [illegible]	17½	Monadnock, 10-4	22½
" 8-4	20	Lowell, 10-4	20
" 9-4	23	Lancaster, 10-4	20
" 10-4	26	Pepperell, 6-4	—
Androscoggin, 9-4	23	" 7-4	20
" 10-4	29	" 8-4	22½
Boston, 9-4	27½	" 9-4	25
" 10-4	30	" 10-4	27½
Conestoga, 10-4	28	Pedua 10-4	26
Monadnock, 9-4	20		

Cambric.

2-4 nat.	5⅛	High colors	c higher.
Paper	6⅜		

Brown Ducks.

Boston S O	10	Savage, fancy	13
" XX	13	Buckingham, fancy	16⅛
" AAA	15	Waltham	10
Belmont 10	11⅛	Belmont 20	12⅛
" 80	14		

Tweeds.

Camel's hair	15	Belgian	35
Pedestrian	15	Crescent	32½
Sea Side	15	Crosbyville	35
Kansas	16¼	Pondicherry	55
Allen's Cubans	20		

Wide Cotton, Bleached.

Allendale, 5-4	1[illegible]½	Fruit of Loom, 6-4	13
" 7-4	20	Lowell, 10-4	22½
" 8-4	23	Lancaster, 10-4	22½
" 9-4	26	Monadnock, 9-4	22½
" 10-4	28½	" 10-4	25
Androscoggin, 9-4	29	Pepperell, 6-4	20
" 10-4	31⅛	" 7-4	22½
Boston, 9-4	30	" 8-4	25
" 10-4	32½	" 9-4	27½
Conestoga, 10-4	34	" 10-4	30
Fruit of Loom, 42 in.	13	Utica, 9-4	35
" [illegible]	16	" 10-4	37½

Ticks.

Amoskeag D	13½	Conestoga A	11
" ACA	18	" AA	12
" A	16½	" OCA	14
" B	15½	" CT	15
" O	14½	" Extra	17½
Lancaster	18	Ocean	8

LIVE STOCK.

Receipts and shipments for 48 hours ending at 11 a. m. to-day:

	Receipts. 1882.	Receipts. 1881.	Shipments. 1882.	Shipments. 1881.
Cattle	597	1,867	318	824
Hogs	691	2,227	480	1,061
Sheep	644	810	1,519	......

CATTLE—The supply was light, some forty car loads, and altogether of butcher stock. The Canning Company took the bulk and paid strong prices. Local speculators took the balance, so by 9 a. m. the pens were about cleared. All the morning trains on the Missouri Pacific, M., K. & T., 'Frisco and Western connections were detained near Washington, Mo., by an accident on the first named road. It is extremely doubtful if the trains will be in to-day. There were no shipping steers offered and the inquiry was limited. New York was reported steady. No doubt if arrivals had been large the market would have been fairly active. Ruling quotations steady.

RULING QUOTATIONS.

Exporters	$6 75@7 00
Heavy shipping steers	6 25@6 65
Grass native steers	4 00@5 50
Medium to choice butcher steers	3 75@5 30
Fair to good Colorado steers	3 50@5 25
Good to prime native feeding steers, av. 1,000 to 1,100 lbs	4 00@4 50
Fair native stock steers, av. 600 to 800	2 70@3 20
Good to prime native cows and heifers	3 10@3 75
Common to fair native cows	2 00@3 00
Scalawags	2 25@3 90
Grass Texans	2 00@4 70

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
21	native butcher	945	$4 15
23	native butcher	828	3 75
21	native cows	1,023	3 75
10	native cows	953	3 30
51	native cows	863	3 12½
22	grass Texan	778	3 60
24	grass Texan	792	3 75
22	grass Texan	883	3 75
21	grass Texan	907	3 75
26	grass Indian	881	3 87½
50	Arkansas mixed	691	3 15
120	native butcher	1,032	4 00

HOGS—Only a dozen car-loads, and of not very good quality. Butchers took them promptly at from $8 50@9 for decent to good hogs. There was no great demand, still larger than the offerings. Shippers were on hand, but had no chance to cater to their jayhawking propensities. Values about steady. Skips $7@7 25; light Yorkers $7 25@7 75; mixed packing $7 75@8 40; butcher and select $8 50@9; culls $6@7 per 100 lbs.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
64	276	$9 00	43	197	$8 45
37	216	8 65	63	203	8 00
87	200	8 65	19	156	7 35
60	218	8 60	12	192	7 30
64	200	8 50			

SHEEP—Demand quite fair for decent muttons. Offerings scant and this was a disappointment to shippers. Values firm.

Common to medium $3@3 55; fair to good $3 50@3 75; good to prime $3 90@4 25; fancy $4 25 @4 50; stock sheep $2 25@3; Texan sheep $2 75 @4 00.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
94	native sheep	102	$3 87½
157	native sheep	78	3 20

Horses and Mules.

Fair to good streeters, workers and drivers steady and unchanged. Offerings moderate. Mules slow.

HORSES.

Southern horses	90@110
Streeters	110@125
Streeters, extra	130@150
Heavy draught good	125@150
Heavy draught, extra	160@225
Drivers, good	125@150
Drivers, extra	150@250
Saddlers, good	110@125
Saddlers, extra	150@175
Plugs, heavy	15@ 35
Plugs, good	60@ 75

MULES.

13½ hands, 4 to 7 years old	65@ 75
14 hands, 4 to 7 years old	90@100
14½ hands, 4 to 7 years old	110@120
15 hands, 4 to 7 years old	125@140
15½ hands, 4 to 7 years old, extra	145@125
16 to 16½ hands, extra	185@250

Live Stock Markets by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, September 18.—Hogs—Receipts 42,000; active; 10c higher; all sold; light $7 50@8 30; mixed packing $7 50 @8 35; heavy $8 50@9. Cattle—Receipts [illegible],200; generally steady; exporters $7@7 60; good to choice shipping $6@7; common to fair shipping $4 25@5 75; butchers $2 60@4; stockers and feeders higher at $3@4 20.

PHILADELPHIA, September 18.—Cattle in fair demand; sales 4,500 head; prime $7@7 50; good $6@6 75; medium $5@5 75; common $4@4 75. Sheep active; sales 11,000; prime $5 62½; good $5 37½@62½; medium $4 25@5 10; fair $4@4 50; common $3@3 75; lambs $4 75@4 85; calves $4@9. Hogs—Active demand; sales 3,500; prime $12 75; good $12 25@50; medium 11 75@12; common $11@11 25.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, September 18.—Flour—Receipts 23,000 brls; sales 10,000; dull and in buyers' favor. Wheat about ⅛c lower, dull and heavy; business speculative; No. 1 white $1 14⅛; sales 24,000 bu No. 2 red September; $1 08⅛ @1 08⅜; 160,000 bu October at $1 08⅝@1 09; 216,000 bu November at $1 10@⅛; 96,000 bu December at $1 11⅛@⅜; 16,000 bu year $1 08⅜; 48,000 bu January at $1 12¼@⅜. Corn, near by months ⅛@⅜c better; later options ⅛@⅝c lower; mixed Western spot 77@80; futures 59 @79½; sales 640,000 bu. Oats ¼@½c better; Western 35@47; sales 280,000 bu, including No. 2 cash and September 39; October 39⅞@40¼; November 39⅞@41⅜. Beef squiet. Pork stronger and quiet; new mess $21 50. Lard 20@40 higher and feverish; steam-rendered quoted at 12 75. Butter dull and weak; Western 15@30c; Elgin creamery 30@31c. Cheese dull and weak at 2@11⅛c. Sugar quiet. Molasses steady. Petroleum firm. Rice steady. Coffee quiet. Freights firm. Turpentine steady at 43. Rosin quiet. Tallow firm at 8⅝. Western eggs dull at 23¼@24.

BALTIMORE, September 18.—Flour steady and more active. Wheat—Western lower and quiet; No. 2 winter-red spot $1 00@⅛@⅜; September $1 08@1 08⅜; October $1 07⅛@1 07⅜; November $1 08¼@1 08⅛; December $1 09⅛@1 09⅜; January $1 10⅜@1 10⅞. Corn—Western dull; mixed October 72½@74; November 67¾ bid; November or December 65 bid; November or December new or old 60½@69⅝. Oats—More inquiry and steady; Western white 42@43; mixed 40@41; Pennsylvania 40@43. Rye steady and active at 70@73. Hay quiet. Provisions steady, mess pork 24; bulk meats, shoulders and clear rib sides packed 11⅜@15⅜; bacon shoulders 12⅜; clear rib sides 16⅜; hams 15⅜@16⅜. Lard, refined 14. Butter firm; Western packed 16@22; creamery 26@32. Eggs firm at 25. Petroleum firm; refined 7@7⅛. Coffee quiet. Sugar steady. Whisky quiet, $1 20@1 26. Freights dull. Receipts—Flour 2,968 brls; wheat 111,115 bu; corn 110 bu; oats 5,119 bu; rye 1,117 bu. Shipments—Wheat 24,194 bu; corn none. Sales—Wheat 97,200 bu; corn 57,000 bu.

NEW ORLEANS, September 18, 11:25 A. M.—Flour dull; extra fancy $5 60@5 90; fancy $5 25@5 30; choice $5@5 25. Cornmeal steady at $2 75 @2 85. Corn quiet; mixed 90@93; yellow nominal; white 87½@90. Oats dull; choice 42; prime 51@52. Bran quiet at 95. Hay firm on choice; prime $16@18; choice $19@20. Pork unsettled: $22 00 spot; $21 00 @21 15 September. Cut meats quiet at 10⅜. Bacon steady at 1[illegible]⅜@15⅜; long clear 15⅜. Hams scarce; canvased 16⅜@17. Lard quiet; refined tierces 12⅜@⅜; kegs 12⅜@⅜. Whisky firm at $1 19@1 20. Exchange on New York at par and 50 premium; sight $2@250 premium. Cotton—Spot quiet; middling 12¾; net receipts 2,232 bales; gross 450 bales.

KANSAS CITY, September 18.—The Daily Indicator reports: Wheat—Receipts 24,161 bu; shipments 16,448 bu.; market unsettled; No. 3 cash 76 asked; year 74 bid, 74⅛ asked; No. 2 cash sales 80; October sales 79⅜@80; November 79⅜@80, No. 1 cash sales 86¼; October 84⅜ bid. Corn—Receipts none; shipments 2,150 bus.; market steady and quiet; No. 2 mixed cash 64 bid, 65 asked; October 42 bid; 58 asked; year 39⅛ bid, 40⅛ asked; May 38⅜@39⅛. Oats—No. 2 cash 30 bid; October 29⅛ bid, 30⅛ asked. Butter—Market quiet. Eggs—Market unsettled.

CHICAGO, September 18.—Wheat firmer, regular 98⅜ September; 94⅛ October; 93⅞ November; 93⅞ year; red and spring 98⅞. Corn firm for cash; futures weak and lower; 66½ cash; 63⅛@⅜ October; 59⅜ November; 53⅜ year; 49⅜ January; 51⅜ May. Oats easier; 31 cash, October and November; 30⅜ year; 33⅜ May. Rye 58. Barley 82. Whisky $1 20. Pork strong and higher at $20 70 cash and October; $19 95 November; $18 67½ January. Lard strong and higher; 11 90 cash and October; 11.72½ November; 11 32½ January.

CINCINNATI, September 18.—Flour quiet family $4 60@4 85; fancy $5 25@5 75. Wheat steady, fair demand; No. 2 red 95@99. Corn active and lower at 71. Oats scarce and firm at 37⅛. Rye steady at 62. Barley quiet; No. 2 fall 88. Pork stronger at $22 75. Lard stronger at 12⅛ asked. Bulk meats strong at 9⅞@14⅛. Bacon scarce and firm at 11, 15, 15⅞. Whisky steady and firm at $1 17. Combination sales, finished goods, 712 brls on basis of $1 17.

MILWAUKEE, September 18.—Wheat inactive at 98 for No. 2; 97⅛ September; 97⅛ October; 93⅞ November; 83 No. 3. Receipts 14,000; shipments 500. Corn strong; 66⅜ No. 2; 62 rejected. Oats steady at 31 No. 2; 35@36 white. Rye steady at 56⅜ No 1; 56 No. 2. Barley weak at 79 for No. 2 cash and September; 75 October.

TOLEDO, September 18.—Wheat dull; No. 2 cash, September and October 98⅜; November $1 00; December $1 00⅜ bid; $1 00⅛ asked; year 99⅜; No. 3 red 96⅜. Corn quiet; high mixed 68⅜; No. 2 cash 67⅛; September nominal at 67; October 66; November 59; year 53⅜. Oats steady: No. 2 cash 34; October 33⅜.

BUFFALO, September 18.—Wheat quiet and firm; 10,000 bu No. 1 hard Duluth $1 12⅛ year; $1 16⅛ first half October. Corn dull; selling in car lots at 7 c. Oats nominal. Canal freights firm and unchanged.

DETROIT, MICH., September 18.—Flour unchanged. Wheat firm; No. 1 white $1 04; Sept. $1 02⅜; October $1 00⅜; November $1 00⅜; December $1 09⅜; January $1 01⅜; year 99⅜; No. 2 red white $1. Receipts wheat 31,067 bu. shipments 10,812 bu.

Foreign.

LIVERPOOL, September 18.—Bacon—Short rib dull at 72s 6d; short clear dull at 75s. Lard—Prime Western firmer at 62s 6d. Wheat—Receipts weak; Atlantic ports, 90,000 bu; Pacific, 48,000 bu; other sources, 25,000 bu. Corn—Receipts, 28,000 bu.

LONDON, September 18.—Turpentine spirits steady at 33s 3d.

LIVERPOOL, September 18.—Spot wheat quiet and steady. Corn unchanged. Wheat and corn to arrive not much doing.

LONDON, September 18.—Spot wheat quiet and steady; Western winter 8s 7d; No. 2 spring 8s 11d; No. 3 spring 8s 4d. Mixed Western corn firm. Mark Lane wheat and corn rather easier. Country markets a shade lower. Demand from United Kingdom and Continent moderate for wheat and corn.

INSIDE HISTORY.

Some Startling Things Occurring in the Police Board.

Rumored Investigation of the Doings of That Body—Kerwin's Appointments—Kinkead's New Rig—Modest Requests.

Facts and fun are promised the public shortly at the expense of the model Police Board which is now engaged in managing the Police Department in the interests of the Democratic party in St. Louis. Such was the "pointer" given a POST-DISPATCH reporter this morning with a friendly hope that he would develop the same into an item, but without any further assistance from the fountain head. With some difficulty the "pointer" was followed, and appended is a true statement of the situation, which will be of considerable interest to the public. When the Cupples board resigned, and His Excellency selected as the successors Messrs. Dan'l Kerwin, Dave Caruth and Francis X. Jones-McCabe, a reorganization took place with the Mayor and Mr. Kinkead, who were members of the old body. At the very first meeting after this His Honor and the new Vice-President clashed over some small matters. The result was Mr. Kerwin called about him Caruth and McCabe, his official twin brothers. "This man Kinkead," as he denominated him, "he could not understand and consequently could not use. McCabe was used for one job, the horse shoeing business, and the comment that resulted caused him to jump the traces. Kinkead backed into position to make up the team, and the position of the board now is three against two, when Ewing and McCabe will hold together. The result of the consolidation has been evident for some time, Kerwin, Caruth and Kinkead have been

RUNNING THE DEPARTMENT

to their own satisfaction, slaughtering the Mayor's friends. His Honor has explained the situation to his constituents, and Kinkead, gloating over the happy combination he made which enables him to forward Mr. Kinkead's plans by him helping somebody else out. The three are gathering in all the spoils, and their brother Commissioners have been left in the cold to look on but say nothing, whatever they may think. The board then consisting of the three above names has been running things with a big hand. The plan now is to obtain an investigating committee from the Municipal Assembly, as was done when the Priest and Meyer Boards held sway. With some difficulty an insight into the subjects that will be brought before them was obtained. The first thing will be

THE HORSESHOEING CONTRACT.

Two horseshoers located near the Mounted Stables were doing the work at $1 50 per set, but by order of Mr. McCabe it was taken away from them and given to Ed. Butler at $2 a set. The why and wherefore will probably be known. This change, it is generally understood, was Mr. Kerwin's desire. Kinkead and Caruth favored it.

Kinkead wanted the patrol system because he gets a commission for private boxes. He got it.

BUGGIES WANTED.

The list of all the things that Kinkead now wants for his department friends will make a tax-payer sick at the stomach. His friend Watkins, the Chief of Detectives, for whom he recently secured a raise of salary, thinks he could better discharge the duties of his office if furnished with a horse and buggy, for which he petitions the board. Kinkead already has one, although there is no provision granting him the same. Capt. Price, of the Carondelet District, who, it is said, is not an American citizen, has charge of a dozen men averaging a half a dozen arrests a week. He wants a horse and buggy also and petitions for the same. But Kerwin has stolen a march on both Kinkead and Caruth, and without a word quietly put there new men on the force in situations that do not require a man and have been vacant. One of these positions is night turnkey at the Mounted, where there is no necessity for it. A brother-in-law of Jos. Stottlebaum, who got up the Kerwin shield, has been given this. A day turnkey at the Lafayette Park station, where the police do not make one arrest a week, is another place into which the Vice-President has slipped a constituent.

KINKEAD'S NEW RIG.

One of the newest and showiest rigs on the road yesterday was a double-seated park wagon, on which Police Commissioner Kinkead was seated behind a spanking bay. In the evening it was driven to the mounted stables, where the horse was put away in one of the stalls and the wagon put on the wash stand. "Whose rig is that?" a reporter asked of one the hostlers.

"That's Kinkead's," the man replied. The wagon is manufactured by John Kimpel, who built the patrol wagons, and is Mr. Kinkead's private property. If the investigation that is hinted at occurs this will be among the matters de inquirendo.

TWENTY WORDS for ten cents in the wants and purely personal column of the POST-DISPATCH.

NOBBY YOUNG MEN
WILL FIND
Stunning Fall Suits
IN GREAT PROFUSION AT
THE GOLDEN EAGLE,
SOUTHWEST CORNER OF FIFTH AND PINE.
DAN'L C. YOUNG, Manager.

TARIFF COMMISSION.

Afternoon Session.

At the opening of the afternoon session communications were read from S. H. Jennings, of Deep River, Conn., asking that the duty on steel be made ad valorem; from James Canfield, of the department of History and Political Science, Kansas State University, suggesting that the duty on lumber be removed as a remedy for the destruction of American forests, and the removal of the duty on pig iron upon theory that it is cheaper to save the ore for future use than to throw it on the market when it can be got so cheaply in foreign markets. Rage F. Scannell, asking that duty be imposed on all imported waters Natural and Chemical, and Hiram Sibley & Co., of Chicago, requesting the removal of the tariff on flowering bulbs be removed. Pilsbury & Co., of Minneapolis, suggested that Manitoba wheat be admitted at a low tariff. W. R. Bent, of East Saginaw, president of the Salt Association of Michigan, and David H. Mason, of Chicago, appeared for the purpose of discussing that interest. Mr. Bent did not go into the merits of the question, merely introducing Mr. Mason, who gave some statistics, and argued the favor of protection. He declared that ever since the reduction of the tariff in 1872 the importations have steadily increased. He referred to the munificent deposits of rock salt in Southern Louisiana, which little effort is being made to utilize, and argued that if protection could be given capitalists of this country, sufficient to encourage them and the purchase of machinery this would soon be utilized. Mr. Mason's statement was very exhaustive and somewhat heavy. During the executive session the question of accepting the hospitality of the Merchants' Exchange was considered, and their offer declined for want of time, as the commission must leave town to-morrow evening and will be busy constantly until then.

THREE LINES for ten cents in the wants and purely personal column of the POST-DISPATCH.

Cupid's Contracts.

The following marriage licenses were granted this morning: John Adank and Louisa Wachtel; Sebastian Spengel and Wilhelmina Starbeck; George Kinge and Frances M. Coyle; Chas. Schneedle and Anna Sullner; Emanuel Rannells and Mary Wilson; Alex. Ferd. Godefroy and Elizabeth Jane Date; James Sennett and Annie Gibson; Frederick Zimmerli and Levina E. Million; George C. Coursan and Jennie Razy.

TWENTY WORDS for ten cents in the wants and purely personal column of the POST-DISPATCH.

RIVER NEWS.

THE Gem City, Capt. Burke, leaves at 4 p. m. for Keokuk.

THE Mattie Bell, Capt. Abrams, leaves for Naples at 4 p. m.

CAPT. HENRY LEYHE'S Spread Eagle dashes off for Grafton at 3 p. m.

THE Alex. Mitchell came in from St. Paul and returns to-morrow evening.

THE Mary Morton, flag-ship of the Diamond Jo Line, departs for St. Paul this evening. Killeen has charge.

THE Anchor Line steamer City of Providence leaves for Vicksburg to-morrow, and the City of Baton Rouge goes to New Orleans Wednesday.

CAPT. LEATHERS leads the van of the big boats this season, and brings the Natchez out next Saturday with all of her former crew. It is likely the Lee and White will soon follow suit.

THE river is again falling slowly, with 9⅛ feet water by the gauge. There is 6 feet to Cairo, 3⅛ to Kansas City, 4⅛ to St. Paul, and a fair boating stage to Peoria. The packets are doing all they can on the water, and the barge line is moving a vast amount of grain. The barges take 25,000 bushels each to Cairo, where they receive about that much more by having the cargoes of two transferred into one.

PROF. T. P. MORSE, manager of the Dock Company, has contracted with Capt. Thorwegan to transform the J. B. M. Kehlor into a sidewheel cotton boat, with a capacity of 10,000 bales. She will be supplied with the machinery of the Morning Star, and will be ready for business November 1. The boat's name will be changed, and she will run in the Memphis and New Orleans trade, in connection with the Charles P. Chouteau.

MARINE JOURNAL: A suit was instituted one day last week in Pittsburg against John A. Wood & Son, owners of the steamers Nellie Speer, B. D. Wood and Joseph Warne. The complainant declares that on September 1, 1881, he entered into a contract with the defendants to pilot their boats and faithfully performed his part of the work, and that the defendants are indebted to him in the sum of $244 90 for services rendered. Wm. Stewart, an old Ohio River pilot, a resident of New Cumberland, has been stricken with paralysis, and is reported at the point of death.

River Telegrams.

CAIRO, September 18.—Arrived: E. E. Lewis' Ohio, 6 a. m.; City of Vicksburg, St. Louis, 9. J. H. Hill, Nashville; J. B. Maude, Memphis; Fannie Tatum, St. Louis, 11. Departed: Port Eads, New Orleans, 9 a. m.; Maude; St. Louis 1; City of Vicksburg, Vicksburg. 11; Hillman, Nashville, 11. Fair and warm.

LOUISVILLE, September 18.—River falling, with 8 feet 6 inches in canal at noon, 6 feet 2 inches in chute on falls, and 3 feet 6 inches over rocks. Business good. Weather clear and hot. Departed: Mary Houston, Cincinnati. Up: Schenck, New Orleans; J. M. Clark and tow, Cincinnati.

EVANSVILLE, IND., September 18.—Arrived: Rainbow, Louisville, 8:20 a. m.; Evansville, Bowling Green, 4 a. m.; Thos. W. Means, Cincinnati, 5. Departed: Thos. W. Means, St. Louis, 9:30; Rainbow, Louisville, 10:15. Clear and warm; wind south to west; mercury 73 to 83. River 12 1-10 feet and rising.

WHEELING, W. VA., September 18.—River four feet six inches and falling. Passed up: Granite State, 6:30. Down: Diurnal, 11:30, for Parkersburg. Warm and partly cloudy.

MEMPHIS, TENN., September 18.—River falling. Arrived: Vint Shinkle, Cincinnati; City Helena, St. Louis. Departed: City of New Orleans, New Orleans, noon. Clear.

CINCINNATI, O., September 18.—River 15 feet 4 inches and falling. Weather clear. Thermometer 85. Arrived: B. S. Rhea, Evansville.

Marine.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., September 18.—Arrived: Steamer Ohio, Liverpool.

LONDON, September 18.—Sarmatian, from Montreal, arrived out.

POLITICAL.

THOMAS F. FARRELLY

Is a candidate for Recorder of Deeds subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention.

AUGUSTUS B. TAYON

Is a candidate for CLERK OF THE CRIMINAL COURT, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention.

POLITICAL.

PATRICK M. STAED,
PRESENT INCUMBENT,
Is a candidate for election for CLERK OF THE CRIMINAL COURT, subject to the Democratic Convention.

CORRECTED LIST OF DELEGATES

To the Republican State Convention, at Jefferson City, September 20:

Delegates.	Alternates.
FIRST WARD.	
Henry Hiemenz,	Chas. Cajacob,
John C. Vogel,	Louis Blickman,
Louis Hock.	Wm. Hirt.
SECOND WARD.	
Jas. Crawshaw, Jr.,	Jos. Helms,
Jno. G. Haas,	L. A. Dietrich.
Fred. Kaess.	Louis Wittenberg.
THIRD WARD.	
Gen. John McNeil,	Frank Flesner,
Ernst Olshausen,	Ira Perry,
Frank J. Conway.	C. A. Stifel.
FOURTH WARD.	
Wm. Buddenburg,	H'y Temme,
W. W. Judy,	H'y Zoellner,
Wm. Nierdrick,	H. Schambeck,
Chas. F. Busche.	H. Niewoehner.
FIFTH WARD.	
George H. Barth,	Chorles Sperbin,
Jacob Kaiser,	A. Glueck,
Alex. Danner,	Wm. Mueller;
Wm. Menrkens,	E. Hoebn,
Wm. Kaiert.	C. Bohling.
SIXTH WARD.	
J. K. Cummings,	Hy. L. Parker,
Chas. W. Irwin,	Wm. Lefman,
C. Blumeyer,	C. Schoenbeck.
SEVENTH WARD.	
Michael Berg,	Casper Kuendert,
John Meenges,	Jacob Leonhardt,
James H. Roth,	J. Milton Turner.
EIGHTH WARD.	
John Spilring,	Christ. Smith,
Walter Brindle,	James Karach.
NINTH WARD.	
Leo Rassieur,	H. T. Ledergerber,
Phillip Gerax,	Wm. Hahn.
TENTH WARD.	
John R. Shepley,	Albert Blair,
Dr. J. H. McLean,	M. W. Kinsey,
A. J. Wagenman,	John Geglenger,
Jacob S. Merrell,	Jas. E. Gilleawater,
Henry Hitchcock,	F. W. Keller,
Frank Backoff,	Chas. Heim,
C. H. Tandy,	Chas. Dandridge,
ELEVENTH WARD.	
C. F. Schapprizzle,	Martin Lorenz,
Henry Manistre,	Chas. J. Eckert.
TWELFTH WARD.	
W. C. Thorn,	J. H. Dieckrieger,
Fred Kicker,	Hy. Landermann,
Ferd Rohlfing,	Hy. Manishle,
Rich Morisse,	John Flaretni,
W. Cr Richmond,	Chas. Wilson.
THIRTEENTH WARD.	
F. C. P. Tiedemann,	Francis P. Becker,
Louis Gottschalk,	Gottlieb Witter.
FOURTEENTH WARD.	
G. H. Assing,	J. C. H. D. Block,
August Hoffman,	R. W. Rammelskamp,
Chris. Temme,	I. F. W. Schroeder,
W. W. C. Perry,	Alfred White.
FIFTEENTH WARD.	
George Bain,	C. C. Simmons,
John S. Cavender,	Emil Preetorios,
John D. Johnson,	Fred W. Biebinger.
SIXTEENTH WARD.	
Frank Hussmann,	Henry Schwaiser,
Charles F. Keris,	Aug. F. Baercsis,
Hugo Muench.	Henry Belnecke.
SEVENTEENTH WARD.	
I. V. W. Dutcher,	Wm. Miesner,
J. B. Woodward,	J. A. Harris,
Geo. S. Kensky,	C. J. Bryant.
EIGHTEENTH WARD.	
E. O. Stanard,	W. H. Scudder,
John W. Noble,	J. S. L. Casland,
Chester H. Krum,	W. L. C. Brey,
D. P. Dyer,	B. Seaman,
John B. Henderson,	T. A. Post.
NINETEENTH WARD.	
Thos. C. Fletcher,	Conrad Rose,
Geo. D. Reynolds.	Matthew J. Gelbert.
TWENTIETH WARD.	
H. M. Pollard,	J. H. Dieckman,
Jno. B. Woestman,	W. F. Cozzens,
Wm. K. Patrick.	L. J. Metcalfe.
TWENTY-FIRST WARD.	
H. H. Bodemann.	Wm. J. Kipp.
TWENTY-SECOND WARD.	
F. C. Walter.	F. Wolff.
TWENTY-THIRD WARD.	
Ernest Overbeck.	C. P. Weidemeyer.
TWENTY-FOURTH WARD.	
A. Bergfeldt.	H. M. Starkloff.
TWENTY-FIFTH WARD.	
Fred Kaiser.	A. Junge.
TWENTY-SIXTH WARD.	
Jacob Thorp.	Geo. W. Parker.
TWENTY-SEVENTH WARD.	
Otto L. Dierberger.	Julius Rector.
TWENTY-EIGHTH WARD.	
Wm. M. Eccles,	J. M. Reuter,
Charles Walker,	James Oakman.

STEAMBOATS.

Upper Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS AND ST. PAUL P'K'T CO., U. S. Mail Line, For Mosier's and all way landings.
Str. BALD EAGLE .... Hamilton, Master
Leaves every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4 p. m.
For Clarksville, Louisiana, Hannibal, Quincy, La Grange, Canton, Alexandria, Warsaw and Keokuk.
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Leaves every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 p. m.
For Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Dubuque, La Crosse and St. Paul.
Str. ALEX. MITCHELL .... Mose Hall, Master
Leaves Tuesday, September 19, at 4 p. m.
THROUGH TICKETS to all Railroad points. Excursion Tickets to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Lake Minnetonka, Duluth, Marquette, Grand Haven, Thunder Bay, and all summer resorts in the North and East, with the privilege of returning by river, lake or rail. Send for Guide Book, "Upper Mississippi River," giving routes, rates, etc. For through passenger or freight rates, apply at office on wharfboat, foot of Olive street.
JNO. F. BAKER, G. F. A.

DIAMOND JO LINE.
Fine and fast passenger packets.
For Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Dubuque, La Crosse and St. Paul.
Str. MARY MORTON .... Killeen, Master
Leaves wharfboat, foot of Washington avenue Monday, September 18 at 4 p. m. For freight or passage, apply at office, on wharfboat. ISAAC P. LUSK, Agent.

ST. LOUIS AND CLARKSVILLE PACKET COMPANY.
For Milan, Hastings, Cap au Gris, Falmouth, Hamburg, Clarksville and all Way Landings.
DORA .... Alex. Lamont, Master.
Leaves Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 4 p. m. from foot of Cherry St.
F. SCHWARTZ, President.

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ST. LOUIS AND VICKSBURG ANCHOR LINE.
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For Helena, Greenville, Arkansas City and Vicksburg, leave Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Reserving the right to pass all landings the Captain may deem unsafe.
Str. CITY OF PROVIDENCE .... Lennox, Master
Will leave Tuesday, September 19, at 5 p. m.
Packets for Cape Girardeau, Cairo, Hickman and Memphis leave Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
STE. GENEVIEVE .... Carvell, Master
Will leave Monday, September 18, at 5 p. m.
Packets for Ste. Genevieve, S. Mary's, Chester and Grand Tower.
Str. E. C. ELLIOTT .... Postal, Master.
Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 4 o'clock p. m.
JOHN BIRD, Agent.

ST. LOUIS & MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRANSPORT'N CO.
Office Main and Walnut streets.
H. C. HAARSTICK, Prest. H. LOURAY, Vice-Prest.
For New Orleans
Str. JAY GOULD and Barges,
Leaves Wednesday, September 20, 5 p. m.
For freight rates to N O and points in Tex. apply to J. P. BURDEAU, Ft. Agt.

NEW ORLEANS ANCHOR LINE
For New Orleans and way landings.
Str. CITY OF BATON ROUGE .... Bixby, Master
Leaves Wednesday, September 20, at 5 p. m.
For freight or passage apply on board wharfboat foot of Market street.
JOHN W. CARROLL, Gen. F'g't Agt.

Illinois River.

CHICAGO FAST FREIGHT LINE.
For Hardin, Bedford, Montezuma, Florence, Griggsville, Naples, Beardstown, Havana and Peoria.
Str. CALHOUN .... Gray, Master.
Leave Wednesdays & Saturdays, 4 p. m., from Co's wharf-boat, foot of Olive st.

REGULAR NAPLES PACKET.
Str. MATTIE BELLE .... Abrams, Master.
Will leave Mondays and Fridays at 4 p. m.
L. P. D'ARCAMBAL, Ag't. C. S. ROGERS, Prest.

F. W. GUERIN, Photographer,
627 Olive street, St. Louis.
Copying and enlarging from old Pictures. Special attension paid to Crayon work and Pastel.
Medal awarded at the World's Exposition, Paris.

HESSER & WICKHAM,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
COAL AND COKE,
118 N. Third St., St. Louis

Office Inkstands!
The Finest Line You Ever Saw is for sale by
Robt. D. Patterson & Co.
316 and 318 North Third Street.

LOCAL NEWS.

EVERY department in D. Crawford & Co.'s vast dry goods house is now full to the brim with all the new fall novelties, all of which are attractive as to styles, qualities and prices.

Boston Art Furniture
Is more durable, far more beautiful, and costs less than the inartistic goods you have been accustomed to see. Examine our stock in St. Louis. GUERNSEY FURNITURE CO., 500 N. Fourth st., up stairs.

THE NEW FILLING for decayed teeth; superior to gold; looks better; lasts better; never discolors; comfortable. H. S. Chase, 919 Olive, 2d floor.

BATHING and Pozzoni's Powder are the most efficient beauty preservers of the day.

"PERSONALS" are inserted at the rate of ten cents for twenty words, and may be sent by mail to this office.

DR. DINSBEER removed to 814 Pine street, where he will dispense safe medicines, skillful treatment and speedy cures for chronic disease.

Dr Whittier, 617 St. Charles st., St. Louis, A regular graduate, oldest office in U.S. Pays special attention to gentlemen.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
922 Olive street. Set of teeth $8.

THREE LINES for ten cents in the wants and purely personal column of the POST-DISPATCH.

THE want columns of the POST DISPATCH are not only useful, but make very interesting reading.

NOVELTIES.

We have in stock a large assortment of special styles in woolens this season, which will well repay an examination from all who intend to have their clothing made to order.

MILLS & AVERILL,
S. W. Cor. Fourth and Olive Sts.

THE want columns of the POST DISPATCH are not only useful, but make very interesting reading.

BUSINESS lunch, consisting of soup, roast beef and vegetables, only 30 cents, at Ecker's, 18 South Fifth street.

DRUNKENNESS and Opium Habit controlled and cured by Dr. Leslie E. Keeley's Chloride of Gold remedies. Call or write for particulars. 414 North Seventh street, P. D. Cordell, agent.

SPORTING.

Yesterday's Boat Race—Base Ball Games—Racing—General Gossip.

The boat race yesterday between Jake Gaudair, of Toronto, and Harry Parker at Creve Cour Lake was a very tame affair indeed, and very little interest or enthusiasm prevailed either before the race or during its progress. It was evident that the Canadian, who, as a professional sculler has but few equals, was merely trifling with the local oarsman, and the distance between the two at the finish depended altogether upon the wishes of the "unknown." The contest was three miles and a turn, and the stakes were $250 a side. Gaudair won by two lengths and the official time was announced as 20 minutes and 20 seconds, although all the private timers made the time a trifle over 21 minutes.

There was a very light crowd at the Grand Avenue Park to witness the match between the Browns and the Springfields, from the Illinois capital; the home nine had no difficulty in cleaning out the visitors. Score, 16 to 3.

The St. Louis nine gave the Standards a terrible surprise yesterday at the Red Stocking Park, defeating them by a score of 14 to 2.

The Eckfords defeated the Memphis Reds yesterday, in Memphis, by a score of 8 to 4.

The Western Union nine, composed of "lightning jerkers," are to play a match game with the operators from Chicago on next Sunday at the Grand Avenue Park.

There is great interest manifested in the Schutzenfest at the Six-Mile House on the St. Charles rock road. The festival will include prize shooting and bowling, and representatives are present from all the western cities.

CALL and see Van Biarcom's thirty-five dollar road and business harness. 613 North Seventh street.

THREE LINES for ten cents in the wants and purely personal column of the POST-DISPATCH.

Britton Hill and His Nephew.

A suit in ejectment and for damages has been filed by Henry D. Hill against his uncle, Britton A. Hill, of Greenback fame. The young man, it will be remembered, figured some time since in the breezy Polytechnic Iron Works litigation, making matters somewhat livery for his uncle who was defendant in that suit. He alleges that his father, David W. Hill died intestate and that he is the only child and heir-at-law. He was entitled to one-third interest in some property located on Third and Stein streets, and he alleges that his uncle ousted him of possession. He claims $1,000 or damages, judgment of possession in respect of his interest and $50 monthly value of rents and profits.

WHILE science cannot trace to its origin the vital spark, it can regulate nature's force. In all cases of disordered nerves, Dr. Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills give comfort and tone. They cure dyspepsia, headache and aggravating wakefulness.

THE docket of the Second District Police Court was a light one, there only being thirty-seven cases, and of these half were continued.

READING NOTICES.

Forty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never failing success by millions of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhœa, griping in the bowels and wind colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price twenty-five cents a bottle.

THE POST DISPATCH DID IT.

And Some of the Dance Houses are Already Closed.

The crusade of the POST DISPATCH against Saturday night "lawn parties" and Sunday night dances proved too much for Mr. Burlew, on Page avenue and King's highway, and last Saturday night the most noticable feature of the neighborhood was the absence of the discordant music which had disturbed the neighborhood at his "lawn parties" every Saturday night for nearly six months. About 10 o'clock last Saturday night a POST-DISPATCH reporter visited the vicinity of Burlew's Grove, stopping at a saloon close by and entering into a conversation with the barkeeper. "You might just as well take the next car to town if you intended to go to Burlew's lawn party," replied the barkeeper in answer to a question about the crowd expected out."

"HOW IS THAT?"

"Burlew may be a fool, but he is not d——d fool, and knows when he has enough."

"Don't the lawn parties pay?"

"The pay is all right I suppose, and he was making a good thing out of it until the POST-DISPATCH interfered and wrote up his place. Then Burlew threw up his hands and quit."

"Is he closed up?"

"Yes, as far as the lawn parties and Saturday night dances are concerned. The last one took place just a week ago."

"I understood that a large party was to have taken place there to-night."

"So there would only for the POST-DISPATCH showing up the place. All arrangements were completed several days ago for a complimentary lawn party to-night, at which the factory girls were expected to attend, but the deal given last Monday by the POST DISPATCH was all Burlew wanted, and now you will find the place in darkness and Burlew in bed."

The garden was found just in the condition mentioned by the bar-keeper, but large crowds of young girls and fellows were assembling in groups, discussing the situation and wondering why Mr. Burlew sent them invitations to a "lawn party" which he did not give. The crowd waited nearly an hour, and then started for Cornwalth's Grove, on the Natural Bridge road, where a lawn party takes place every Saturday night. About half-way between the two groves another large crowd was met coming in the opposite direction, and it apparent Cornwalth's was not in full blast.

"What's the matter with Cornwalth, he was not blasted by the POST DISPATCH," remarked one of Burlew's female patrons.

"Nor won't if closing up his hall will prevent it. Cornwalth keeps the same kind of a place as Burlew, and knows he is only overlooked, but is likely to get it just as steep any time," came the answer.

The whole party boarded the next car going towards town, thoroughly disgusted with dance-house proprietors that could not stand the notoriety. Not knowing the reception which Mr. Burlew might give the POST-DISPATCH, it was thought advisable to appoint a proxy, who held the following interview:

"Mr. Burlew, the POST-DISPATCH would like to know why your Saturday night dances have been abandoned?"

"Are you a reporter of the POST DISPATCH?"

"No, sir, but I was sent here by one to ask about the dance."

"Well y u — — — get out of here or I will fill your body with buck-shot."

Mr. Burlew is not the superintendent of the Drummond Tobacco Factory. Mr. Lewis holds that position while Mr. Burlew is in charge of the ice-t department. He says that the saloon is run by his son, whom he claims is trying to make it a decent place.

STRANGERS should not fail to visit Ecker's elegant restaurant and oyster parlors at 18 South Fifth street. The handsomest restaurant in the West. Private dining parlors for ladies and gentlemen.

A COSTLY INVESTIGATION.

The Windsor Hotel Referee Wants His Fee Fixed—Report Ready.

The report of testimony taken before Referee Frank K. Ryan in the Windsor Hotel case, has been prepared by Stenographer Robinson. It consists of one million words and covers several hundred pages closely written, and the cost of this volume to be submitted to the court is $382. It was announced that the referee would hand the report in this morning, but he has held it up until the question of compensation for his services shall have been determined. The referee sat twenty days in this matter, involving the differences among the parties interested in the Windsor Hotel company, J. H. Livingston and wife, stockholders, on the one side, and Ed. P. Barrett, William C. Jones, B. H. Engelke, Theodore Washburn on the other. The Livingstons have made a tender of $100 for one half of the claim of the referee, but the defendants who have shouldered the cost of the testimony have not manifested any disposition to come forward with the other half. The parties were before Judge Adams in chambers this morning relative to the matter, but he declined to interfere with Judge Treacy's work and the question was left for him to determine late in the day. The report contains no findings; it is simply a mass of testimony, the main features of which have been published from day to day during the referee's investigation. The Judge in chambers will have the labor of sifting the evidence and reaching a conclusion as to whether the case calls for the appointment of a receiver or otherwise.

PERSONS who are subject to Headache, Weakness, Indigestion, Loss of Appetite and Depression, should never be without Colden's Liquid Beef Tonic, in pint bottles. *Ask for Colden's, take no other.* Of druggists generally.

A CRASH IN THE TUNNEL.

Two Freight Trains Collide and Take Fire Near Kirkwood.

A serious accident occurred yesterday morning on the Missouri Pacific Railroad. A west-bound freight train, of forty-seven cars, collided with an east-bound freight in the tunnel near Barrett's Station, the other side of Kirkwood. The telegraph operator at Meramec had received instructions to hold the east-bound train, running up the incline by a pusher locomotive, until the west bound train arrived. He answered, "O. K." but it seems that the pusher had already started and the two trains met with a tremendous crash in the tunnel. There were sixteen cars laden with lumber and lime and the wreck took fire, causing a loss estimated by the company's officers at $50,000. The engineer and fireman of the west-bound train escaped with their lives by crawling over the wreck to the other end of the tunnel. Several of the train hands were more or less injured. It is supposed that two tramps were killed in the tunnel. The track and tunnel are so badly injured that traffic cannot be resumed for two or three days. Fire Company No. 10 went out to the scene of the wreck with several hundred feet of hose to extinguish the flames, but no water could be obtained. The Wabash track will be temporarily used for through passenger trains until the debris is removed and the tunnel placed in repair.

Passengers over the Missouri Pacific from points west of Sedalia came in this morning by the Wabash over the track of the M., K. & T., by the way of Moberly. Mr. G. B. Simmons, formerly chief engineer of the M., K. & T., and Col. Albert Parker, of Sedalia, former Postmaster, were among the list. They say they have been informed that the flames in the tunnel are still raging and that so much of the rock has fallen from the roof of the tunnel that it is impossible to tell when the debris can be removed and the tunnel opened for traffic.

THREE LINES for ten cents in the wants and purely personal column of the POST-DISPATCH.

MUSICIANS' GRIEVANCES.

Not About to Strike, But Discontented None the Less.

In reference to a paragraph published in the POST DISPATCH on Saturday, hinting that the Prophets might not be able to accept the terms asked by the local musicians for their services during the procession, one of the latter, who pleaded guilty to being "a grumbling and aggrieved musician," this morning made the following statement to the POST-DISPATCH:

"You state that the musicians of the city have banded together and have increased their price for the procession of the Veiled Prophets. In both of these statements you have been misinformed. The only difference is that Mr. G. O. Kaib, the managing secretary of the Veiled Prophets, demands more work and is not willing to pay for it. Where in former years we used to have wagons to ride in, the above named gentleman this year demands that every band shall march, he further makes a demand that the band shall play five minutes and rest five minutes, and to be sure that each band will do its duty, he proposes to place a marshal with each band who shall time the same, and should this said marshal report unfavorably, the band will not receive any remuneration for its services; to use Mr. Kaib's own words, *"no play, no pay."*

The above is the contract which the musicians are supposed to sign and submit to, and for all this $5 per man for a march of four hours is called *an exorbitant price!*

Allow me to state that the musicians have not banded together, nor are they going on a strike; they have merely made up their mind to "charge a uniform price and give Mr. G. O. Kaib his choice who to take and who to reject. The musicians will not come down in their prices, as they are perfectly willing to have country talent come to this city and enliven the procession of the Veiled Prophets. They are under the impression that if they can get along 364 days of the year without the patronage of Mr. G. O. Kaib they will certainly manage to do so on the 365th day."

THREE LINES for ten cents in the wants and purely personal column of the POST-DISPATCH.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE PEOPLE'S.

A large audience was present at the first presentation of "Brentwood" at the People's Theater last night and pronounced the play an unqualified success. Its author is Mr. Robert M. Yost, well known in journalistic and dramatic circles in this city. Marie Grantley, the young daughter of Richard Grantley, is the heroine of the piece. Her father, for having married a Parisian actress, is disinherited from his property unless he shall free himself from all the ties of the union. This decree is rigorously enforced by Lord Brentwood, Grantley's elder brother. In order to free her father, Marie, on learning of his predicament, makes a sacrifice of herself, by throwing herself upon the world alone and penniless. In time she finds herself forced to accept shelter in a thieves' den in Whitechapel, where she is brutally treated by one Tim Buffin, who is anxious to make a thief of her. Her rescue from Tim by Roy Girard, the hero of the play, brings the second act to a close. Roy takes Marie to his home. Her father ultimately proves, by the terms of a second will, to be heir to his father's estate. Buffin attempts to abduct Marie, but is foiled, and the play comes to an end by the marriage of Roy and Marie, and the return to Brentwood Manor of Richard Grantley. Miss Pearl Eytinge, in her role of Marie, was much applauded. The cast all the way through is very far above the average. Marion D. Clifton makes a splendid Mrs. Girard, and A. W. Purcell as Tim, Buffin is a decided success. The excellence of the scenery, all of which is new, goes far towards adding to the attractions of the play. It is as admirably executed as the piece is interesting, pure and noble in moral. "Brentwood" will be played all the week.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

Miss Rose Eytinge, who appeared as Lionette de Courtin in Dumas' "The Princess of Paris," drew well at the Grand Opera-house last evening. She was supported by the company of Col. W. E. Sinn, of the Park Theater, Brooklyn, N. Y. Every character in the play was well rendered. It will be repeated to night, to-morrow and at the Wednesday matinee. On Wednesday night Miss Eytinge will appear as Lady Isabel and Mme. Vine, a dual role, in "East Lynne."

AT POPE'S.

Rial's "Uncle Tom's Cabin" was largely attended at Pope's last evening. The performance was heartily enjoyed throughout. The prices this week are unusually low.

THE OLYMPIC.

Mr. Emmet has commenced his second week as "Friz" at the Olympic. Everybody is rushing thither to be entertained by this incomparable depictor of German types.

THE PICKWICK.

At the Pickwick the New York Ideal Opera Company will sing "Fatinitza" throughout the week. They deserve to be well supported.

ST. LOUIS ART APPRECIATED.

The St. Joe Gazette describes the new drop curtain which has been painted for the Opera-house of that city by Messrs. Noxon, Bailey and Toomey, of St. Louis, as rivaling anything in the way of a drop curtain in the country. The subject is a Venetian water scene, which the Gazette says could hardly be excelled in point of execution as well as in natural beauty. The perspective and shading are perfect.

NOTES.

The outstanding tickets sold for the benefit of the Police Relief Fund will be received to-night at the People's Theater. The attraction is Miss Pearl Eytinge in "Brentwood."

Mr. T. W. Keene, the distinguished tragedian, will in a week begin his annual engagement in this city. Mr. Keene is now filling a two weeks' season in Chicago, where the large and enthusiastic houses of former years are witnessing his performances. The critics, while still dwelling upon the vigor and magnetism of his acting, speak of the actor in the highest terms for the scholarship he is showing in his assumptions.

DR. WHITTIER, a regular graduate, 617 St. Charles st., as for 25 years, treats with unparalleled success, blood impurities, poisoning, impediments to marriage, nervous prostration, debility, diseases from indiscretion, excesses, exposures, indulgences. Moderate charges; safely, confidentially; advice free. Book 250 pp., sealed, by mail, 25 cts.; pamphlet free. Treatment by mail or express from ocean to ocean.

TWENTY WORDS for ten cents in the wants and purely personal column of the POST-DISPATCH.

Badly Shot.

A telegram has been received by Mrs. Mary McCarty, of 1309 North Twenty-first street, from Topeka, Kas., stating that her son, M. J. Mulvey, was shot and badly injured there yesterday. Mulvey was formerly a pressman on the POST DISPATCH, but is now traveling for his brother-in-law, the proprietor of the American Chromo Company, corner of Eighth and Pine streets.

CITY NEWS.

George Voss, of 1610 North Market street, who had been drinking hard of late, took a dose of Paris green and died late on Saturday night.

A meeting of the parishioners of St. Patrick's was held last night to raise funds for a parochial residence. There were 1,500 tickets distributed for an entertainment, the proceeds of which will be appoied to the purpose.

The first Protestant Church ever organized at Cheltenham, was dedicated yesterday, by Revs. J. H. Adams, Geo. C. Adams and Congregational ministers. The Rev. J. G. Morrill delivered the sermon of the day. The little edifice cost $800.

There were installation ceremonies yesterday at the Lucas Avenue Cumberland Presbyterian Church. The newly installed elders were James M. Williams and William Edmondson. J. L. Sezar was made deacon. The Rev. W. L. Black officiated.

The Irish Nationalists gave their annual picnic yesterday at Concordia Park. There was a fair attendance and some Fenian speech making by Judge Dailey and Messrs. O'Neill, Erskine and Cornelius. The candidates were on hand and the bars did a good business.

Dr. F. Scheller, of Evansville, Ind., committed suicide yesterday morning at the Hotel Hunt. He sent down a prescription to the hotel drug store for chloral and morphine, and had it refilled twice. He was found dead by the chambermaid. The Doctor had a wife living at Evansville, where he practised.

George Etzell, proprietor of a box factory on Eighteenth and Exchange streets, was badly beaten yesterday by a gang of young hoodlums who had a grudge against James Larkin, one of his employes. Etzell came to his relief and was pounced upon, beaten and kicked in such a manner that he will scarcely recover.

Chas. H. Miller, alias Wolff, alias Gen. Neff, the horse-thief, was captured yesterday afternoon by five detectives and two patrolmen at the house of Johanna Lauprecht, in Lowell. He has a wife living on Geyer avenue, at the stable where he kept the stolen horses, but had taken out a license to marry Mrs. Lauprecht under another name.

Cod-Liver Oil and Lime.—That pleasant and active agent in the cure of all consumptive symptoms, "*Wilbor's Compound of Pure Cod-Liver Oil and Lime,*" is being universally opened in medical practice. Sold by the proprietor A. B. WILBOR, chemist, Boston, and all druggists.

Predictions, Not by Vennor!
"FLYING SOUTH."

About two weeks ago, the old people who indulge in the prophesies concerning the temperature began to throw out sundry hints in reference to the near approach of cold weather. They were sure we'd have frost about the middle of September, and even went so far as to PREDICT SNOW during Fair Week. They had noticed a flock of wild geese "Flying South," and, of course, that settled the whole business—and according to the infallible rule held by the "ground hog" philosophers, it was bound to come their way.

We are happy to state that a slight miscalculation was made, and from present indications parents, guardians and "other folks" interested in seeing that BOYS are WELL CLOTHED, well HATTED and well SHOD, will have pleasant weather in which to visit "Famous" and lay in their supplies before the cold snap comes.

It is a well-established fact in this community among people who read the newspapers and some few who do not, that our facilities for supplying the multitude of young people of the male persuasion with raiment suitable to "purse and taste" is UNLIMITED.

We have SCHOOL SUITS for Little Boys, SCHOOL SUITS for Boys a Little Larger, and SCHOOL SUITS for Big Boys. We have SCHOOL SHOES to fit them at all imaginable prices, and SCHOOL HATS by the thousand dozen, and all of these good things at prices that gladden the pocket-books of parents and guardians.

Now, do come and see us. All of the birds are not "Flying South," and there is no better time than right now to make a selection from the large lines of fresh School Supplies that are daily arriving at

FAMOUS, Fifth and Morgan.

SPECIAL NOTICE!
THE BEST SELECTED STOCK OF
Axminster, Moquette, Body Brussels, Tapestry Brussels and Ingrain Carpets, Curtains and Upholstery Goods,
AT
F. W. ROSENTHAL & CO.,
410 and 412 N. Fourth Street.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

C. F. Block and Clement Dormney were arrested for disturbing the peace and assessed $5 each by 'Squire Lynn.

Clement Revelot will make the race for County Commissioner, his opponent being Louis Ploudre, of Lake Station.

The congregation of the Methodist Church will give a concert Tuesday, the proceeds to be donated to the pastor, Rev. Mr. Sears.

The Council held an important meeting on Saturday night, appointing four police officers and transacting a large amount of routine business.

S. M. Rockell, Charles Grey and Pat. Kelly were jailed last evening for being drunk, and each fined $3 and costs by 'Squire Lynn this morning.

W. B. Warren, formerly superintendent of the Cairo Short Line, and now superintendent of the L. R. and W., with headquarters in Indianapolis, is in East St. Louis with his family on a visit.

Burglars made a raid on the island last night, effecting an entrance to the residences of Mr. Meuniz, Levi, Gray, Donover and several others, carrying away about $5,000 worth of property. The burglars escaped without exciting suspicion.

The Superintendent of Police of Buffalo, N. Y., writes for a description of Peter Weis, the young man that committed suicide August 29 by jumping off the bridge. It is supposed Weis' relatives reside in Buffalo, the information being sought to confirm their suspicions.

NORTH ST. LOUIS.

Henry Brinkmeyer, clerk in August N. Schwalbe's grocery store, 3500 Broadway, was severely bitten on the back of the left hand this morning while playing with the latter's dog.

Casper Smith, No. 3923 Broadway, who has been missing since last Monday, turned up at Belleville yesterday, where he was laid up with malarial fever.

THE woman who seeks relief from pain by the free use of alcoholic stimulants and narcotic drugs finds what she seeks only so far as sensibility is destroyed or temporarily suspended. *No cure was ever wrought by such means,* and the longer they are employed the more hopeless the case becomes. Leave chloral, morphia and belladonna alone and use Mrs. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Arkansas Cotton.

W. J. McClaustock, an extensive planter, arrived from the Powhatan, Arkansas, this morning, and stopped at the Hotel Barnum. Mr. McClaustock reports the cotton yield in his section very good and promising. The present warm dry weather, he states, is exactly what is needed, as it encourages the rapid opening of the bolls and bleaches the product. The yield in this section will be very large and of excellent quality.

CONSUMPTION in its early stages is readily cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery," though if the lungs are wasted no medicine will effect a cure. No known remedy possesses such soothing and healing influence over all scrofulous, tuberculous and pulmonary affections as the "Discovery." John Willis, of Elyria, Ohio, writes: "The 'Golden Medical Discovery' does positively cure consumption, as, after trying every other medicine in vain, this succeeded," Mr. Z. T. Pierce, of Cuthbert, Ga., writes: "The 'Golden Medical Discovery' has cured my wife of bronchitis and incipient consumption." Sold by druggists.

THERE is a bundle at the Fourth District station, found by Officer Fight on Second and Webster streets, which contains a number of articles of underwear.

MULFORD & McKENZIE,
Ticket Brokers,
Are making special rates to Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Buffalo and Cleveland. Cut rates to all points.
108 N. Fourth St., and 12th and Poplar.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT.
FIGHTING FIRE WITH FIRE. THIS MAY BE GOOD POLICY ON A BLAZING PRAIRIE BUT IT WILL NOT ANSWER WITH THE FEVERED BLOOD IN SYSTEM. IRRITATING MEDICINES EXASPERATE AND INTENSIFY ALL COMPLAINTS OF THE STOMACH OR THE BOWELS. NEVER TAKE A DRASTIC EVACUANT FOR INDIGESTION OR CONSTIPATION. ADMINISTER INSTEAD TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT, WHICH IS AT ONCE A FEBRIFUGE, A CATHARTIC AND AN INVIGORANT AND HAS A SOOTHING AND HEALING EFFECT UPON THE DISORDERED VISCERA.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

LEGAL.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Charlotte Benjamin, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 31st day of August, 1882. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from date of this publication they will be forever barred.
MORRIS GLASER,
Executor of Charlotte Benjamin, deceased.
St. Louis, Mo., September 15, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given to all creditors and other interested in the estate of W. S. Parker, deceased, that I have undertaken, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be held at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.
CHAS. P. JOHNSON,
Administrator of W. S. Parker deceased.
St. Louis, September 18, 1882.

McBRIDE AGAIN.

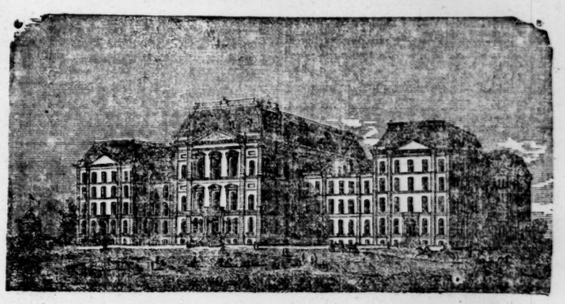
The Lawyer Arrested and in the Police Court.

On Saturday night at about 11:30 o'clock Officer Lyons, of the Central District, arrested James J McBride, a lawyer of this city, on the co ner of Sixth and Market streets, for disturbance of the peace and carrying concealed weapons. Lyons states that McBride was walking along the street swearing and using threatening language and flourishing a pistol. He arrested him and took him to the station, where McBride furnished bail. McBride stated that he was looking for a man who had picked his son's pockets of $1 50 in money and did not want any body else. A case of disturbance of the peace and carrying concealed weapons was entered against him and he was arraigned in the First District Police Court this morning. When the case was called McBride conducted his own defense. He charged Lyon with many things which were totally uncalled for and was very violent. The case was continued until the 21st inst. The officer is very angry, and thinks that Judge Decko should have stopped the violent abuse which was given him or committed McBride to jail.

TWENTY WORDS for ten cents in the wants and purely personal column of the POST-DISPATCH.

Weather Indications for to-day are: Fair.

FURNISHING GOODS FOR BOYS!
It is rarely that a decent assortment of Boys' Furnishing Articles is found in a retail Clothing House; little or no attention is paid to this really important branch of the trade. We have initiated a new departure in this respect, having connected with our Boys' Clothing Department a complete line of Boys' Furnishings, which we shall offer to the public at exceptionally low figures.
Buyers of Boys' Clothing will find this a great convenience, as it enables them to give their boys a complete outfit on the spot. When you call please look through this department and oblige yours, truly,
F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,
Northeast Corner of Fifth and Pine.

College of the Christian Brothers,
Easton Avenue and King's Highway, St. Louis.

The President and Faculty of the College of the Christian Brothers, St. Louis, beg leave to state that owing to the removal to the spacious and elegant new College, situated at Cote Brilliante, they will all be ready for the reception of students on MONDAY, THE SECOND OF OCTOBER.
The Christian Brothers have neglected nothing to make their institution complete in every particular. The building, which was erected to meet all the requirements of a boarding-school, is furnished with all the modern improvements. The grounds are extensive, affording pupils every facility for the enjoyment of invigorating exercise.
Situated four miles west of the St. Louis Court House, the location is one of the most healthy, in a city noted for the salubrity of its climate, and the beauty of its suburbs.
Every facility is afforded for easy access to the College from the city. The Franklin Avenue Street Car Line passes the main entrance. The Olive Street Car Line connects with the Narrow Gauge road, which has a station at the corner of Union avenue. The Wabash Railway stops at the Forest Park station, which is only a short distance from the new building.
Parents desiring any particulars are requested to correspond with the President,
BRO. JAMES, F. S. C.,
At the Old College, Eighth and Cerre Streets, St. Louis, Mo.

CHARTER OAK STOVES AND TINNERS' STOCK OF ALL KINDS
FOR SALE BY
EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO.

J. C. KIRKBRIDE'S DRUG STORE.
3500 Olive Street, St. Louis, Mo.
Allen and Herring's English Herbs and Extracts only used; also Wilson's Select Herbs, and only Squibb's Chloroform and Ergot used in Prescriptions.
A Select Stock of Hair Brushes, Combs, Soaps, Sponges, Mirrors, Perfumery, Fancy and Toilet Articles, both English and German.
Prescriptions Compounded by Graduates of Pharmacy, in English, German and French.

NOW THE EGYPTIAN WAR IS OVER!
And this is a time for peace. So you can come and get your choice of
CARPETS, FURNITURE, STOVES AND HEATERS, LACE CURTAINS,
Window Shades, on Monthly Payments or for Cash, at the Old Installment House of
McNICHOLS, Nos. 1017, 1019, 1022 and 1024 Market St
Open every evening until 9 o'clock.
Regilding and Picture Framing in Latest Styles and the Lowest Figures.

Bicycles & Velocipedes

Rubber Tyre Bicycles 26 in. to 50 in.
SIMMONS HARDWARE CO.

FOR RENT—STORES.
300 N. Main st.
102 N. Fourth st., ground floor.
1033 N. Main st., large building.
305 N. Fourth st., entire building.
CHAS. H. TURNER & CO.,
706 Pine st.

TARIFF COMMISSION NOTICE.

The commission appointed to "investigate all the various questions relating to the agricultural, commercial, mercantile, manufacturing, mining and industrial interests of the United States, so far as the same may be necessary to the establishment of a judicious tariff, on a scale of justice to all interests," being in the prosecution of its inquiries "empowered to visit such different portions and sections of the country as it may deem advisable," will sit at the Southern Hotel, St. Louis, on Monday and Tuesday, September 18 and 19.

Parties desiring to give testimony should present statements in chief in writing. Opportunity will be afforded for oral explanation.

JOHN L. HAYES,
President of the Tariff Commission.